"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, continued cool Thursday; Friday fair, warmer; light variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 14.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,591. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS.

SANDY HOOK'S GUNS ROAR FOR GOVERNORS

Executives of 28 States See a 12-Incher Make Bull's-Eyes at 12,000 Yards.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY CHAT

Speakers Give the Indemnity Companies Some Hard Raps and Suggest State Insurance.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., Sept. 13.—The Governors of twenty-eight States, some of them as far away from the Atlantic Coast defenses as Idaho, Oklahoma, and Montana, had an opportunity this afternoon to see one of the biggest guns at Sandy Hook fired four times at a target 12,000 yards off in the bay. Gov. Harlon E. Hay of Washington, still further away, was on hand with the others, but he has seen plenty of big gun firing before at the forts on the Pacific Coast.

Ex-Gov. Fort of New Jersey, who was Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements for the conference of Governors now being held here, had obtained an authorization from the War Department for the firing of one of the 12-inch disappearing breech-loaders in the battery of four at Fort Hancock, and all the Governors were eager to go. Most of them were accompanied by their wives or daughters.

They went from Spring Lake by special train, made up of private cars, and the observation locomotive of officials of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. The whole forward part of the locomotive is inclosed in glass with comfortable seats for passengers. Most of the women in the party rode in this glass-parlor affair, so that they would have a good chance to see the fine residences between here and Atlantic Highlands, especially in the vicinity of Long Branch. Five of the Governors rode on the observation locomotive also. They were from States where women suffrage has been introduced, or where it is seriously threatened.

When the special train got to Atlantic Highlands it was boarded by Col. John B. White, commandant of the fort, and his aids, Capt. Earl McFarland and Capt. F. H. Smith. The business appearance of these officers of the regular army evidently made an impression on the Commanners in Chief of the military forces of more than half the States in the Union.

The train was switched to the tracks of the Government railroad that runs out on Sandy Hook, giving the insurgents from the Middle West a taste of Government ownership and operation.

Salute for the Governors.

As the visitors left the train a squad of artillerymen fired seventeen guns, the Governor's salute, from a small cannon. The crowd streamed out to the fortifications where the four big guns are placed, and some of them began putting cotton in their ears at once. They showed no hesitation, however, in swarming over the ramparts where the officers led them. Gov. Wilson of New Jersey went about with an air of familiarity with the Sandy Hook establishment, and Gov. Harmon of Ohio betrayed no nervousness.

A dozen or so of the other candidates for the Democratic nomination for President bore themselves with varying degrees of nonchalance. The women showed no concern whatever. Before the actual firing a demonstration was given of the speed with which the big guns can be loaded, and the crew of one of them was put through its paces. The loading was done with a dummy projectile, made of wood.

Then the visitors moved down to the furthest of the four 12-inch guns which was to be fired. Meantime a target was being towed out in the bay from the shore further down. When it had been placed the gunner went to work finding the range, standing on the gun with his sighting instrument just clearing the ramparts. This seemed to consist largely of calling out mysterious numbers like the quarter back in a football game, and it took a good while. Meantime the visitors stood at one side and back of the gun.

Finally all was in readiness, and after a few sharp words of command to the crew the gun rose on its carriage, pointing its nose down the bay, and thundered in impressive fashion. Those who had sufficient presence of mind watched to see the shot strike. It was fifteen hundredths of a degree off. Nobody knew that when it sent up a shower of water just about where the target appeared, but the officers said so afterward.

After the first shot most of those who had put cotton in their ears took it out and stopped trying to raise themselves on tiptoe and open their mouths just as the shot was fired. They found the shock considerably less than they had imagined from reading about such things.

The officers explained that the shot was near enough the bull's-eye to have hit a cruiser if it had been where the target was.

There was some more range finding and the next shot made a theoretical bull's-eye. The other two shots were fired in quick succession. One of them was five-hundredths of a degree off and the other was a bull's-eye.

A $1,200 Entertainment.

These four shots cost $1,200. Each projectile weighed 1,046 pounds and it was propelled by four sacks of powder, weighing 69 pounds each. The target was 30 feet high and 60 feet long. It was 12,000 yards away. The range set for the first shot was 11,000 yards and for the others down to 10,500 yards, the difference as against the actual distance being due to allowance for atmospheric conditions.

The special train brought the Governors and the rest of the party back to Spring Lake in good season for dinner.

The military ardor of some of the Governors was so fired by their visit to Fort Hancock that, with an hour of daylight before them on their return to Spring Lake, a dozen of them decided to go down the road in the other direction to Sea Girt with Gov. Wilson, who is living there, to show their skill at marksmanship on the State rifle range. They took turns firing at a target at a distance of 200 yards, and while nobody hit the bull's-eye, several of them succeeded in hitting the target.

No official score was announced, but the participants in the contest decided that there was a tie for first place between Gov. Cruce of Oklahoma, Gov. Hay of Washington, Gov. McGovern of Wisconsin, and Gov. Vessey of South Dakota.

"Employers' Liability and Workingman's Compensation" was the subject discussed at the formal session of the Governors earlier in the day. Ohio, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Kansas have passed laws, not yet in effect, which will have to stand the test of submission to the courts. This was the chief point in the minds of the speakers, and several legal theories were promulgated as furnishing a basis for upholding the laws.

The general report was that manufacturers willingly accept the new liability, but the indemnity companies which have heretofore done a big business in insuring employers against loss in damage suits from accidents to workmen came in for some hard raps.

Since the new laws have been enacted these companies have greatly increased their rates, and several of the Governors expressed the opinion that some form of

Continued on Page 2.

POLL OF GOVERNORS ON 1912.

Republicans About Equally Divided Between Taft and La Follette.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., Sept. 13.—When not discussing questions of legislation in their formal conference here, the Governors, who are in convention here, get together in little groups often and talk politics—not their own personal politics, but the prospects for next year's Presidential campaign. It is rarely that they have such an opportunity to sound each other out on sentiment all over the Union, and evidently they appreciate it.

On the Democratic side it seems to be pretty well agreed that up to date the race for the nomination is between Gov. Wilson of New Jersey and Gov. Harmon of Ohio, who are frequently together and were seated side by side in some of the many photographs for which the Governors have posed.

As between the two there seems to be no clear-cut line of sentiment, and most of the other Democratic Governors will be equally well satisfied if either of them is selected as the party's standard bearer.

It is on the Republican side that real differences of opinion exist, for it is there that the party has already divided into regulars and insurgents, and the contest is on between Taft and La Follette.

There are thirteen Republican Governors here, and they are almost equally divided between the two candidates. Gov. Hadley of Missouri expects to have the delegates from that State for himself, and he says Missouri will also have a favorite son in the Democratic convention in the person of Champ Clark.

Gov. Bass of New Hampshire is not ready to declare himself for either Taft or La Follette. Of the remaining eleven these are for Taft: Tener of Pennsylvania, Glasscock of West Virginia, Willson of Kentucky, Hay of Washington, and Pothier of Rhode Island.

These are for La Follette: McGovern of Wisconsin, Carey of Wyoming, Vessey of South Dakota, Stubbs of Kansas, and Aldrich of Nebraska.

Gov. Hay of Washington said to-day that although his State is among those known as progressive, and the people believe warmly in policies advocated by La Follette, he believed Taft would get the delegates. This, he said, was due to the popularity of reciprocity and enthusiasm for the peace treaties.

Gov. Stubbs of Kansas, on the other hand, said reciprocity would do much to prevent Taft from getting the delegates from his State.

"Kansas is more progressive than ever," he said, "and we have only just started. Our delegates will be for La Follette."

Gov. Stubbs said the great demand in Kansas was for the recall of the Federal District Judges.

"I do not criticise the Supreme Court," he said, "but the conditions in the Federal courts in parts of the Middle West are intolerable."

Gov. Pothier of Rhode Island expresses the opinion that President Taft is one of the greatest Presidents America has ever had, and that he will be renominated and re-elected.

DENIAL BY FRENCH BANK.

Societe Generale Did Not Refuse Renewal of Loan to Deutsche Bank.

By Cable to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—We are informed that you published yesterday a cablegram stating that I have been in Berlin to withdraw the funds of my bank deposited there, and especially to refuse the renewal of a loan of 6,000,000f. to the Deutsche Bank.

I request you to rectify these statements, which are pure inventions.

LOUIS DORIZON,
General Manager of the Société Générale.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—The Société Générale positively denies the report that it has refused to renew a loan of 6,000,000f. ($1,200,000) to the Deutsche Bank. I am authorized by the Société to state that the loan never existed.

In view of the strained Franco-German relations, great importance is attached to the publication of this denial.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—The Deutsche Bank of Berlin telegraphed to the Société Générale asking its officials to deny the published statement that the Paris Bank had refused to renew a loan of $1,200,000 to the Deutsche Bank.

The transaction denied had been mentioned by one of the leading bankers of Paris and was assumed to be true when publicity was given to it.

The statement which the Société Générale contradicts was part of an Associated Press telegram sent from Paris on Sept. 11.

PLOT TO OUST WOMAN MAYOR

Mrs. Wilson of Hunnewell Tells of Petitions for Her Removal.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 13.—A plot is on foot in Hunnewell, Kan., to put out of office Mrs. Ella Wilson, the woman Mayor, according to a letter from Mrs. Wilson received by C. W. Trickett of Kansas City, Kan., this morning. Mr. Trickett, who has been appointed by Gov. Stubbs to help straighten out matters at Hunnewell, had requested Mrs. Wilson to send him a letter telling of the actions of the Councilmen Monday night. The letter, ten pages long, contains the speeches of the councilmen at the Monday night meeting, when they again refused to confirm Mrs. Wilson's appointments. With this letter was a shorter one, which refers to the effort to put her out of office. It is as follows:

> Dear Sir: To-day the whisky and gambling element circulated a petition to oust the Mayor and Council. In circulating these petitions these fellows made the statement to the public that the petitions were intended for the Councilmen alone, and thereby got a great many more signers than they would have done had they told the Truth. I understand they are going to place this petition in an attorney's hands to-morrow. I will let you know what I can find out in regard to the whisky dealers a little later. Mr. Trickett, there is no use in trying to do anything with this Council, therefore I hope that you can do something in regard to the matter.
> ELLA WILSON, Mayor.

Mrs. Wilson asked the Councilmen why they would not confirm the appointments and they refused to tell her.

"That's for me to know and you to find out," Mrs. Wilson quotes one Councilman as saying.

PINCHOT IN ALASKA.

Will Look Over Bering Sea Coal Fields with Senator Poindexter.

SEWARD, Alaska, Sept. 13.—Gifford Pinchot and United States Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington arrived at the Matanuska coal field on Saturday night.

They are expected to arrive here Friday and will sail immediately for Cordova to look over the Bering River coal fields and Controller Bay.

Sufferers from nervous disorders are greatly benefited by the use of Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Soothes, nourishes, and invigorates.—Adv.

FRENCH TAKE MORE CASH FROM GERMANY

Withdrawals Yesterday on Larger Scale Than Before—Sharp Advance in Exchange.

MOROCCO NOTE DISPATCHED

France's Reply on the Way to Berlin—Belgium Retains Troops Whose Term of Service Has Expired.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—The withdrawals of French money assumed much more serious proportions to-day, causing an unusually sharp advance in Paris sight exchange.

The movement, however, does not excite particular concern among Berlin financiers, because the Paris balances here have already been reduced to less than one-third the normal at the end of June.

It is assumed in some quarters that the Paris banks are acting on a hint from the French Government in order to bring pressure to bear in the Wilhelmstrasse to influence a speedy settlement of the Morocco dispute. This alleged plan, it is believed, will be wholly without effect upon the German Government.

In other quarters, however, no political significance is seen in the withdrawal of French money, as Paris is also recalling its balances in England, Switzerland, and Belgium, owing to the position of the French money market. The withdrawals locally are regarded as the less serious at this moment because the German balances in London and New York have recently been largely increased through sales of American securities.

Nevertheless, the advance in private discount rates to-day awakens apprehension at the Imperial Bank of Germany, which is under heavy pressure this week. The managers, it is reported, will probably decide in a few days to advance the bank rate.

In the past few days both at the Foreign Office and in social circles the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Herr von Kiderlen-Wächter, has expressed implicit confidence in a satisfactory settlement with France regarding Morocco. This confidence is reflected by the staff of the Foreign Office, who expect that the French answer to the latest German note will be received very soon.

The answer, it is believed, will accept part of the German proposals, leaving others for further negotiation. The officials scout the assertion that the reply of France will amount to an ultimatum.

It is explained that Germany's demand for an allotment of 30 per cent. in whatever railway and other concessions France obtains in Morocco has been wrongly interpreted abroad. This division, which Germany would also reciprocate toward France, does not touch concessions obtained by other countries. The latter are free to get whatever concessions may be obtained without sharing with Germany or France.

The Foreign Office regards this arrangement as fully within the terms of the Algeciras agreement and as not infringing the rights of outside powers.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—After President Fallières, at Rambouillet, to-day had given his formal sanction to the French reply to Germany's counter-proposals in the Moroccan negotiations the Foreign Minister, M. de Selves hurried back to Paris by motor car, and succeeded in the task of completing the transcription of the document, which was dispatched to Berlin by special courier at 10 P. M. Before the document was sent off M. de Selves had an interview with the British and Russian Ambassadors.

According to information from a reliable source, the reply is practically a revised and corrected version of the proposed Franco-German treaty relative to Morocco, which was submitted to the German Foreign Minister by the French Ambassador on Sept. 4. The German Government returned this treaty to M. Cambon, revised according to the requirements of Germany—that is to say, with a number of suppressions and additions. It is these that the French reply again revises, either reincorporating the articles suppressed by the Imperial Government or amending or deleting the articles inserted by that Government. The French reply accepts certain German demands which do not involve the question of principle.

As to the reasons which have inspired the French Government in its revision of Germany's amendments, they form the subject of a special memorandum, which is carried by the same courier. This will furnish the French Ambassador at Berlin with the grounds for any further explanations which Herr von Kiderlen-Wächter may request. The memorandum was specially prepared by Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador to Germany, and M. Regnault, the French Minister to Morocco.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 13.—An order was issued to-day retaining with the colors the soldiers who should be disbanded tomorrow, their service period having expired.

The new period of service has not yet been determined.

KAISER THANKS AIRMEN.

Manoeuvres End—Aviators Prominent Also in French War Game.

WALDECK, Mecklenburg-Strelitz, Sept. 13.—The imperial army manoeuvres ended this morning with the complete defeat of the invaders, who had sought to force a way to Berlin.

The enemy was caught in a converging attack by the two corps of Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz, in command of the defenders, and were severely handled. Given the same conditions in actual warfare it would be hardly possible for a foreign army to regain the coast.

After the order to cease firing had been given the Emperor assembled the officers for the usual criticism. The aviation officers who participated in the manoeuvres were thanked for their brilliant work by the Emperor. Both commanders, Field Marshal von der Goltz and Prince Friedrich Leopold, stated that they had based their strategy on the reports of the flying men. Baron von der Goltz mentioned particularly the achievement of Lieut. Meckenthun, who on the first day flew over the enemy's left and returned in half an hour with information which could have been obtained by cavalry only after hours of reconnoitering, accompanied with heavy losses.

In the course of the manoeuvres to-day the dirigible balloon "M. 3" caught fire and fell. The crew of seven men saved themselves by jumping as they neared

Continued on Page 2.

THE MAD MONK'S PROPHECY.

The strange priest who, after compelling the Procurator of the Holy Synod to resign, is now marching through Russia with a propaganda that recalls the days of Peter the Hermit. His story will be given in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

OFFER $75,000,000 FOR COTTON CROP

Southern Growers Hear That a Franco-English Syndicate Will Finance It.

12,500,000 BALES EXPECTED

Farmers' Cotton Is Valued at 15 Cents a Pound—Growers Want Inaccurate Crop Reports Discontinued.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 13.—President Charles S. Barrett of the National Farmers' Union to-day announced at the Southern Cotton Growers' Convention that a Franco-English syndicate has guaranteed any amount of money up to $75,000,000 toward financing the South's cotton crop, which is estimated at 12,500,000 bales.

Mr. Barrett added that a personal representative of the syndicate was ready to confer with the committee, and that he would name a committee of three members, one a Southern banker, and the other two members of the Farmers' Union. The details of the plan will be worked out by the committee. The syndicate is said to have agreed to loan the money at 6 per cent., the cotton to be put up as collateral.

The convention declared that farmers' cotton is worth 15 cents a pound, and resolved that the farmer should hold his cotton for that price. For financing the crop of this year, a resolution was adopted directing that the farmer deposit his cotton in a warehouse and use his receipt as collateral until he could sell his crop at not less than this price.

The convention resolved itself into a permanent organization and adjourned to meet again in Atlanta at the call of the President, E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture of South Carolina.

That the Federal Government be memorialized by the Cotton Growers' Convention to discontinue issuing all crop and acreage reports was the recommendation made in a paper on "The Science of Marketing Cotton," submitted by N. P. Blackwell of Dallas, Texas, to-day.

Mr. Blackwell also recommended that the ginning reports be suppressed if the Government cannot include in them accurate figures on stocks of cotton in spinners' warehouses.

These criticisms were made of the crop reports issued by the Federal Government.

"The whole thing is a farce," declared Commissioner of Agriculture Watson of South Carolina, "and we should no longer rely on the Government for a correct report."

The conference went on record as favoring only such action at present as would be of benefit to the crop of this year.

The estimate of this year's cotton crop of approximately 12,500,000 bales was recommended by the Committe on Statistics and adopted by the convention. This estimate was reached on figures presented to the committee at a call of States from others furnished by the National Farmers' Union at its recent convention at Shawnee, Okla., and by revised figures submitted here by President Charles S. Barrett of the Farmers' Union.

On the call of States the estimate arrived at reached only 11,217,000 bales. The estimate of the Farmers' Union at Shawnee, Okla., was 11,747,000 bales, and the revised estimate by President Barrett was 12,052,000 bales. An average was made of these three estimates and a percentage added for increased acreage, improved conditions, &c.

TO FINANCE TOBACCO POOL.

J. B. Haggin Will Aid Burley Society —$2,250,000 Factory to be Built.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 13.—James B. Haggin is reported to have virtually agreed to aid in financing the Burley Tobacco Society in its pooling arrangements. A committee has been appointed to arrange the final details.

Mr. Haggin, it is said, will assist in erecting a $2,250,000 manufactory. It is understood that many of the larger tobacco growers will also support the pool with their entire output.

FROM JAIL BY AEROPLANE.

Prisoner Building Machine to Fly Away in When Sentence Expires.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, Sept. 13.—Timothy Rafferty, aged 35, is serving a sixty days' sentence in the Dutchess County Jail for the theft of several articles from his employer, Frank Scott, at Verbank. In the spare moments, when he is not making hats and baskets or tidying up the jailer's office—for he is a "trusty"—Rafferty is now building a biplane in which he expects to glide off the Court House roof when his term ends.

He saw Atwood pass down the Hudson recently on his way from St. Louis to New York, and the desire to fly seized him. The prisoner has secured Sheriff Townsend's permission to use a portion of the Court House attic for a workshop, and it is there the man expects to complete his flying machine.

FISK'S WIDOW STRICKEN.

Has Led a Secluded Life in Boston Since the Stokes Tragedy.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 13.—Mrs. Lucy D. Fisk, widow of James Fisk, who was killed in New York by Edward S. Stokes in 1872, suffered a paralytic shock this morning at her home, 326 K Street, South Boston. She occupies a room in the home of Fred Bowker. About two months ago Mrs. Fisk had a first stroke from which she rallied.

Friends of Mrs. Fisk say her condition is not serious. She is 70 years of age, and has lived a retired, almost secluded, life in South Boston for more than twenty-five years.

$27.75 TO INDIANAPOLIS AND RETURN, Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets sold September 14, 15, 16 and 17, good returning to reach original starting point on or before September 27. Council Ticket Agents.—Adv.

DEAD WOMAN'S GEMS STOLEN BY A NURSE

Attendant for Mrs. Devereaux at Mamaroneck Took $3,500 in Jewels and Gowns.

LOOT FOUND IN HER ROOM

Arrested on a Charge of Shoplifting, the Nurse Confesses the Theft of the Other Articles.

Helen Watson, a trained nurse, who was arraigned in the Adams Street Court, Brooklyn, yesterday morning charged with stealing a shirtwaist valued at $3.50 from a Fulton Street department store, confessed her guilt later in her cell in the Raymond Street Jail to the more serious charge of having stolen jewelry and silks from the home of a patient on Monday.

The nurse was employed by Walter B. Devereaux, a mining operator, at his home at Mamaroneck, N. Y., to take care of his mother. Mrs. Devereaux died on Sunday after three months' illness, Miss Watson having attended her during that time. On Monday Miss Watson left the Devereaux home and the same day Mr. Devereaux discovered that $3,500 worth of silk gowns and jewelry belonging to his mother and family had been stolen.

Detectives Pucciano and Markey, who arrested the woman on the shoplifting charge, learned from her that she was formerly employed by Mr. Devereaux. The police did not then know where he lived and could not get any further information from their prisoner at that time. They recalled, however, that a man of that name living at Mamaroneck had reported the theft of his property to the police there, and the Brooklyn Detective Bureau immediately sent for a description of the missing articles.

The two detectives went to 157 Congress Street, where Miss Watson boarded, and found there jewelry, silk dresses, and silverware said to be valued at $5,000. They took it all to the Brooklyn Detective Bureau, and when a description of Mr. Devereaux's missing property was received it was seen that it tallied with a large amount of the property found in Miss Watson's room.

Mr. Devereaux came to Brooklyn hurriedly, and at the Detective Bureau he identified a gold brooch set with fifty pearls, a pearl necklace studded with amythysts, two silk gowns belonging to his mother, and three pieces of silk. A receipt ticket from a jeweler was also found for a diamond-studded ring. Mr. Devereaux went to his establishment and identified the ring as his. He valued it at $1,000. Another receipt ticket from a Brooklyn jeweler for a diamond brooch was found among the articles in Miss Watson's room. Mr. Devereaux identified this as his, and set a value of $900 on it.

Accompanied by the detectives Mr. Devereaux went to the Raymond Street Jail. He pointed Miss Watson out to the detectives as the nurse whom he employed to take care of his mother. When she was confronted by Devereaux and accused of the theft of his property she broke down and confessed.

Miss Watson is 24 years old. She is tall and to all appearances a person of refinement. She said she came from Chicago and that her family formerly lived on the Heights in Brooklyn. She had nothing to say about the larceny charge, but pleaded absent-mindedness as an excuse for taking the shirtwaist from the department store. She said that she put the article under her arm intending to go to another counter to make purchases.

Miss Amy Wren, a Brooklyn woman lawyer, defended Miss Watson in court. The lawyer told Magistrate Harris that she had known Miss Watson for two years, and that on this account she appeared voluntarily to defend her. Miss Wren eulogized the prisoner's character. She said Miss Watson had a good reputation for honesty. The Magistrate held the accused woman in $500 bail for Special Sessions.

Miss Watson's ambition was to become a violinist. While she worked at her profession as a trained nurse she devoted a great deal of her time to music and was said to be accomplished in that art. Until a year ago she was a supervisor of nurses in the Long Island College Hospital.

Among the articles found in her room in Congress Street were a silver sugar bowl and cream pitcher. Each of the articles was marked "L. I. C. H." The police did not learn from her how she came into the possession of this property.

ATWOOD FINED FOR SPEEDING

Costs the Aviator $5 to Drive 28 Miles an Hour in Fifth Avenue.

Harry N. Atwood was driving an automobile north in Fifth Avenue, near Fifty-first Street, last night, when Policeman Saber stopped him and handed him a summons to appear in the Yorkville Police Court this morning to answer a charge of speeding at the rate of twenty-eight miles an hour between Forty-eighth and Fiftieth Streets.

"Oh, shucks!" exclaimed Atwood, "why don't you arrest me and take me to Night Court? I've got to go to Mineola to take part in an aviation meet tomorrow."

"All right," answered the policeman, "I'll oblige you. Come along."

Atwood was arraigned before Magistrate O'Connor, who asked if he had been speeding.

"I don't know, Judge," responded Atwood. "I haven't any speedometer on my car."

"Will you deny that you were going as fast as the officer says, who timed you?"

"No, I won't," declared Atwood.

"Five dollars, then," said the Magistrate.

Atwood paid the fine. When leaving the court he said he had not made up his mind yet whether or not to compete for the $50,000 Hearst prize for a flight from coast to coast.

DAY LETTERS PROFITABLE.

Credited with Causing Western Union's Increased Business for Quarter.

Largely because of the increased business brought in by the "day letter" system, which has been in operation on the Western Union Telegraph Company's lines since March, and the continued growth of the "night letter" business, in operation for more than a year, the estimated net earnings of the company for the quarter ended Sept. 30 show an increase over those of the same period of 1910 of $279,134.

The net earnings were $2,220,200, against $1,941,066 last year, $1,929,275 in 1909, and $1,884,935 in 1908. A representative of the company said yesterday that large expenditures have been made in improving plant and extending service, so the net showing does not represent proportionately the gain.

After the payment of bond interest of $434,062 for the quarter, and of $747,887 dividends there remained a surplus of $1,038,251, against $790,294 for the same quarter in 1910. J. P. Morgan attended the meeting of the Directors yesterday.

THREE TO ONE ON LAURIER.

Even Money That He Will Have 30 Majority—Nominations To-day.

TORONTO, Sept. 13.—The election campaign is causing increased excitement as the day of election draws near. The rival leaders, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden, have now gone to their home constituencies in Quebec and Nova Scotia respectively.

The nominations for the House of Commons will be made in all the constituencies throughout Canada to-morrow.

The odds in favor of the re-election of the Laurier Government have lengthened, and even money is now offered that the Liberals will have a majority of thirty, while three to one is freely offered, with few takers, that the Government will be returned.

That Ontario will continue to return a majority of Conservatives is admitted by both parties. In the last House Ontario had 51 Conservatives to 35 Liberals, so that it is hardly to be expected that the Liberals will obtain a majority. They believe, however, that the present Conservative majority in Ontario will be reduced by three or four.

BROOKS COMET IN SIGHT.

Look for It About 20 Degrees Northwest of Vega.

GENEVA, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Brooks comet is now plainly visible to the naked eye, about 20 degrees northwest of Vega, the bright star overhead in the early evening. The comet's appearance is that of a round nebulous star.

With the aid of a telescope or opera glass a tail can be seen which will increase in length, for several weeks to come. Dr. Brooks, the discoverer, says the comet will be nearest the earth next Sunday, when it will be something over forty million miles away. The motion now is westerly.

TROOPS KILL PORTUGUESE.

Many Casualties on Both Sides in Battle with Rioters Near Oporto.

LISBON, Via the Frontier, Sept. 13.—The Diario Noulcias says that a serious fight has taken place at Amarante, 38 miles northeast of Oporto.

Troops quartered there were attacked by the people, the exchange of bullets being long continued.

Many persons were killed or wounded. The troops had to be reinforced twice before they gained the mastery.

NEW CABLES TO LIFT TAFT.

St. Louis City Club Making Elevators Safe for President's Visit.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—President Taft's visit to this city ten days from to-day will embrace among other functions luncheon at the City Club, which has quarters in a downtown office building.

To insure the personal safety of the President in ascending to the banquet room, new cables have been ordered for the elevators.

20 LABOR LEADERS INDICTED.

Charged with Causing the Dynamiting of Cars During Railroad Strike.

BUTLER, Penn., Sept. 13.—Twenty labor leaders and former employes of the Pittsburgh, Butler, Harmony & Newcastle Electric Road were indicted for conspiracy by the Grand Jury to-day.

It is charged that the men caused the dynamiting of trolley cars during a strike against the railroad company. J. J. Thorpe of this city, International Vice President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, is one of the defendants.

CAVALRY OFFICER DIVORCED.

Wife of Lieut. Col. Cheever Obtains Decree at Leavenworth, Kan.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 13.—A decree of divorce was granted in the District Court here to-day to Mrs. Elizabeth H. Cheever, now of Chicago, from Lieut. Col. Benjamin H. Cheever, Third U. S. Cavalry. The allegations were neglect, extreme cruelty, and desertion. The plaintiff was awarded $110 monthly alimony.

Lieut. Col. Cheever has been living in Chicago since his disappearance from here several months ago. Mrs. Cheever notified the War Department, and a country-wide search was conducted for the missing officer, who finally was found in Chicago.

SPRINGFIELD STORM-SWEPT.

Illinois City Is Badly Damaged by Three Successive Hurricanes.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 13.—This city was badly damaged by three successive heavy wind storms which occurred early this morning.

The streets are impassable because of thousands of fallen trees. Cellars and streets are flooded and trolley lines all over the city being down, street car service is at a standstill. No loss of life has been reported.

MORE TOADSTOOL DEATHS.

Two Succumb to Eating Them in Rhode Island—Another Dying.

WESTERLY, R. I., Sept. 13.—Two persons are dead and another is dying here as the result of eating toadstools in the belief that the poisonous fungi were mushrooms.

Mrs. Frank Murano gathered the toadstools and distributed them among her neighbors, and shortly after eating them on Monday she died. To-day Nicolo Salcono, who lived in the same block, died, and Mrs. Rosie Caprone, a third victim, is not expected to live.

INDIAN CHIEF EXECUTED.

Juan Guerrero Said to Have Been Lured to Mexico by Government.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 13.—Juan Guerrero, noted Cucapas Indian war chief and reputed bandit, was executed in Ensenada, Lower California, last Friday, according to word brought to Los Angeles from the peninsula capital yesterday. Couriers bearing the news set out last night for Campo, on the Mexico-California boundary, where a band of about sixty Cucapas are said to be waiting for the return of their chieftain.

Guerrero left Los Angeles for Ensenada ten days ago against the advice of friends. His visit was said to have been prompted by a promise from the Mexican Government to treat with him over the restitution of lands formerly belonging to his tribe. Couriers who brought back word of his death said that he was arrested as he left the Ensenada wharf.

A NOTEWORTHY OPPORTUNITY.

Just now the Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co.—of 6th Av. at 18th and 19th Sts.—is conducting a sale of dining tables and buffets of exceptional importance. A conspicuous feature of this event is the dispersal of a manufacturer's sample line. There is only one table or buffet of a kind—no duplicates. The prices are at an exceptionally low point.—Adv.

FASHION'S WORKERS STRIKE, 8,000 STRONG

Women's Tailor-Made Trade, Except in Department Stores, at a Standstill, Leaders Say.

SOCIETY WILL HAVE TO WAIT

Parade Through Fifth Avenue Calls the Strikers Out in Turn—Police So Surprised They Did Nothing.

The signal from their leaders calling them out on a general strike, which they voted to wait for at their mass meeting on Tuesday night, was flashed at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon to the 8,000 men and women engaged in the business of manufacturing tailor-made gowns for women of fashion.

The strike order, which was shouted aloudu and circulated on red handbills in English, Italian, and Yiddish, brought streaming into Fifth Avenue about 5,000 men and women from the most fashionable tailoring shops on that thoroughfare. As the workers from the uptown section marched southward they stopped in front of each shop where their fellow union members were employed and held an impromptu demonstration. By the time the workers had reached Forty-second Street their numbers were swollen until they were already more than 2,000, and at Thirtieth Street they had more than doubled that number.

The parade was organized so quickly and completed its march so expeditiously that the police had no time to look up the matter of permits or to attempt extensive interference. There were a few songs heard in the line, the "Marseillaise" leading the others in point of popularity.

An American flag hanging from the second story window of the brownstone house at 43 East Twenty-second Street attracted the marchers to their temporary headquarters in the offices of the Women's Trades Union League, from which point they proceeded in organized groups to various halls designated as headquarters through the strike period. The plan for keeping the workers together calls for constant meetings at these headquarters, where Socialist and labor speakers will discuss the propaganda of their organizations.

When a poll of the strikers was made by Solomon Rosman, the strike's general organizer, it was found that the response had been general in the Bronx and Brooklyn, and included every shop in Manhattan except the ladies' tailoring sections of the big department stores.

The Merchants' Society, composed of the employers, took some heart from the fact that the department store tailors had not joined the strike, and also that some of the most experienced men promised their employers on departing to join the strikers that they would work for peace and were not in favor of the general order which they found themselves obliged to obey.

At the strike headquarters the leaders insisted that the failure of the department store tailors to come out was by no means an indication that the forces of the strikers were weak, but was merely a matter of tactics, the union leaders having decided to leave the department store forces alone to await a second call, which they said would be issued within a very few days if a peaceable settlement is not arrived at.

There was no disorder after the shops had been deserted. In their speeches the leaders warned the strikers to remain closely within the various halls hired for them and to attempt no demonstrations in the streets unless called out by their general leaders. The number of tailors on strike was a subject of controversy. Reports from the employers affected, made to Secretary Bartholemew of their society, placed the number at 7,000. The union leaders asserted that 10,000 was a conservative estimate, and that during the day the union membership had jumped from 4,000 to 6,000.

On one subject both sides were agreed. This was that the women who have been counting on buying their new Fall gowns in New York for the approaching social season will encounter serious difficulties in having their orders filled unless there is a speedy adjustment.

It was explained by the employers, and their statements were corroborated by the strikers, that from now until Oct. 20 is the height of the season for exclusively patterned gowns. In recent years the habit of buying gowns abroad has been largely abandoned by women of fashion. Instead they allow the buyers for the exclusive houses to do their European shopping for them. This season the buyers went abroad in July, bringing back about forty model dresses from each of the best houses of Paris, London, and Vienna. From these models they expected their customers to chose the most attractive next month, for delivery before Nov. 1.

"And we chose the psychological moment to strike," declared Organizer Rosman, "when we knew we would either break our employers or force them to come to our terms and sign the contracts we have submitted to them." He then ran over the names of many women of social prominence, offering to bring to the reporter men and women who had personally worked on the gowns which they wore at New York and Newport. A customer whom the tailors mentioned with great pride was Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. One of their first projected plans is to make an appeal to her to help their cause among the women buyers.

The gradual development of New York as a great workshop of fashion has much to do with the power of the strikers to embarrass their employers.

"Fany a woman," said one employer, "hurrying on the limited to Chicago to have a gown made she had counted on purchasing on Fifth Avenue. You see, it can't be done. The artists in tailored gownmaking are now in New York. You see, a dressmaker like Worth on the other side makes up 500 models a season. We buy the forty we like best and when the fame of those forty begins to spread. We bring them here, show them, and maybe five become distinct successes, as the style is established.

"Now, lately we have been importing the tailor artists more than the gowns. We have enticed the artists here with more money than the famous Continental tailors paid them, and these artists we paid by piecework. Maybe 500 of them in all made an average of $80 per week. They were grand people, and out of fear they have marched out with the 6,700 others, who were the mediocre folk. The women of fashion knew we had the artists, and that is why they came to Fifth Avenue instead of going to Paris. And ah, what a pity for those artists to have to march with the others and see all their work put on the dead level with the worst!"

The strikers, in answer to the statement that the more artistic tailors had come along through fear, exhibited the totals of a referendum vote taken in July throughout the trade. It showed that of 2,000 votes cast only 78 were in favor of continuing the piecework system, through which the most skilled workmen attained the largest pay envelopes.

The number of shops affected by the strike is placed at 800, of which 600 are comparatively small and 100 are among the largest shops in America, employing from 50 to 100 tailors each. The tailors received an average wage of $22 a week for the season, working nine hours a day. The demands, on which their leaders say they will not compromise, include an eight-hour day, $28 a week as a minimum, double pay for overtime, Saturday afternoons off and the abolition of sub-odds and basement shops.

For the employers, Secretary Barthole mew said that there would be no immediate effort to reopen negotiations with the workmen as the employers consider it the best policy to let the strike spirit wear itself out.

FIRST AIRMAN LOSES HIS WAY TO PACIFIC

In an All-Day Flight Young Ward Zigzags Back and Forth Over New Jersey.

GETS ONLY EIGHTEEN MILES

At Paterson, N. J., Last Night, After a Call in the Oranges and a Flight Over Bayonne—His Start.

James J. Ward, the young Chicago aviator, who hopes to win the $50,000 Hearst prize that will go to the man who flies from coast to coast, started his flight yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from Governors Island. It was nearly 7 in the evening when he finished his flying for the day. During that interval he had spent more than half the time in the air, and yet darkness found him no further from Governor's Island than Paterson, N. J., a distance of about 18 miles. The loss of precious time and the waste of all his effort was due in part to his losing his way in the maze of railroad tracks that radiate from Jersey City and in part to the stiff, chill winds which beset him in the neighborhood of the Oranges. Besides, he started on the thirteenth of the month.

When Ward was talking over his prospects on Tuesday he let it be known that he had hopes of reaching Buffalo at the close of the first day of his cross-country flight. And when he started up in the air from Governors Island yesterday morning some such idea may have still lingered in his mind. But his schedule simply called for his reaching Susquehanna, in Pennsylvania, near the New York line. His wife, who was among the cheering hundreds to see him off, was to go on by train and meet him last night in Susquehanna.

But Ward's first day fell far short of his great expectations, and at its close he was far from Susquehanna. He had spent the day in and around and above the New Jersey suburbs of New York.

Ward left Governors Island in fine style. He rose in the air to the speeding cheers of many people on the island, and from the Battery and along the Hudson there were thousands to add their voices to the shrieks of the whistles and the uproar of the river and harbor craft. As he jumped into his seat, Major Gen. Grant, Commander of the Department of the East, placed in his hand a letter to the Commander of the military post at Los Angeles, at which place he may decide to make the final landing, if he reaches the other side of the continent. Hudson Maxim was the starter, and Ward left the island with a twenty-mile breeze working for him.

It was his plan to sail over Jersey City, selecting the Erie station as a starting point to pick up and follow a gayly, flag-bedecked locomotive that was to be his pilot. He reached Jersey City, flying steadily at a very respectable height. But it was in that great city or terminals that he made his first and most costly blunder. He singled out the Lackawanna tracks instead of the Erie, and was soon flying over unfamiliar territory without a pilot.

This led him off in the direction of Newark, which city he approached from a great height and circled several times. Then he headed, all unconsciously, for Bayonne, and without coming to earth he started west past Elizabeth, and about 11 o'clock, feeling pretty sure by this time that he had lost his bearings, he made a perfect landing in a big field at Ashbrook, a small town between Elizabeth and Plainfield.

He reached there two hours after he left Governor's Island. The answers to his first inquiries of Ashbrook folk confirmed his suspicions, and when he learned that he was on the line of the Lehigh Valley he asked for the nearest town on the Erie. Some one told him Paterson, and after lunching at the home of the Ashbrooks, the people who owned the field where he landed, he was ready to start, undiscouraged, for Paterson. He sailed away from Ashbrook about 2 in the afternoon.

Then he made his way to the Oranges, but here the winds battered and baffled him, and he lost his bearings again in a succession of detours. His Curtiss biplane worked to his entire satisfaction, but the wind twisted and turned him at pleasure. All afternoon he hovered and circled about the Oranges, and finally he was obliged to come to earth at East Orange, almost within hailing distance of the point he passed in the early part of his morning flight. This was nearly 6 o'clock. His descent was made additionally necessary by a gust of wind that came at him out of the mountains.

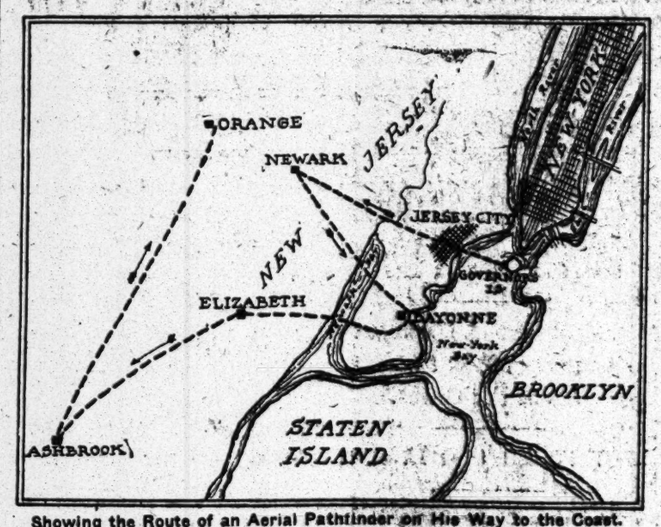
When he felt that the winds were a little more favorable, and having satisfied himself as to the location of the elusive and mysterious Paterson, the young flier rose into the air once more, and as he left the ground a large group of people gave him good cheer and wished him good luck. At 6 he passed over East Orange, in the direction of Paterson and the Erie Road. At 6:30 he flew over Passaic at a height of about 200 feet and flying fast. Fifteen minutes later he descended on Paterson.

The landing was made in a large open field on the slope of the Garrett Mountain just over the city line and opposite the homes of William B. Gourley and Catholina Lambert.

"I might have known better than to start on the thirteenth of the month, although I never was superstitious before," he reflected gloomily as he climbed out of his machine. "I saw the light of Lambert's Castle when I was miles away and I headed straight for the light, because I knew the castle was in Paterson."

He explained that part of his trouble had been due to the necessity of flying at a great height. The wind was swifter in the lower altitudes, and beside this, the smoke down below was so dense that he had to get out of it. It was this that sent him up 2,500 feet, he said, and it was the distance that made the Lehigh Valley look like the Erie.

Ward's Start for California



Showing the Route of an Aerial Pathfinder on His Way to the Coast.

5,000 WATCHING FOR WARD.

Middletown Expects Him, Having Agreed to Pay for His Visit.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Expecting every moment to get a sight of Aviator Ward, 5,000 persons assembled in Aviation Lot, on the outskirts of the city, this morning before 10 o'clock and remained until nightfall. The hills and housetops of this city were also crowded with people for hours.

Ward had arranged to stop, the business men of the city having agreed to pay him $200. Everybody was airship crazy. The crowd will be on hand tomorrow.

RELIC HUNTERS DELAY FOWLER.

Crowd Carry Off Available Parts of Aviator's Wrecked Machine.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, Cal., Sept. 13.—Aviator Fowler, who met with disaster yesterday in his attempt to cross the Sierras, on his way by aeroplane across the continent, was busy to-day with the wreck of his machine, and hopes to get in shape to resume the flight within two or three days.

The damage done by the accident has been materially increased by souvenir hunters, who have removed many available parts of the machine. Early this morning a carload of aeroplane parts which had been waiting at Reno was brought to the little station of Alta, near which the wrecked machine lies.

A machine which was sent to Ogden to be ready for emergency, was packed on a train to-day and is now on the way to California.

Fowler said to-day:

"I expect to be on the wing again in a day or two. In my schedule across the continent I have a leeway of ten days, as I have figured on reaching New York in twenty days' actual flying time. Even with a handicap of three or four days lost at this time I shall have plenty of time to cover the distance at the speed I calculated on at the start."

AVIATOR DROWNED.

Ohio Excursion Boat's Swell Upsets Skiff with Bridges and Machine Aboard.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 13.—George Bridges, the aviator, who came to Cincinnati to give exhibition flights during the celebration of the completion of the Fernbank dam, was drowned to-night while crossing the Ohio River in a rowboat with his machine. An excursion boat, carrying the delegates to the convertion of stationary engineers, passed Bridges's craft in the centre of the channel and the swell from it upset the little skiff. Bridges, entangled in the blades of his machine, sank.

Several people on board the steamer say they heard Bridges cry for help, but before assistance could be rendered he disappeared.

Fate seems to have been against Bridges since he came to Cincinnati. The failure of several parts of his machine to arrive last Saturday prevented him from making a flight. He later made an attempt to do so, but was unsuccessful. It is not known why Bridges attempted to cross the river in a skiff with the aeroplane aboard.

Bridges's home is in Kalamazoo, Mich., where he leaves a wife and two children. Up to a late hour to-night the body had not been recovered.

FLIES IN HIS OWN MONOPLANE.

Dr. Walden Gives an Exhibition in a Machine Built by Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Aviators in this section were enthusiastic to-night over the success of Dr. Henry M. Walden of New York in building an all-American monoplane that will fly. Dr. Walden made his first flight here to-night. He has had the aviation fever for two years. Last year he narrowly escaped death while running a machine of his own make.

Not discouraged, however, he kept on experimenting, and while others were in the air he was in his workshop.

To-day a member of the Moisant camp was trying out his machine and became lost to view. Walden, in the machine on which he has been working the last four weeks, located him and brought back word to the Moisant school. Then he climbed into his machine again and flew to Nassau Boulevard, where he received an ovation. Later, he returned the way he had come.

Sopwith was flying at Nassau Boulevard to-day, and Claude Grahame-White is also here.

MRS. JOHNSTONE, AVIATOR.

Widow of Man Who Was Dashed to Death to Try for License.

Although leading aviation schools have steadfastly refused to teach feminine pupils at any price, women are gradually forcing their way into the hazardous game, and followers of the sport are discussing with interest to-day the report that Mrs. Ralph Johnstone of Kansas City, whose husband was killed at Denver, is soon coming to New York to master the craft that widowed her. It is understood that she will take lessons at the aviation colony on Long Island with a view to becoming a licensed professional aviator.

There are only two licensed women aviators in this country at present—Miss Mathilde Moisant and Miss Harriet Quimby—both of whom are now on Long Island.

VEDRINES SLIGHTLY HURT.

Famous Aviator Has a Mishap—His Machine Partly Wrecked.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—While making a flight at Hericourt to-day Jules Vedrines, winner of the Paris-Madrid and other noted aviation events, met with an accident which resulted in the partial wrecking of his machine.

Vedrine's personal injuries were only trifling.

DRIVES OVER CHILD, FLINGS BODY AWAY

Frightened Teamster Tries to Hide Dying 3-Year-Old Boy His Wheels Had Crushed.

MOB NEARLY KILLS HIM

Child Ran In Front of Joseph Plushinski's Horses and Coroner Frees Him of Blame for Death.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, N. Y., Sept. 13.—After driving over and fatally injuring three-year-old Joseph Sunek, Joseph Plushinski, employed as a driver by the Belle Isle Brick Company of this village, picked up the dying child and threw it into a clump of bushes by the roadside. When the body of the child, still living, was discovered Plushinski's fellow-workmen attacked him with stones and sticks, and were with difficulty prevented from killing him on the spot. He was arrested, but later discharged at the instance of the Coroner.

Plushinski was leaving the yards with a wagonload of brick, which he was transferring from the kiln to the storehouse in the Belle Isle yards. Little Joseph Sunek was playing in front of his parents' house, which is near the yards, when the driver passed with his wagon. The little boy ran out into the road directly in front of the horses, and before Plushinski could stop the animals had fallen beneath the horses' feet. The wheels of the heavy loaded wagon passed over the child's body and head, and both were crushed.

The driver believed that the child had been instantly killed, when he saw blood rushing from its nose, ears, and mouth. Demoralized by sheer fright Plushinski jumped from his wagon, picked the child up in his arms and carried it to a clump of bushes by the roadside and threw the body over an embankment. There it was discovered, still living, in less than a half hour and taken to the home of the child's parents by a workman in the yards. Dr. H. S. Bontecou was called, but the boy died soon after the physician's arrival.

Meantime the news of the finding of the body had spread among the several hundred employes of the yard, most of whom are Polish and Italian workmen, and it was not long before responsibility for the child's death was fastened on Plushinski. The men were so enraged by the driver's action that they sought him out at one end of the yard and attacked him with clubs and stones, and seriously injured him. Only the interference of David Belle Isle, son of the owner of the yards, kept the incensed workmen from killing Plushinski on the spot.

The local police were then notified, and Capt. John P. Mara and Sergt. Michael Dewan hurried to the yard, arrested Plushinski, and brought him to the station house, not without considerable difficulty. At the police station a physician found that the driver's arm had been broken, and that he had several bad cuts about the face and head. The man was locked up, but later discharged on the recommendation of Coroner Haight, who, upon investigation, found that the child had run in front of the team and Plushinski could not have avoided the accident.

Asked why he handled the child so brutally Plushinski told the police that after injuring the baby he was so excited that he carried the body to the bushes to avoid being detected.

70,000 TONS OF COAL BURN.

Defective Motor Starts Boston Fire Which Destroys Wharves.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—Thousands of tons of coal went up in smoke when the coal wharves and pockets of the Batchelder Brothers and the F. C. Warren Coal Companies in South Boston were destroyed by fire late to-day.

The high northerly wind carried the flames in the direction of many large manufacturing plants and tenement buildings, but the fire was confined to the coal structures, which held 70,000 tons of hard and soft coal. The total loss is estimated at $75,000.

The fire is believed to have been caused by a defective motor. The five-masted schooner Margaret Haskell, which was tied up at the Warren Wharf, was towed to a safe place in Fort Point Channel, undamaged.

GIVES MAINE 'WETS' A MAJORITY OF 202

Secretary of State so Announces and Prohibition Paper Concedes "Dry" Defeat.

OFFICIAL COUNT MUST TELL

Prohibitionist Warns State Official Against Using "Count-Out Methods" in Canvassing the Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, Sept. 14.—Early this morning Secretary of State Cyrus W. Davis announced that he had tabulated all the official reports that had come through his office from town clerks, including all but fourteen voting precincts in the State. He had received unofficial reports from these fourteen precincts, which coincided with the press reports from the same places.

"Based on these returns, which at present I will call unofficial," said Mr. Davis, "I compute a majority of 202 for the repeal of the prohibitory movement."

The real result of the election will not be known until the official count is made.

All day long yesterday the mathematicians of the newspapers and news service all over the State were busy figuring out "wet" and "dry" majorities.

Since 5 o'clock on Monday night when the polls closed the people of the Pine Tree State have been kept in a frenzy of excitement by conflicting reports. First the "wets" and then the "drys" running hot with the flush of predicted victory or cold with the chill of defeat.

The biggest bomb yet was exploded when The Express Advertiser, a prohibition organ, owned by Col. Fred N. Dow, the son of Gen. Neal Dow, father of prohibition, predicted a victory for the "wets" by a majority of 546 votes. They based the estimate on the figures copied by one of their representatives from the returns of Town Clerks sent to the Secretary of State's office. To the sum totals of "wets" and "drys" from 499 of the 521 towns and cities in the State was added The Associated Press figures for the 22 remaining towns. George W. Norton, Secretary of the No-License League, conceded these figures.

The Eastern Argus a "wet" publication, agreed with The Express-Advertiser in predicting a "wet" victory, but by the smaller margin of 100 votes.

The first personal attack of the campaign came to-night when J. R. Libby, a department store merchant of this city, and one of the most prominent prohibition leaders in the State, wrote a letter to Secretary of State Davis warning him against any "count out" methods.

Secretary Davis sent a strong letter in reply, terming Libby's letter a yellow-hued attack on a public official.

PLAISTED HEARS "WETS" WIN.

Governor's Secretary Says Prohibitionists Were Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., Sept. 13.—Gov. Plaisted of Maine, on his return this afternoon from Sandy Hook, where he went with the other Governors attending the conference, received several telegrams from his private secretary and others advising him that the wets had won after all. One of the telegrams said the Secretary of State declared the Prohibitionists had been beaten by a small margin, and that a clerk in the secretary's office, who is himself a prohibitionist, conceded the defeat of his side by 20 votes.

Gov. Plaisted explained that the returns received by the Secretary of State were direct from the town clerks, and were less open to error than the same figures when transmitted by telephone and otherwise to press associations.

"I shall start for Maine at the earliest possible moment," said Gov. Plaisted. "I am sorry to leave here, but Maine is the place I should be in view of this close result. I must get in touch with the situation, and shall probably arrange for the official count of the returns earlier than the date I had set. That was Sept. 28, for which date I had called a meeting of the Governor's council. Now I shall call an earlier meeting as soon as all the returns have been received by the council. With the result so close there must be great excitement, and it is due to the people of Maine that the result be officially determined and announced as soon as possible."

Gov. Plaisted was asked whether if the prohibitionists had really been beaten he would move immediately for the local option legislation contemplated. He said it was too early yet and the result too much in doubt for him to discuss the prospects in that direction.

Alderman Marx Gives a Festival.

Alderman Samuel Marx, who is contesting the leadership of the Thirty-first Assembly District, now held by William J. Wright, Deputy Commissioner of Charities, held a Summer night's festival at the Manhattan Casino, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, last night. It was given under the name of the Owasco Club, an organization fostered by Marx to help his leadership fight.

FRENCH TAKE MORE CASH FROM GERMANY

Continued from Page 1.

the ground. The airship was almost destroyed. The accident appears to have been due to a defective motor, which caused an explosion in the gas chamber. The craft fell rapidly, but none of its occupants was seriously injured.

BELFORT, Sept. 13.—The Autumn manoeuvres of the French army were brought to a close to-day with the burning of much gunpowder in an early morning battle which raised the hypothetical investment of Belfort.

Premier Caillaux, the Minister of War, and other distinguished persons, witnessed the spectacle from an elevation overlooking the field of operations. The aeroplanists did not figure in the finish, as they had been driven from the air by high winds.

The aviators were presented to the Premier. The scouting done by them appears to have been remarkable. From heights varying from 2,000 to 3,000 feet they noted every movement of the troops during daylight, and reported the location of all the batteries except such as were hidden by forests.

SPANISH VICTORY IN MOROCCO.

Eighteen Spaniards Slain, While Tribesmen Lose Over 600 Men.

MADRID, Sept. 13.—An undated telegram from Melilla, Morocco, which had been delayed by the censor and was received here to-day, reads:

"The losses to the Spaniards in the action yesterday were 18 killed and 77 wounded. The losses to the tribesmen were about 600 or 700. A complete Spanish victory."

FRENCH ROUT TRIBESMEN.

Moors Suffer Heavy Loss—Six of the French Force Killed.

TANGIER, Sept. 13.—A column, led by French officers, has had a fierce fight with rebellious tribesmen between Fez and Safru.

The tribesmen were routed with heavy loss.

The column lost six killed and ten wounded. Lieut. Prieux was among the latter.

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597 Broad St., near Hahne's, Newark

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HIS WIRELESS FIANCEE HERE.

Mr. Haugh Meets Miss Castaigne on a French Liner and They'll Wed To-day.

One of the first to board the French liner Bretagne yesterday morning was James Guy Haugh, a young manufacturer of Indianapolis. His haste was to meet Marguerite Castaign, a daughter of Col. Jean Castaign of the French Army. The love story of Mr. Haugh is unusual, for he did his courting by wireless.

Mr. Haugh went to France in June in the steamship Niagara. In the same steamship was Miss Castaign, who had been visiting friends in America. They met and the Indianapolis man straightway lost his heart and his courage. He visited the parents of the young woman, but it was not until the shores of France were disappearing as the steamship Franconia sped toward America that he sent his proposal.

To his wireless query, "Will you marry me?" he found upon the arrival of the Franconia at Boston a cable from Miss Castaign.

"I certainly will," replied she.

The Bretagne was late in getting to her pier, and every day when possible a wireless message was received by Miss Castaign. So when the Bretagne got to her pier Mr. Haugh, accompanied by George F. Kerr of this city, was impatiently waiting.

Mr. Haugh and Miss Castaign went at once to the Marriage License Bureau in the City Hall. Mr. Haugh gave his occupation as a manufacturer, 29 years old, the son of J. R. Haugh and Ione Terrell. Miss Castaign said she was 25 and lived at La Rochelle, France. They plan to be married to-day by the Rev. George Peck in St. Andrew's Methodist Episcopal Church in West Seventy-sixth Street.

Art Needlework HENRY HESSE
Exhibit of Art Needlework—On the Balcony.
YARNS Sixth Ave. 399—24 & 25 St

WON'T SALUTE THE FLAG.

State of New Jersey's Attention Called to the Case of a Britisher's Daughter.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Sept. 13.—Fourteen-year-old Catharine Audsley, on the advice of her parents, flatly refused to-day to salute the flag and also ridiculed the Constitution of the United States. It was the first case of the kind in the history of New Jersey, according to the local school authorities. The girl's father is a British subject.

Audsley is a terra cotta manufacturer and has been socially conspicuous here. As a result of the girl's refusal, Supt. Schull of the Perth Amboy schools has caused her to be sent home until the opinion of Edmund Wilson, Attorney General of the State is received. Audsley will not even allow his children to repeat the oath of allegiance in the schools each morning.

The entire Audsley family is of English birth. Mr. Audsley said to-day that the British Consul in New York will take up the matter with the Perth Amboy authorities. He went to New York to visit the Consulate to-day. It is not the first disagreement he has had with school teachers over the patriotic exercises in school.

"THE HOTEL TRIUMPH"
HOTEL KNICKERBOCKER
Forty-Second Street at Broadway, New York

Announcement
is made
that the
Main
Restaurant
and the
Grille Room
WILL REOPEN
on
Thursday
September Fourteenth

JAMES B. REGAN
Proprietor

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Braumach

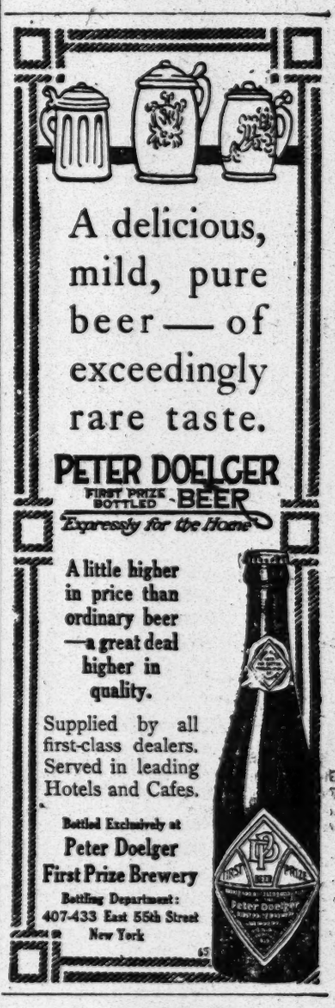
IN buying a Soft Hat, mind your "ps" and "qs" — Poise and Quality. There are two kinds of Soft Hats—*Roelofs* and the *others*. Anywhere, any time, on anybody, you can "spot" a Roelofs Soft Hat by its *striking smartness*. It draws you aloof from the "look-alike many."

You'll find the *difference* that spells *distinction* in Roelofs Soft Hats. They'll give you "the air debonair."

Our Derbies, too, show the mode-mastery of Roelofs. Astonishingly light weight—"chic" as can be.

Made by Roelofs
Soft Hats, $3 to $20
Derbies, $3, $4, $7

JOHN DAVID
ROELOFS HATS
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street



A delicious, mild, pure beer — of exceedingly rare taste.

PETER DOELGER
FIRST PRIZE BOTTLED BEER
Expressly for the Home

A little higher in price than ordinary beer —a great deal higher in quality.

Supplied by all first-class dealers. Served in leading Hotels and Cafes.

Bottled Exclusively at
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ADVERTISEMENT.

Beauty Lines Fade With the Loss of the Teeth

You are invited to come to our office and let us give you a *free* consultation and examination, painless and without the slightest obligation on your part.

If your teeth can be saved we can save them.

If you need new and natural ones to replace the missing we will gladly show you how and why the

Martinolar Method

is the most scientific, practical and satisfactory method of replacing missing teeth, without plate or the ordinary bridge-work, and preserving the natural contour of your face. Then you can decide for yourself about

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Hear the New $15 Victrolas at Aeolian Hall

EVER since the marvellous Victor-Victrola first gave forth its perfect, rich, mellow tone the endeavor to produce the same effect in a more popular priced instrument has been going on.

TODAY this is an accomplished fact.

Come to Aeolian Hall and hear the NEW Victor-Victrolas! Hear an instrument costing as little as FIFTEEN DOLLARS yet having an incomparable voice! Never before has there been a talking machine retaining so much pure quality of tone or so many of the necessary structural features at so low a figure.

Hear this never failing means for enjoyment under conditions that do it the justice its matchless qualities demand! Choose your Victor-Victrola and *all* your Victor needs where COMFORT and CONVENIENCE add pleasure to your purchase.

Sound proof rooms—luxurious surroundings—quick, interested service and a *freedom from interruption* as complete as that of your own home make the hearing of these new, wonderfully low-priced instruments a matter of unequalled satisfaction.

Every style of Victor and Victor-Victrola in various woods to match your furnishings and a complete stock of records give you so wide a range of choice as to put this inexpensive luxury within the grasp of all opera lovers or of every one who appreciates the stimulating pleasures of bright, modern music.

Moderate Monthly Payments

THE AEOLIAN CO., Aeolian Hall
FIFTH AVENUE, Near 34th Street, NEW YORK

The Governors' Conference at Spring Lake

Photograph Copyright by Paul Thompson.
Front Row, (Left to Right)—Norris, Pay, Kitchen, Cruce, Neal, Harmon, Wilson, Tener, Pothier, Glasscock.
Second Row—Carey, Gilchrist, Plaisted, Aldrich, Willson, Hadley, Crothers, Mann, Smith, Shafroth.
Third Row—Spry, McGovern, Foss, Burke, Hawley, Stubbs, Vessey.
Back Row—Adjt. Gen. Sadler, William George Jordan, Ex-Gov. Quimby of Vermont, and Ex-Gov. Fort of New Jersey.

SANDY HOOK'S GUNS ROAR FOR GOVERNORS

Continued from Page 1.

State insurance is necessary to displace them.

Gov. Foss of Massachusetts emphasized the necessity of uniform legislation on the subject, as it should make no difference to an injured man in what State he lives. He said it would not be possible to arrive at a perfect law until the liability companies have been eliminated. Heretofore they had retained as profits from half to two-thirds the money paid to them by employers. To a large manufacturer he believed the liability law was of as much benefit to the employer as to his men. He believed the law could be upheld under the police power of the State, having a sound legal and economic basis. Every employer, he said, made a charge for depreciation of plant, which was a negligible factor compared to the depreciation of men.

"Taxation for the suport of unfortunates in State institutions," said Gov. Foss, "is an incontestable power of the State. It is recognized that the State should care for the human wreckage, and the compensation for the injured workman is a just charge against industry."

Gov. M. E. Hay of Washington characterized the indemnity companies as "fungoid social parasites," whose business "is not to compensate the injured workman but to defeat by every legal means the just recovery of damages from the employer they insure." Gov. Burke of North Dakota, who presided, called on Gov. Wilson of New Jersey.

"I started a scrap yesterday," said Gov. Wilson, referring to his argument with Gov. O'Neal of Alabama over the initiative and referendum, and I don't want to start another." He said the chief trouble was with the indemnity companies.

"These gentlemen," he said, "are singularly unwise. They should see that they will make it necessary to have State insurance. Another difficulty is that a small employer may be bankrupted by his liability for accidents and there is no safety to the workman in such cases."

Gov. Hadley of Missouri said the principle of employers' liability could be upheld as a condition of carrying on industry.

"If the railroad has to pay for an engine that goes into a ditch," said Gov. Stubbs of Kansas, "it ought to pay for the engineer who is killed."

Gov. Harmon told of the passage of the law in Ohio and emphasized the question whether the employe should contribute part of the cost of the insurance; in Ohio he is to pay 10 per cent. It was felt that this would make him more careful and would eliminate the stigma of charity from the benefits. He said an attack on the constitutionality of the law was expected from the indemnity companies, but had not yet materialized.

In closing the session Gov. Burke reminded the others that they were to meet half an hour early to-morrow to hear Dr. Anna Shaw present the question of woman suffrage. He was for it, he said, and wanted all the Governors to be there. Then he told a story of a woman at a suffrage meeting, who detailed at length the sufferings of her sex.

"A little shrimp of a man in the back of the hall," said Gov. Burke, "remarked that he could tell her one way in which woman had never suffered. 'What way is that?' asked the speaker. 'You have never suffered in silence,' responded the man."

Five Governors arrived in addition to those already here. They were Stubbs of Kansas, Crothers of Maryland, Tener of Pennsylvania, Spry of Utah, and Bass of New Hampshire.

GAYNOR ATTACKS CHARTER CRITICS

Professional Falsifiers and Noisy Scamps Who Are Galled to See Officials Do Right.

CORRUPT SELF-SEEKERS, TOO

Denies Politicians Have Meddled with It and Asserts It Is Not a Party Measure.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Mayor Gaynor, who is here attending the State Fair, gave out the following statement to-day concerning the proposed new Charter for New York:

"The new Charter is now complete. Full hearings have been had. Every objection has been heard. Many corrections and changes have been made as a result. I have worked on it with the legislative committee and the draughtsmen all Summer.

"The number of falsehoods being uttered and published about the Charter would be astonishing here in Syracuse or in any ordinary community. But in New York City we have professional falsifiers. They put themselves forward and make great noise, and then send out circulars and collect money. They live high in this way. You would ignore them here. Every one here tries to help officials to carry on honest government, but in New York City we have newspaper proprietors and other noisy scamps who are angered and galled to see officials do right.

"They do not want any one to do right except themselves, and they are incapable of doing right. They are corrupt self-seekers. Their trade is to attack those who do right. They are secretly hand in glove with corrupt influences.

"There is no effort by any politicians, Democratic or Republican, to put any bad provisions in the Charter. They are not meddling with the matter at all. I have not seen any sign of their fingers in it all Summer. It is not a party measure at all, and should not be falsely made such. Its history is as follows:

"The Legislature appointed the so-called Ivins Commission to prepare a Charter. After two or three years of work it reported. The Legislature then appointed the so-called Hammond Commission to continue the work after two years. It was ready with a Charter last year, and it was about to pass. The officials and the people of New York City were paying no attention to it. There was no public discussion of it. Borough President McAneny and myself requested the Hammond Commission to put it over until this year, so that it could be read and discussed, and that was done.

"After the Legislature adjourned last year, I called all heads of departments together and set them to work reading and correcting it. The whole matter was given wide publicity and discussion. A committee of draftsmen in the Corporation Counsel's office was appointed to receive all suggestions, and work with the draftsmen of the Hammond Commission, who were Gilbert and Cummings and Ray B. Smith. The work was well done.

"Then last Winter the Legislative Committee having charge of the Charter came down to New York and gave public hearings. Every one was heard. Then ensued a process of revision. Again the Legislative Committee came down to New York and gave public hearings this Summer. They are now completing the final revision. I have worked with them and done all I could."

DIX AND GAYNOR AT FAIR.

New York Mayor in Auto at Syracuse When Boy Is Hurt.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Vice President and Mrs. James S. Sherman arrived this afternoon to attend the State Fair. On the same train were Gov. and Mrs. John A. Dix. The Vice President is here unofficially and he and Mrs. Sherman are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Delong.

Gov. Dix will put in a busy day at the fair to-morrow. He will make an address at 11 o'clock to 100 boys attending the fair as guests of the Fair Committee. At 11:30 he will address the throng in the plaza. It is understood this latter speech will be one of considerable political importance.

Gov. and Mrs. Dix were entertained at dinner to-night by former Gov. and Mrs. Horace White.

To-day was Grange Day at the Fair and 50,000 people from the country thronged the exposition grounds. Exercises were conducted by the State Grange in the Grange Building. Lieut. Gov. Conway welcomed the Grangers. The Lieutenant Governor voiced his approval of the proposed parcels post measure as a means of eliminating the middleman, advocated the passage of a direct primary bill, and criticised the reciprocity treaty with Canada. He also emphasized the need of better legislative and Congressional representatives from rural districts, and declared that instead of ranking as the fourth agricultural State in the Union as at present New York should stand first because of its natural advantages.

Mayor Gaynor liked the air here so well that he remained over another day.

With Mayor Schoneck of this city and some friends Mr. Gaynor started to tour the city in an automobile. As the party was driving across Harrison Street on State, a sixteen-year-old boy riding a bicycle ran into the automobile and was thrown to the pavement. Mayor Schoneck called an ambulance, and the boy was taken to a hospital, where his injuries were dressed. He was but slightly injured, and one hour later was sent home.

CHARTER FINE, SAYS GAYNOR.

But He Can't Prevent "Little Politicians from Falsifying About It."

"Not a single wrong thing in it," is the verdict passed by Mayor Gaynor on the proposed new Charter for this city, which a joint committee of the Legislature is now perfecting at the Hotel Knickerbocker. The statement was made in a letter written by the Mayor to C. Augustus Haviland, a Brooklyn real estate man, in reply to a letter Mr. Haviland had written to him, taking the critics of the Charter and Controller Prendergast in particular to task. The correspondence was given out by Mr. Haviland.

Here is the Mayor's letter:

Dear Mr. Haviland:—I thank you for your letter. I have spent the Summer correcting and perfecting the Charter, and there is not now a single wrong thing in it. I cannot prevent these little politicians from falsifying about it. Sincerely yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Mr. Haviland in his letter to the Mayor expressed the opinion that Controller Prendergast by his opposition had lowered himself, and that it was about time for all good citizens to come to the defense "of the Mayor of this great municipality."

"Fear not, Mr. Mayor," wrote Mr. Haviland, "in the end right and justice must prevail."

When Controller Prendergast saw copies of the letters he declined to make any comment, beyond saying:

"I've heard of Gaynor, but who is Haviland?"

STARVED TO DEATH AT 80.

Before Dying, the Aged Woman Said Her Son Would Give Her No Food.

Mrs. Jane Robinson, 80 years old, who was taken to the Kings County Hospital a week ago from her home at 290 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, suffering from starvation, died yesterday. The aged woman, it was found, was the widow of a civil war veteran, and besides having a pension from the Government she had investments in mortgages amounting to $10,000. Her son William, 59 years old, who lived with her, has been committed to the Kings Park Insane Asylum to have his sanity inquired into.

When taken to the hospital Mrs. Robinson told a pitiful story of her treatment by her son. She said that he took all the money that came into the house. Every morning, she said, he brought a bottle of milk and a loaf of bread to the house and ate them while she looked on, refusing to give any to her. The only food she had eaten for months, Mrs. Robinson said, was what neighbors gave her. The physicians at the hospital say that her story as to being slowly starved was true. They say that from her wasted condition she could not have eaten normally for months.

WOMAN ENTERS CAR WINDOW.

She Is First of Her Sex to be Arrested for Such an Offense, Say the Police.

A woman, who gave her name as Mrs. Florence Hare of 534 West End Avenue, was arrested last night at the Culver terminal of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company by Patrolman Homer Willett of the strong-arm squad for entering a Brighton Beach express through the window. Mrs. Hare is the first woman ever arrested, the Coney Island police say, for this offense.

Willett also arrested the woman's companion, who said he was her husband, Russell J. Hare, a lawyer of the same address. There is no Russell J. Hare in the City Directory or the telephone book. He was charged with assisting the woman through the window and following her into the car in the same way. He was placed in a cell, while the woman was given the liberty of the station under the eye of the matron. Both will be arraigned before Magistrate Voorhees in the Coney Island Court this morning.

The
Breslin Dinner
$1.50
Table d'Hote, a la carte service.
BROADWAY AT 29 ST.

SHAKERS JUSTIFY KILLING SISTER

Did Right, Say Man and Woman of Florida Colony Held on Murder Charge.

DEAD WOMAN CONSUMPTIVE

Gave Her Chloroform at Her Request to End Her Sufferings, They Assert—Their Deed Defended.

Special to The New York Times.

KISSIMMEE, Fla., Sept. 13.—"We killed our sister to end her sufferings. We believe we did right, and we feel no regret for our action."

Egbert Gillette and Elizabeth Sears, members of the Shaker colony near here, who have been arrested on a charge of slaying their sister, Sadie Marchant, also a member of the colony, thus defend their deed.

The alleged crime was committed on Aug. 21, but nothing was known of it until some weeks later. Then rumors got afloat that a young woman connected with the Shaker colony had been deliberately put to death by two of her coreligionists. These rumors caused so much feeling against the Shakers that it was feared a mob would raid the colony.

At this juncture Gillette and Elizabeth Sears voluntarily confessed that they were the persons sought, and surrendered to the authorities. Both discuss the death of their sister and the part they played in it with the utmost sang froid, and neither seems to think that anything wrong has been done.

"Sister Sears and I loved Sister Marchant dearly," said Gillette. "She was afflicted with consumption, and her death was only a matter of time. We cared for her tenderly and did all we could to alleviate her sufferings, which became frightful, and she begged us to give her something that would put an end to them. She said she could not live long, and that it would be a mercy to end her agony. Sister Sears and I prayed over the matter for hours, and the answer came that it would be right for us to end the agony of Sister Marchant.

"So we obtained some chloroform and administered it to our dear sister and ended her sufferings. She blessed us as we did so, and we feel that we did no wrong. We simply ended the agony of a dearly loved sister. We feel that we were doing God's work."

When the facts became known after their arrest Gillette and Sears were released on bail. Two lawyers have volunteered to defend them at the hearing next Monday.

The case has excited intense interest. Public opinion is greatly divided, many holding that the accused committed no crime.

The Shakers have had a colony near here for several years, and are much esteemed. This is the first instance in which they have been brought to the public attention. The fact that the accused were released on bail is taken to mean that the Magistrate believes that they were not actuated by any criminal intent in drugging their sister to death. It is, indeed, believed to be doubtful whether a jury will be found to convict them. No physician attended the dead girl.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Several leading attorneys, ministers, and physicians here uphold the two members of the Shaker colony at Kissimmee, Fla., who are said to have caused the death of Sadie L. Marchant, a consumptive, by giving her chloroform to end her sufferings, taking the view that painless killing under such circumstances is right.

Charles S. Sparks, a lawyer, noted as an agnostic, said:

"If one is hopelessly ill and in the throes of death, I believe it is right to bring about immediate dissolution to end suffering. I would also believe that if a man or woman is insane beyond all hope of recovery, to bring about immediate death would not be only right but a kindness to the sufferer."

The Rev. Charles E. Schenck said: "The desperate method the Shakers are said to have taken seems humane at first glance, but it is so easy for us humans to make a mistake. I do not think the law should be amended to legalize such acts."

The Shaker tragedy offers the first practical demonstration of the theory of Miss Anne Hall of Cincinnati, who attracted attention by advocating it at a time when she was engaged in litigation over the estate of her father, an arctic explorer, and acted as her own attorney.

Senator Pomerene Much Improved.

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Senator Atlee Pomerene, who has been confined to his home by an acute attack of kidney trouble for several days, is reported much improved to-day. His physician expects him to be out of the house in a few days. The Senator, however, has been warned to lighten his work. Senator Pomerene has canceled all engagements for the month with one exception, and that is his committee work in connection with the Senator Stephenson investigation. Senator Pomerene is planning to go with the committee to Wisconsin late in September to take up that work.

LAWYER MUST REFUND.

Kept Too Large a Fee and Should Return $16,767 to Rich, Referee Says.

Berthold A. Rich, who gained a Broadway reputation as a spendthrift by going through a fortune some years ago, will get back $16,767 of his fortune. Justice Bischoff approved a report yesterday submitted by Adam Weiner as referee which orders Louis Cohen, a young lawyer, to pay this sum to Rich.

In his report Weiner says that Rich was improvident and had no knowledge of the worth of legal services. He employed Cohen to close out a real estate transaction involving the property at 400 and 402 Sixth Avenue in which Rich had an interest which netted him $49,538. Weiner finds that Rich's debts were paid out of this, and that he received $3,000 cash and a check for $12,000, while Cohen retained $17,609.

Weiner has decided that $8,500 would have been a fair return for the lawyer's services, and of this he obtained $1,550 in the course of his work for Rich. Weiner finds that he is entitled to the difference less the costs of the action just closed, leaving Cohen $16,767 to pay immediately on pain of being adjudged in contempt.

Tennessee Legislator a Suicide.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 13.—Bending over a shotgun and pulling the trigger with his toe, Dr. John C. Drennan, 45 years old, a prominent physician of Canon County, and a member of the Tennessee Senate, killed himself at his home in Woodbury, Tenn., to-day.

Morgan & Brother
(ESTABLISHED 1851.)
Storage Warehouses
& MOVING VANS
220, 222, 224, & 226 W. 47 St., N. Y.
Near Broadway. 'Phone 53 Bryant.
Separate compartments for storage of furniture, pianos, paintings, etc.
Rooms $3 per month and upward.
We make a specialty of packing China, Glassware, Bric-a-Brac & Books.
Our Warehouses are located in the Hotel district of Greater New York, making it very convenient for guests as a repository for surplus baggage.
Furniture and Works of Art boxed and shipped to all parts of the world.
SEND FOR ESTIMATE.

A Tale of Two Cities
Men's English Clothes at Saks'

¶ Our importations of London-made clothes for Fall are here. Other shipments are *en route*, but the consignments already assembled are easily the most representative in New York.

¶ This is as it should be. We have simply duplicated abroad our supremacy at home. Representative of the highest standards in American tailoring, we were qualified to exercise a nice discrimination in purchasing representative English clothes.

¶ The English garments now ready for inspection were made by exclusive London tailors exclusively for us. We know of only one place where you can duplicate them, and that is in London, and only in one London establishment at that. They are typically English in fabric and in treatment, and will delight whoever affects a preference for London styles.

English Suits for Men

¶ These come in various models, and are made of rough cheviots, mostly neutral mixtures. Padding is eliminated almost entirely, and collars roll leisurely to the first button, giving a loose and debonair effect.

English Raglans for Men

¶ Made of those choice fabrics which are so essentially English and which have never been successfully imitated. Strapped Raglan shoulders, slash pockets and self collars.

Heavyweight English Coats for Men

¶ Raglan and ulster shapes. Some fleece lined, others skeleton. Made of famous English warmth-without-weight cloths. Not bulky nor heavy, but superlatively comfortable. Blues, tans, Oxford greys and greenish mixtures.

English Ulsterettes for Men

¶ Double breasted models. Fleece lined. Have the warmth and comfort of a fur coat, without its suffocation of weight. Should be a popular motor preference.

English Acme Golf Suits for Men

¶ To paraphrase the most important rule in golf, *keep your eye on the Acme and follow through.* The Acme is recognized as the standard garb for golfers throughout the British Isles. It is a semi-belted Norfolk model, made in Harris tweeds, Donegals and homespuns. Ideal for chasing the spheroid or for outdoors generally. By the way, we have the exclusive agency for Acme suits—which is also as it should be.

Suits 25.00 to 40.00. Overcoats 25.00 to 60.00

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

Royal Bengals Cigars
taste as good as they look and burn splendidly
A Box of 10 for 15 Cents
Get them—INSIST if you must—but get them

BLUE POINT ELOPERS SAID TO BE IN TOWN

Husband Not Searching for Mrs. Suydam and Not Sure He'd Let Her Return.

BOTH SIDES TALKING NOW

The Nobles, Standing with Their Boy, Sure That Somebody Misled Him —He Telephones Brother.

A single light burned last night in Manowatasquott Lodge, Blue Point, L. I., where, until a week ago last Thursday, Walter L. Suydam, Jr., and his young wife lived together. It was said that Mrs. Suydam, who has been missing for nine days, had not yet returned.

At the farm home of the father of the wealthy fisherman it was also quiet yesterday. Servants patrolled the estate and let it be known that young Suydam was indisposed. The elder Mr. Suydam would say nothing for his son, who, he said, had not gone on his usual daily trip because of the strain under which he suffered because of his wife's absence. Last night, however, Mr. Suydam, Jr., had sufficiently recovered to talk to a TIMES reporter.

"I have not heard from my wife," he said, "directly or indirectly, since she voluntarily left my house on Sept. 5. I do not know where she is, and I have not engaged detectives, as one report has it, to search for her. Nor do I intend to search for her at all.

"I feel deeply the sting of this episode in my life, but I cannot say at present whether I will forgive my wife or not should she come back to her home. I have been bothered to distraction over the telephone and by interviewers, and I wish they would leave me alone."

Asked whether he had ever quarreled with his wife, he said that he had not even had occasion to quarrel with her. He repeated that he was greatly shocked when his wife told him that she no longer loved him.

In the humble cottage in which young Fred Noble, son of the village plumber, lived during the Blue Point Summer season, there was greater excitement than on the previous day. Estelle Noble, Fred's older sister, told reporters in the afternoon that the family had heard nothing from Fred since his disappearance on Tuesday morning.

"Mrs. Suydam used to come to our cottage often," she said. "She came in the morning, in the afternoon, and again at night, and often took a meal with us. She plainly showed that she liked my brother, but she did everything so openly and frankly that we never dreamed for a moment that she had such a great influence over Fred. I wouldn't have said anything at all, but since Mr. Suydam has said certain things I wish to say certain others to show that we are taking the side of Fred, and that we do not blame him as much as we do Mrs. Suydam, who is four years older than he is and knows more about the world.

"She was here last on Labor Day, Monday, in the afternoon, the day before we last saw Fred. That is all I care to say about it now although I do admit that she and Fred had plenty of chance to be alone that afternoon, the rest of the family having gone to the village."

Young Noble is a salesman in the employ of the Howard Dustless Duster Company of 475 Broadway. It was said there that he had been in communication with his office all week, but was temporarily absent on a business trip in New Jersey, and was not expected back until to-day. His younger brother, Wallace, is employed in the same office.

"Fred called me on the 'phone this afternoon," he said. "He told me that everything was all right, but he was keeping in seclusion until the excitement blew over. I know where he is, but I promised Fred that I wouldn't tell a soul, and I won't."

Mr. Noble, Sr., said that as for him, he had known for days where both Mrs. Suydam, Jr., and his son were.

"We are keeping in touch with Fred," he said. "He sent his regards only today, and asked about the family and told us not to worry about him, so we are not worrying. When he is ready to return to us we will be glad to receive him. I hate all this notoriety, and I suppose that sooner or later it will be found out where my son is living under an assumed name. I only hope that he will come back soon. I have nothing to say about Mrs. Suydam, and I am not going to tell where my son is staying. I feel sure, however, that we are not the only people who know where Fred can be found."

The statement was made late last night from what appeared to be an authoritative source that the plumber's son was living in seclusion in West Twelfth Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues. A cursory search was made last night, but no one in that neighborhood professed knowing anything about either Mrs. Suydam or Fred Noble.

He was described by friends yesterday as a meek young man who had never been suspected of social gayeties. His friend, Edwin Thomas, of 385A Decatur Street, Brooklyn, said yesterday that he was surprised to hear that such a timid boy had run away. Thomas himself eloped with a daughter of a bank cashier from Blue Point in the Summer of 1906.

HELPS EXPORTERS TO CUBA.

Customs Collectors on the Island to Permit Use of Non-Negotiable Bills.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—American exporters to Cuba will find great relief in the transaction of their business in the action of the Cuban Government in instructing Cuban Customs Collectors to permit the use of non-negotiable bills of lading as applied to shippers from the United States.

American shippers at interior points where there were no resident Cuban Consuls were put to serious inconvenience in doing business by reason of the delays incident to the transmission by mail to and from the Consulates of the bills of lading upon the strength of which drafts are ordinarily drawn for the value of the shipments.

A Sale of Reconstructed Hardman and Harrington Pianos and Autotones (Player Pianos) at Greatly Reduced Prices

THESE instruments are in every way as good as new. They have been used—*but* they have been made new again in the very factories where they were built.

Every part showing the slightest semblance of use has been replaced; the cases being revarnished and repolished.

Because they have been used we have marked their prices way down.

Each instrument is guaranteed for five years—like our new ones. Each one may be returned within thirty days if unsatisfactory, and your money will be refunded.

Or you may exchange one within a year for a new instrument, and we will allow you all you have paid upon it.

Convenient terms may be arranged.

Generous allowance for instruments taken in exchange for Autotones.

Hardman, Peck & Co.
Founded 1842
433 Fifth Avenue, New York
(Between 38th and 39th Streets)

TOMORROW'S SUCCESS

depends on today's preparation.

We are not generalizing when we say that the Thompson-Starrett organization is permanently in a state of preparedness, ready almost on the instant to drive your enterprise to a rapid, economical and mutually profitable completion.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street.

THE Martin & Martin Bootshop is the only retail shop in America selling strictly Hand-Sewed Shoes exclusively.

Our fashionable Thomas Cort Hand-Sewed Shoes are made in a shop where machine sewing is absolutely eliminated. Every shoe is cut, lasted, and sewed entirely by HAND.

We furnish with these Shoes an intelligent and expert Service, that is as unique as our policy of selling only Hand-Sewed Shoes.

Martin & Martin Shoe Service assures you not only of fashionable style and custom quality, but, more important, you are certain of *a perfect fitting.*

We invite your interest in our preferred models for Autumn and Winter, now ready. $7 upward.

Custom department in connection.

MARTIN & MARTIN
Bootmakers for Men and Women,
1 East 35th St., New York.

PIONEER
Fireproof Storage
WAREHOUSES
and Vaults for Valuables
37 to 51 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.
Nevins St. Subway Station at Our Door.

Method and System are necessary to every well regulated business. In the Storage, Removal or Shipment of Household Effects, practical experience counts most. We were born and brought up in it; over 31 years ago, we began our career. Guaranteed Satisfactory Service has been and remains our standard.

ASK THE PEOPLE FOR WHOM WE WORK.

They can tell you best.

PHONE 6900 MAIN

CROSS THERMOS BOTTLES

PINT SIZE—
$1 & $1.50
All Nickel..... $2.50
QUART SIZE—
$2 & $2.50
All Nickel..... $3.50
THERMOS WATER PITCHER-Nickel $5.00
LUNCHEON KIT—Tan Oxhide Case, Leatherette Lined—Containing Nickel Sandwich Box and All Nickel Thermos Bottle, Pint Size—Complete, $8.75

69 Regent St.

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street

CARPET CLEANSING
By Compressed Air in Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods,
T. M. STEWART
438-442 WEST 51ST ST.
Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.
RING UP 5567 COLUMBUS

All coffee ails yield to well-made
Postum
Be sure it's well boiled.

Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water
Recommended by Physicians
Refuse Substitutes
Best remedy for
CONSTIPATION

8-CENT TRANSFERS WON'T BE ACCEPTED

Public Service Board Thinks Street Car Lines Should Make a Greater Concession.

HEARINGS TO CONTINUE

Belief That the Abolition of the Universal Transfers Has Impaired the Companies' Receipts.

The eight and ten cent transfers between rival street car systems, which the companies notified the Public Service Commission last month they were prepared to put in operation to-morrow, will not be set going. The commission refused the proposal and called on the companies to show cause why they should not make a more liberal offer. Hearings on this are still in progress.

The companies suggested that the same principle should be adopted as is now in force betwen the Central Park East & North River Company and the Metropolitan, by which a transfer from one line to another is issued on payment of 8 cents, while if a second transfer is demanded on the same trip the fare is 10 cents. The plan has been a failure so far as the Central Park line is concerned, and the Public Service Commission is not unwilling to consider it an adequate substitute for the universal transfers in vogue before the disruption of the street-car system of the city.

The commission is prepared to carry on the investigation, believing that the companies should make a more favorable offer to the public. The members want to be certain that if a transfer system is fixed on a certain basis the companies will not be able to raise the cry of confiscation. With this end in view the commission has lately had a valuation made of the properties of the Central Park, the Second Avenue, and the Twenty-eighth Street lines, and as it had already valuations of the Metropolitan and Third Avenue systems it is now in possession of most of the data on which to base a calculation.

It is believed that it can be shown that the abolition of transfers has injured the receipts of the street railways. In particular it has strengthened materially the competition of the elevated railroads and Subway. When transfers were universal the convenience of being able to take a car near a man's home and by means of a transfer reach a spot near his destination often turned the balance in favor of the street railways. Now when a man must, in any case, walk several blocks, or pay a double fare, he is inclined to go to the elevated or Subway.

It is recognized, however, that in the case of the Central Park Company, which operates only a crosstown line, the restoration of the universal free transfers would mean bankruptcy. The great bulk of its passengers would be starting on one of the avenue lines below Fifty-ninth Street and transferring across it to another north of Fifty-ninth Street, and would be reversing the process on their return journey. In neither case would the Central Park Company be collecting any fares, and some arrangement must be reached by which it will receive its fair share of the fares.

At the adjourned hearing yesterday before the Commission the Third Avenue Railway presented its case, and William D. Guthrie, counsel for Receiver Whitridge, questioned Edward A. Maher, General Manager of the system, so as to bring out the attempt of Mr. Whitridge to build up an independent system to compete with the Metropolitan.

The longitudinal lines up Third, Amsterdam, and Tenth Avenues, and Broadway, were outlined with their connections with the Kingsbridge and Union Railways. Special stress was laid on the crosstown connections at 125th, 110th, Forty-second, Grand, and Canal Streets, besides the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street line, which is operated under a special arrangement. Mr. Maher said it was a fact that these crosstown lines had been exclusive feeders of the company's longitudinal lines and vice versa.

"This condition would be essentially changed if there were universal transfers," he said.

This was in support of the argument Mr. Whitridge made to the commission against the universal system, based on the advantage to the public of a competition between street car companies and the outlay the Third Avenue had made on its service since 1907 to attract passengers away from other lines.

Commissioner Eustis suggested to Mr. Maher that as the cars were not filled outside the rush hours a system of transfers good between 9 o'clock and 5 o'clock might be feasible. Mr. Maher would not admit this, and pointed out that an increase in the number of passengers implied more wear and tear and a greater amount of power.

In the examination of Mr. Maher it came out that the Twenty-eighth & Twenty-ninth Street Crosstown Line hopes to extend up Seventh Avenue to the Pennsylvania Station. The witness explained that at present the Third Avenue is operating the Crosstown Line by a verbal arrangement with the receiver, Joseph B. Mayer, which is terminable at any time. He did not consider the Crosstown Line as of any value to the Third Avenue, but if the Pennsylvania Station connection is made it might then become desirable.

John Flint of the firm of West & Flint, public accountants, of 50 Pine Street, was also examined and put in evidence some tables of statistics. From these it appeared that the abolition of general transfers went into effect on April 11, 1908, and the numbers of passengers carried by the Third Avenue roads, including the Kingsbridge, during the years ended June 30 from 1907 to 1911 were:

	Revenue Passengers.	On Transfers.
1907	44,175,880	16,900,000
1908	43,163,510	15,700,000
1909	45,115,175	5,772,000
1910	48,678,914	7,523,000
1911	50,728,964	8,804,000

The hearing was adjourned till this afternoon.

HER HOME A DAMP PLACE.

Mythical Mrs. Jones an East River Dweller, According to a Letter.

Gladys Kaufman, 14 years old, was remanded to the Children's Society for a week yesterday by Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court on complaint of Mrs. Georgia Washington of 15 West 136th Street, who accused the girl of stealing her purse. The little prisoner said she lived at 472 Lenox Avenue, a "missionary society."

The authorities believe the child is not strong mentally and therefore not responsible for her acts. Justice Hoyt directed that she be examined by Dr. Max D. Schlapp, neurologist for the Children's Society.

According to Mrs. Washington the girl called on her a few days ago and presented a letter purporting to come from a "poor woman," signed "Mrs. Jones, No. 550 East Ninety-eighth Street," in which the woman stated that she was incumbered with several children who were without food. Mrs. Washington said that a few moments after the girl departed she found that her purse containing $3 was missing.

The little girl was in court and admitted having visited Mrs. Washington and insisted that she had received the letter from Mrs. Smith, head of the alleged "missionary society," and believed to be authentic, but denied having taken the purse. Mrs. Smith then took the stand and admitted giving the girl the letter from "Mrs. Jones," saying that it had been written to her by the one whose name was attached to it.

"Mrs. Jones must be a rather damp woman, isn't she?" asked Justice Hoyt.

"What do you mean?" asked Mrs. Smith.

"Well, as 550 East Ninety-eighth Street would land her residence somewhere south of a wave in the East River, it seems to me she must have plenty to drink, at least."

CRITICISED BY SURROGATE.

Legatees' Conduct and That of Witnesses in Will Contest Contrasted.

The will of Mrs. Alice E. Benjamin, who died at 60 West 135th Street on March 28, disposing of $100,000, principally to Laura A. Calvert, who had been her nurse for ten years, was sustained yesterday by Surrogate Fowler. The contest was brought by Mrs. Adelia A. Crawford of Brooklyn, a cousin of Mrs. Benjamin.

Mrs. Benjamin made two wills, the first giving $5,000 to Miss Calvert and an equal amount to the Rev. Walter E. Bentley, the residue going to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The second will reduced Mr. Bentley's share to $1,000 and left the residue to Miss Calvert. In his opinion Surrogate Fowler said:

With illness she became naturally more and more dependant upon the ministrations of those who were strangers to her in blood. She had few disinterested friends or even disinterested acquaintances. She was a woman of substance, practically without ties or family, and in late years she had little to offer in return for attention except material things. It is also evident that such things were not despised by those whose intercourse with the testatrix was most familiar. The evidence discloses to the Surrogate that the beneficiaries under the will in question were in this respect, even if the evidence on the part of the contestant be taken as true, not an exception in the ordinary daily intercourse of this solitary testatrix.

But it is when we come to contrast the behavior of the legatees under this will now in court with the conduct of some of those whose testimony has been offered for the contestant that the legatees appear to the best advantage. Their conduct toward the testatrix was certainly more respectful and considerate than was that of the contestant's own witnesses, who openly strove to be made executors or to be remembered by Mrs. Benjamin in her will. This particular side of the case, although plain, is not edifying.

Two medical experts were called, one for each side. Of their testimony Surrogate Fowler says:

Both of the gentlemen called to the stand were entirely competent to give expert testimony, and both were obviously men of standing and professional experience. But their opinions are diametrically opposed. One sees evidence of incompetency in the hypothesis carefully framed to elicit his negative opinion, while the other sees evidence of sanity and competency under the hypothesis framed to elicit the contrary.

There are times and occasions when the opinions of experts ought to carry great weight on an issue of sanity, but much depends on the character of the hypothesis put by counsel to the witness. If the hypothesis is well and sufficiently put, and if it corresponds precisely with facts proved, and the case is technically one of great complexity or difficulty, the opinion of experts may be entitled to weight. This was not the case on this trial.

Mrs. Benjamin was a widow with no relatives nearer than her cousin.

LAWYER LECTURES COURT.

Objects to Vice Chancellor's Remarks and the Bench Sustains Him.

Vice Chancellor Stevenson heard a contempt charge in Jersey City yesterday against Carl Gunther and James Lynch, who are alleged to have violated an injunction order made by the Court of Chancery against picketing about the plant of the Standard Motor Construction Company in Whiton Street, Jersey City. After hearing the testimony of several witnesses the court set Sept. 20 for the argument of counsel.

George L. Record represented the Machinists' Union. He interrupted the proceedings several times to insist that the examination be confined strictly to the allegations in the affidavits. Vice Chancellor Garrison stopped him at last by saying in a sharp manner:

"You are uselessly prolonging this case and taking up the time of the court."

"My time is just as valuable as that of any other man present," said Mr. Record. "I was making an orderly argument when the court interrupted me with its animadversions and criticised me in language which I consider improper. Of course if the court will not listen to me I might just as well desist at once, but I would like to make my point without further interruption."

The Vice Chancellor held that Mr. Record's point was well taken and he was permitted to conduct the case in the best interest of his clients.

The specific allegation on which the contempt charge was based was that Gunther and Lynch interfered with Samuel J. Brown and George Marshall, two strikebreakers from Manhattan, while they were on their way to the motor plant.

COATROOMS PAY WELL.

Lessee of a Hotel Privilege Gives Some of the Figures.

An idea of the prices paid for the coatroom privilege in hotels and restaurants in this city became public yesterday through a quarrel which has arisen between the Albany Hotel management and George Abrams, who holds the coatroom privilege there. According to Abrams the privilege is regularly rented for $8,000 a year in Louis Martin's, for $7,000 yearly at Churchill's, for $6,500 at the Knickerbocker, for $3,000 each at the Astor and the Café Boulevard. He pays $1,500 a year, he says.

It is because some one else has offered $2,000 yearly for the Albany privilege, and is willing to pay down three years' rental in advance, so Abrams thinks, that the hotel wants to get rid of him. He says that after trying to buy him off with an offer of $800 cash and an automobile the management resorted to threats, and has managed to prevent his doing business in the College Inn since July 27.

Abrams got a temporary injunction restraining the hotel from interfering with him or his employes, and to-day his lawyer will ask Supreme Court Justice Pendleton to make this injunction permanent through the life of the lease. Abrams says this is to run until Feb. 21, 1915.

NOTED EVANGELIST HERE.

"Moody of South Africa" Arrives on the Oceanic to Join in a Crusade.

The Rev. David Russell, South African evangelist, arrived here last night on the White Star liner Oceanic to take part in the "Man and Religion" movement which is to be conducted by the Religious Work Bureau of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. A series of evangelical services is to be held in ninety cities of the United States and Canada, and the campaign will last until next May.

"The Moody of South Africa" is a rugged-looking man. He comes here after six months' service at St. George's Presbyterian Church, at Johannesburg.

"I came to America last in 1908," said Dr. Russell, "and so I know something of conditions that face one here. On my last visit I was so well treated and liked the country so well that I was glad to accept the invitation of Fred B. Smith, Secretary of the Religious Work Bureau, and pay another visit."

His work here will begin in Minneapolis on Oct. 2.

Just Missed an Avalanche.

Among those arriving yesterday on the Royal Mail liner Magdalena were Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Norton of 30 West Fifty-fifth Street and Mrs. Kimball C. Atwood, who returned by way of South America from a trip to England and the Continent. While crossing South America to Santiago, Chile, on the Trans-Andean Railroad they had a narrow escape from death in an avalanche. Their train had just passed through a mountain out when the tracks were buried.

YOU'LL ASK AGAIN
to have your order renewed when the first case of
SUN-RAY
is exhausted.
The purest and most delicious of table waters takes a permanent place at the table. Its bracing and palatable qualities cannot be overlooked.
STILL OR SPARKLING.
Bottled only at the Mountain Spring. Sold everywhere, not at a high price.
SUN-RAY WATER CO.
Broadway & 34th Street, N. Y.
Telephone 6274 Murray Hill.

SURE SHOPMEN WILL VOTE FOR A STRIKE

President McCreery Says They Insist Upon Recognition of the New Federation.

MACHINISTS URGE HASTE

Headquarters in Chicago Reserved in Expectation of a Walkout—Meeting at Davenport.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 13.—"The employes in the shops of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will vote overwhelmingly for a strike to gain recognition of the shop federation."

This was the parting statement given out by President J. F. McCreery to-night just before he left for Paducah, Ky., to take charge of the balloting which was decreed by the international officers of the nine crafts in their meetings Tuesday.

That McCreery really believes the men will vote again to call a strike was shown by the fact that he retained the temporary headquarters of the federation at the Hotel Mayer. The rooms are being held under a two weeks' contract. The strike vote is expected to be ready for counting at that time

The present vote is being taken on the question whether all nine of the crafts go out, in view of the fact that the machinists would not be able to draw benefit money.

"We could have called this strike last Satudray, as planned, and all the men would have gone out in spite of the attitude of the international officers of the machinists," said McCreery. "T. J. Conlin, Vice President of the machinists, first voted to call a strike and then raised a fuss after the strike call had gone out. Since then I have received thirty-six telegrams in all from the machinists along the line, demanding that the time for the strike be set regardless of the attitude of the international officers. My original plan was to issue the call last Saturday, but I decided to change that plan because I have been accused of being too radical. The vote will prove that I know the real feeling of the men in the shops."

The officers of the machinists' association returned to Davenport, Iowa, this morning to prepare for the annual convention.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Sept. 13.—Appeals from its decisions to the biennial convention, which opens Monday, were considered by the official board of the International Association of Machinists to-day. President James O'Connell repeated to-day his declaration that no action will be taken in regard to the machinists' attitude on the Illinois Central strike until the matter is brought up on the convention floor.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 13.—Again changing his plans, J. W. Kline, spokesman of the Harriman Shop Employes' Committee, left to-day at 10 o'clock for Salt Lake. He said yesterday it was probable he would have to return to San Francisco, but this morning he said it was unnecessary.

Kline's three assistants on the Conference Committee, Franklin, Ryan, and Buckalew, left last night for Tucson, Ariz.; El Paso, San Antonio, and Houston.

PADUCAH MEN FAVOR STRIKE.

Feeling Among Machinists That Federation Officials Blundered.

Special to The New York Times.

PADUCAH, Ky., Sept. 13.—Employes of the Illinois Central shops held a mass meeting here to-night, and President Fred McCreery of the system federation of the Illinois Central made a report of the proceedings in Chicago. He was commended for the stand taken by the federation officials, and the men were almost a unit for an immediate strike.

While the men would not talk for publication, it is understood that the general officers of the machinists were vigorously censured for refusing to sanction a strike. It is reported that the machinists will command their general officers to immediately co-operate with the federation in calling a strike.

President McCreery, after the meeting, said:

"The federation has not finished yet, neither has it finally adjourned. Another meeting will be held in Chicago or some other city at an early date. The reports in Chicago and sent out of that city have been incorrect and misleading. They did not give the facts."

When asked if another strike vote was being taken, he said:

"Yes, I will say that another strike vote is being taken."

The crisis has been reached with the federation. They must strike or the organization will die out. It is believed here that the machinists' general officers will later sanction a strike, and that it will be called within a fortnight.

Postpone Lackawanna Strike.

SCRANTON, Penn., Sept. 13.—The strike order to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western trackmen, which was the threatened alternative to President Truesdale when he was asked to arbitrate the matter of the discharge of Foreman Foley, is being held in abeyance, pending efforts at an amicable adjustment of the difficulty by intermediaries. Even if the men should decide to strike it is not likely to be called for at least a week.

TRY TO TRICK NEWPORT.

Alleged Collectors for New York Firemen's Fund Disowned Here.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 13.—Two men have been collecting money from the New York Summer residents here, declaring that the money was for widows and orphans of New York firemen. Three weeks ago they appeared at the residence of Pembroke Jones, informing the servant that they had an engagement with Mr. Jones. Mr. Jones did not remember any such engagement, but talked with the men, one much older than the other, who said they had been deputized by the New York Fire Department to secure the funds.

The men asked Mr. Jones if he did not own a house in New York. When he replied that he did he was told that if he wished fire protection he should subscribe. Mr. Jones requested the men to leave his house. They went, with the threat that they would see that Mr. Jones did not receive fire protection.

Tuesday the men called upon George B. De Forest, the elder of the two giving his name as Capt. Duryea, and saying that he had been delegated by the Fire Department of New York to see Mr. De Forest, as he was seeing all the New York people here. Mr. De Forest did not take kindly to the scheme and did not subscribe. Mrs. James Kernochan was likewise called upon and did subscribe, afterward asking the police about the men. Major Edward J. Curley was another who subscribed.

A telegram sent to-day to the Chief of the New York Fire Department asking if the department had delegated the two men to collect funds for New York firemen's widows and orphans elicited the brief answer "No."

ADMIRAL KWANG TO SEE TAFT

On His Way to Beverly, After Being Entertained in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The Chinese Rear Admiral, Ching Pin Kwang, left to-night for Beverly, Mass., where, to-morrow, he will be received by President Taft. The members of his staff, his special aid, Commander George F. Cooper of the United States Navy, and Yung Kwai, Charge de'Affaires of the Chinese Legation, accompanied him.

Leaving Beverly to-morrow, Admiral Kwang will call on Mayor Gaynor of New York Friday, and pay a visit to Governors Island on Saturday. After a week-end rest he will be, on Monday, entertained at luncheon by Rear Admiral Leutze, the commandant of the New York Navy Yard. About Wednesday he will sail for Havana and Mexico, later proceeding to England to take home a training ship now under construction there.

While here to-day Admiral Kwang called upon Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson and Acting Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop. Later Mr. Winthrop entertained the Admiral at luncheon. Postmaster General Hitchcock, the only Cabinet Minister in the city, and consequently the ranking Government official in Washington, was a guest. The other guests included the Chinese Admiral and his staff, Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson, R. S. Miller, chief of the Far Eastern division of the State Department; Yung Kwai, Chinese Charge d'Affaires; Rear Admirals Nicholson and Cone, Major Gen. Biddle, Commandant of the Marine Corps, and other naval officers.

CALLS TAFT REACTIONIST.

Senator Works Says La Follette Will Be His Convention Opponent.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 13.—United States Senator John D. Works addressed the Union League last night on issues of the day. He said in part:

"Republicans are now facing the question whether they will build up the Republican Party or turn against it, and destroy it. President Taft is a reactionist, but he also is a merry man with a most plausible manner in explaining away his mistakes. Taft and La Follette are destined to face each other in the next Republican National Convention, and if it were left to popular vote to-day La Follette would be nominated, and easily, too. But, unfortunately, the 'Presidential preference vote' has not reached this stage.

"If, however, Taft does secure the nomination, Republicans will be confronted with a problem. It would do no good to turn Democrat. The Democratic Party is more reactionary, and it is split wider than the Republican Party ever was."

DROWNED IN THE SOUND.

$25 and a Watch In His Pocket—May Have Fallen Off a Steamboat.

SEA CLIFF, L. I., Sept. 13.—The body of a drowned man was found off Matinocock Point to-day by Capt. Haff of the State Game Preserve, who was out on the Sound in a boat. It is now in Dodge's morgue at Glen Cove awaiting identification.

The man was about 45 years old, 6 feet tall, and weighed about 215 pounds. He had iron-gray hair and brown eyes, and there were nine vaccination marks on the left arm. He wore a brown suit, outing shirt, black bow tie and black laced shoes. In his pockets were found a pocketbook containing $25, and a dollar watch that had stopped at 7:30. The man also had a ticket for the steamer Middletown, which plies between New York and Hartford, with the berth No. 39.

Coroner Luyster decided that the man had been drowned and expressed the belief that he had fallen from the Middletown.

JUST ARRIVED FROM ENGLAND
English Raglans
MADE FOR US BY NICOLL & CO., LTD., OF REGENT STREET, LONDON.

They're English, these newest coats for Fall, 1911; thoroughly and uncompromisingly English. That certain something that makes the English tailored garment distinctive from all others is apparent in every line and seam.

From the close conforming, narrow Raglan shoulder, to the full swagger sweep of the skirt, they show the almost inimitable art of the English tailorman, who imparts to his garments the tightness of the little Isle itself, yet gives you incomparable comfort.

They're made of English tweeds and Irish friezes; light, yet fully warm enough to wear into the Winter, and thoroughly rainproof. A large assortment of likable colors and patterns, priced reasonably enough, too. Your inspection of them is most cordially invited.

$35.00 and $40.00
Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845
Special Sale of Men's & Young Men's Soft and Derby Hats
The New Fall Shapes **1.75** Values 2.50 to 5.00

THE liberality of assortment and the scope of this event can be appreciated from the following figures:

Here are about fifty dozen Soft and Derby Hats, which have served their purpose as office samples for one of the leading makers in the country. All are perfect, as good samples must be to sell others. The young man is particularly well remembered.

Here are seventy dozen Derbies, in all the most advanced Fall and Winter blocks, seconds of Hats made to retail at 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00. A microscope could not detect the imperfections. Many blocks of strong appeal to young men are included.

Here are twenty-five dozen regular Soft and Derby Hats, from a foremost hatter, the counterparts of which are selling right now in other stores in the city for 3.00.

Here are about seventy-five dozen odds and ends greatly reduced. This allotment comprises domestic and imported models, embracing Wool Hats in all the newest colors and styles.

All the Hats involved in this sale are evenly distributed in generous varieties in all our stores. Come early while the selection is good.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Double G.H.W. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

No Charge for Alterations on Women's and Misses' Apparel—Hats Trimmed Free

Main Building Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, etc.

For Today
Our Women's Store Offers a Special Purchase of $25 and $30
Fall Suits, at $16.50

There are exactly 114 suits in this sale, and that is really a very small number when one considers not only how tremendous an outlet The Big Store is, but how sensational is this bargain offer.

These are high-class suits—absolute style-beauties. Made from Autumn's most popular materials, with a quality of workmanship that will appeal to the most critical woman.

A NUMBER OF THESE SUITS ARE MADE OF TWO-TONED ALL-WOOL CHEVIOTS AND FINE QUALITY ALL-WOOL SERGES.

The style-effects are fascinating—yes, the very newest ideas. In many instances there is only one suit of a kind.

Come TODAY, expecting the biggest suit bargains ever offered in September—for that's what you'll get!

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Greenhut Building "Everything for the Home"

Ask for G.H.W. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

Within One Year
the buyer of another typewriter usually wishes he had bought a

Model 10 Visible
Remington
The machine which
Outworks, Outwears and Outlives ALL Others

We guarantee your satisfaction

Remington Typewriter Company
(Incorporated)
New York and Everywhere.
Tel. Worth 4444

TARIFF TALK A BOGY, SAYS VICTOR BERGER

Only a Question of $1.75 a Year Per Capita, the Socialist Leader Declares.

REAL ISSUE IS CAPITALISM

Labor Gets Only Two-fifths of What It Produces, He Declares—Here to Finance a Socialist Paper.

Representative Victor Berger of Wisconsin, Socialism's lone spokesman in Congress, undisputed leader of his party in Milwaukee, where it controls the city administration, and one of the big figures to whom Socialists all over the United States are looking for guidance and inspiration, is not a believer in any abrupt downward revision of the tariff. He so declared yesterday at the Hotel Brostell, where he made it clear that he spoke for the Socialist Party.

Congressman Berger is in this city in quest of capital with which to finance a new daily Socialist newspaper which is to be published soon in Milwaukee and in the English language. His mission to this city has been crowned with some success, for out of the $100,000 which is needed to launch the prospective Socialist organ, Mr. Berger has obtained more than one-half. Incidentally, the Socialist leader is addressing Socialist audiences in different parts of the city once or twice each evening.

"We have a hard fight ahead of us here," said Mr. Berger. "New York will probably be the last of the large cities to surrender to our doctrines of government, which have already been successfully applied in my home city, Milwaukee."

Mr. Berger said he did not look upon the tariff as a real, but as an artificial issue.

"No one should be surprised," said the Socialist leader, "that we look upon the recurrence of the tariff issue as simply a sham battle to divert the attention of the workingman from the main issue."

The main issue with Mr. Berger, as with all those who profess his political creed, is the "present industrial system" involving competition "which compels the employers to get their labor as cheap as possible, and, on the other hand, compels the workingmen to compete with each other for jobs."

"Competition among the workers," said Mr. Berger, "has become a cut-throat competition. It is a question as to who is to live and who is to starve. It is often a question as to whether a man is to stay with his family or become a tramp. The tariff has nothing to do with that, either. There is always free trade in labor. And that is the point."

Mr. Berger had no suggestions to offer that might be helpful in solving the tariff question. He merely denounced tariff as an issue.

"I suppose the Republicans will repeat the threadbare falsehood that the tariff protects labor," he said somewhat wrathfully. "Workingmen in Chicago and in Pittsburgh who receive $1.75 or $2 a day know how well they are protected in the iron industry, and in the cotton and woolen industries it is even worse. It was never intended that the high tariff should protect labor. That pretense was merely an afterthought because workingmen happen to have votes. Only American manufacturers have dared to tell this falsehood to their workingmen, because until very recent years American workmen were more ignorant on economic and social questions than their brothers in France and Germany.

"The highly protected manufacturers of Germany never dared to tell their workmen that the tariff was there to protect the worker, nor did the protected manufacturers of France. It was only here, after some of our infant industries had become giants, that some Pennsylvania politicians conceived the idea of selling the workingmen that the protective tariff had been inaugurated for the benefit of labor."

But if Mr. Berger does not believe in high tariff, he is even less a believer in free trade under existing conditions.

"Anybody who believes free trade is a panacea must guess again," he said. "Free trade would mean that a great deal of our manufacturing would be done across the sea—particularly all of the manufacturing that has not yet reached the trust stage. Moreover, the working classes cannot endure any sudden lowering of tariffs. It is helpless to protect itself from the consequences. Especially in our country, after many years of the highest kind of tariff, any sudden change would be disastrous. There are whole communities in this country built up on a tariff schedule on some manufactured commodity. A radical and sudden lowering of the tariff on any of these products would unsettle conditions, close workshops, and deprive thousands of the wage earners of their jobs.

"Not until society is prepared to undertake the transfer of displaced workers from a dying industry to a flourishing one can we welcome any radical change in the tariff that seems best for the Nation as a whole. So you see the workingmen are between the devil and the deep blue sea on the tariff issue—just as they are on every other capitalistic issue."

Mr. Berger said he did not believe the workingmen who are interested in the tariff mainly as consumers would derive much benefit from any downward revision that might be undertaken even by the Democrats.

"Figures will tell the story," he said. "The entire yearly income from tariff duties is about $326,000,000, which means $3.50 per capita. Let us suppose the Democrats reduce this by as much as one-fourth. They can hardly reduce it more, because the country needs the revenue. Then the change would net the consumer about 87½ cents per capita. Suppose they would make a still more radical change and reduce the tariff by one-half, thus cutting down the country's revenue from this source in proportion. That would amount to the princely sum of $1.75 per capita. So in the question over which the Republicans and Democrats have been so bitterly at war for so many years just $1.75 per capita annually is involved. That is, at the most. Probably it would only be 80 cents. And in either case it will endanger the equilibrium of our industries.

"Just compare this insignificant difference with the difference between what a workingman produces and what he gets and you will readily comprehend the insignificance of this artificial issue compared with the real issue to which I have already referred. In 1904 5,500,000 wage earners took $8,500,000,000 of raw or partly manufactured material and turned it into a value of nearly $15,000,000,000, adding $1,151 for every worker employed. Statistics show that these same workers received in return for that work only $476 apiece. The other $675 went to the employers and land owners. Under the circumstances, is it surprising that we look upon an agitation for a high tariff or a low tariff as shameless humbug, when we compare its importance with the exploitation of labor?"

There has been no end of criticism of the Socialist administration of Milwaukee, but the Socialist Congressman insisted that the Socialists have made good.

"Not unless the Republicans, the Democrats, and the Prohibitionists and all other organizations unite against us, can the re-election of a Socialist set of city officials for Milwaukee be prevented," he said with emphasis. "The worst accusation they can raise against us is that we are visionaries, and that in endeavoring to better conditions we boost the tax rate and drive away industry. Ten newspapers are fighting us out home, but not one has ever dared to raise any question of the honesty of our Socialist city officials. And I notice that Senator La Follette just lifted six planks out of our last State platform and put them word for word into the Republican platform, while his orators in the convention admonished the Republican delegates that they must be progressive, or the 'red goblins from Milwaukee' would get them if they didn't watch out."

'BOOMLET' FOR THOMAS ROCK

Republicans of the Sixteenth District Pay Him a Little Compliment.

A complimentary "boomlet" for former Assemblyman Thomas Rock for Sheriff has been started by the Republicans of the Sixteenth Assembly District. Mr. Rock ran for Sheriff once many years ago on the Devery ticket. More recently he was a candidate for State Senator on a fusion ticket, contesting the election with Thomas F. Grady, Tammany's candidate in the district. Mr. Rock was defeated.

As an Assemblyman Mr. Rock was sponsor for the eight-hour law and other legislation introduced in the interest of labor.

Orange Renominates Baumes.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Caleb H. Baumes was to-day renominated for the Assembly by the Republicans in the First Assembly District of Orange County. Resolutions commending Mr. Taft's position on the tariff, reciprocity, and arbitration and denouncing the Democratic Party's "extravagance for party gain" were adopted.

PLEADS FOR CAR ROWDIES.

Ten Fined Despite Their Pastor and the Court Criticises Mayor Gaynor.

Half a dozen young men of neat appearance, each with a good position, took a lawyer and a minister to the Morrisania Court yesterday morning to help get them out of the clutches of the "strong-arm squad." They had been arrested on a Subway train Sunday, and Magistrate Butts fined them $10 each, despite the plea of the Rev. George F. Payson of Broadway and Dyckman Street.

Policemen said the boys had essayed acrobatic feats on the straps in the train, played ball in the car, and used bad language.

Magistrate Butts asked Mr. Payson if he believed in playing ball on Sunday. The minister said he did not, but that the boys had to work all week and had no other time to play. Their lawyer put in that Mayor Gaynor believed in Sunday ball, whereupon Magistrate Butts said the Mayor had no more right to sanction a violation of the law than any one else. Sunday baseball is illegal, said he.

"People must be protected against rowdyism. Some have been sent to the workhouse for this offense, but in this case I do not think it would do any good to make such a punishment," said Magistrate Butts in fining them.

MRS. FORCE IN SPEEDING AUTO

It Was Col. Astor's Car and Was Traveling 40 Miles an Hour.

Mrs. William H. Force, mother of Mrs. John Jacob Astor, was speeding in an auto 40 miles an hour along the Eastern Boulevard in the Bronx Tuesday evening when Policeman J. F. Haggerty stopped her car and gave the chauffeur, William Schappe of 346 West Fifty-sixth Street, a summons to appear yesterday in the Westchester Court.

Mrs. Force was surprised. She told Haggerty she was on her way to see her daughter at the Westchester Country Club, and that the car belonged to Col. Astor, but Haggerty told her the law was violated and that he was going to do his duty. She bowed and the chauffeur started out again. Magistrate Herbert administered the $10 fine when the chauffeur appeared.

BANKING CUSTOMS MAKE FORGERIES EASY

President of the National Surety Company Condemns Carelessness in Certifying Checks.

VICTIMS REPORT NEW LOSSES

Stories of the West Take In One Cashier—Alert Rubber Stamp Maker Saves a Bank from Fraud.

William B. Joyce, President of the National Suruety Company of 115 Broadway, gave out yesterday additional details of the campaign of the gang of forgers who have been fleecing banks in various parts of the country by their skill in imitating the signatures of large depositors, their audacity in presenting forged checks for certification, and their ingenuity in selecting institutions for the deposit of the forged instruments.

Mr. Joyce said yesterday that one of the largest banks in this city had presented a claim to his company on Tuesday evening for a loss of $3,750. Two other losses of $1,500 each from the same source were reported by other banks on Monday. It is not the amount of the losses which make the condition serious, said Mr. Joyce, but the business customs which permit the certification of dubious checks.

On Sept. 8, Mr. Joyce said, a man who called himself McCann, and appeared to be a rugged Western farmer, introduced himself to the cashier of a local bank as a resident of Hood River, Ore. He said he wished to open an account. Without offering any introduction he discussed crop conditions in the West, and appeared to be thoroughly conversant with the Butler Banking Company of Hood River. His remarks satisfied the cashier that he came from Hood River, and when he casually remarked he was a guest at the Plaza Hotel there seemed there could be no further doubt that he was a substantial citizen of that municipality.

Neglecting to make any further inquiry, the cashier accepted from him a certified cashier's check for $3,750, drawn on the Butler Banking Company of Hood River, and extended to him the privilege of an account. On Sept. 11, the following Monday, the alleged Oregonian drew a check for $3,750 against his account, which was duly honored. The bank took the precaution, however, of wiring to Hood River to make sure of the genuineness of the check. Later in the day it received a telegram that both the check and its certification were forgeries.

After getting this startling information the bank hurried representatives to the Plaza Hotel and learned that the well-spoken stranger had taken rooms for two days and then had left without leaving his address.

In the other case, the two checks for $1,500 each had apparently been drawn by the firm of Sheafson, Hammill & Co. of 71 Broadway against different banks. The forgers had obtained blank checks of the brokerage company and had copied the signature of a member of the firm. The checks were presented at the head branch of the Empire State Trust Company on Broadway, in the purchase of $3,000 of stock transfer tax stamps. It was said yesterday that as these stamps were not numbered there was small likelihood of their being traced.

Mr. Joyce emphasized yesterday his declaration of Saturday that the policies of his company will be changed. In future it will not be responsible for any loss unless the depositor has had an account for fifteen days and the person presenting a check for certification has been identified.

"This check certification game," he said, "has been worked too easily. A bank will not cash a check for $500 unless the man who presents it is identified; but a man can get a check for $25,000 certified without the least difficulty. The supposition seems to be that the check must be right or it would not be presented for certification with such boldness. A bank readily assumes liability by certifying such a check when it would refuse the responsibility of cashing it.

"This form of fraud could also be prevented if rubber stamp manufacturers would refuse to make stamps to be used on banking paper for strangers except on the written order of the bank. A man went recently to a stamp manufacturing concern with an order for certification stamps for a certain trust company. Before filling it the manufacturer telephoned the bank, and was informed that no such stamps were required. When the man called for them he was told the stamps had been already sent to the bank. He went off in the twinkling of an eye."

Six Shots Hit 10,000-Yard Target.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—The Twenty-seventh Company of Coast Artillery, practicing with the ten-inch guns at Battery Cranston, in the Presidio Military Reservation, hit a moving target at 10,000 yards six times with six shots.

DEFENSE AGAINST THUGS.

Jewelers Form the Nucleus of a Self-Protective Organization.

For the purpose of perfecting an organization which will afford better protection to jewelers, six representatives of the largest firms in the trade in America met yesterday afternoon at the Jewelers' Board of Trade and for more than two hours debated on the ways and means of accomplishing this object. The meeting ended with the appointment of an Executive Committee as the nucleus of the proposed organization.

The meeting was called by M. D. Rothschild, President of the Jewelers' Board of Trade, who acted as Chairman. Others present were Steele F. Roberts, President of the American National Retail Jewelers' Association of Pittsburgh; F. B. Carr, President of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade of Providence; A. K. Sloan, President of the Jewelers' Security Alliance of New York; William T. Gough, President of the Jewelers' Safety Fund Society of New York, and Louis Cohan, Vice President of the National Wholesale Jewelers' Association of New York. Mr. Gough was elected Chairman of the new organization. It is expected that another meeting will be held within a fortnight.

The meeting yesterday was the culmination of a long series of complaints arising from assaults upon jewelers in various parts of the country. The climax was reached in the murder, on July 22, of Adolph Stern, a clerk in the jewelry store of Jacob Jacoby, on Sixth Avenue.

A great many means were suggested and argued yesterday for the prevention of criminal assaults on jewelers. The Executive Committee will further investigate the practical side of these suggestions.

FINGER PRINTS ACCUSE HIM.

Records Indicate That Carrara Took Part in a Burglary.

Finger prints were considered evidence enough by the Grand Jury yesterday to return an indictment against Charles Carrara, who said he was a speculator, and lived at 307 West 112th Street. He is charged with aiding in the robbery of the Wanamaker School of Hairdressing at Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street on the night of Aug. 1.

The marks left by his fingers were found on a glass door of a showcase. The door was taken to Police Headquarters and the marks photographed. Lieut. Anderson, an assistant to Capt. Faurot, the expert in matters of criminal identification, compared the prints with the records of the Rogues' Gallery and found that they were identical with the finger prints of Carrara, taken in March, 1908, when he was under arrest for burglary.

Lieut. Kenny of the West Thirtieth Street Station, who knew Carrara, was put on the case. On Aug. 30 the detective met Carrara in Forty-second Street, near Eighth Avenue, and arrested him. Carrara was arraigned before Judge Foster yesterday in the Court of General Sessions and pleaded not guilty. Bail was fixed at $3,000.

Charles Hoffman and William D. Wilson are already under arrest for the robbery of the hair goods concern, where the value of the goods stolen was placed at $8,000. The plunder was recovered when Hoffman was arrested one night as he was leaving his home with a suitcase, which was found to contain it.

PUPILS' TEETH ARE POOR.

Dental Hygiene Council Finds 60 Per Cent. Need Attention.

The first report of the school Dental Hygiene Council, appointed nearly a year ago by the Board of Education to make an examination of the school children's teeth, shows that about 60 per cent. so far examined have dental defects. It is believed that a result of the investigation will be the establishment of a regular dental inspection and clinic for the schools.

Dr. Herbert Wheeler, Vice President of the First District Dental Society, said yesterday he thought that the teeth of 50 to 60 per cent. of all school children need treatment.

"Our examination as yet has not gone far enough," said Dr. Wheeler, "for us to give a definite opinion, but the one school that we have examined is probably of much higher grade than the average. I am decidedly in favor of the city giving free dental service to the children, and I think that if the children's teeth are properly attended to before they are 12 it will prove an economic saving to the city.

"As most damage is done to the teeth between the ages of 6 and 12, it seems as if the city owed a duty to its citizens in protecting the teeth of its children. We hope to complete the examination of twelve schools in about a year, and then we will make a report to the Board of Education."

CHINAMAN SLAIN BY VENGEFUL FOES

Police Think Opium Smugglers Hacked and Stabbed Him, Believing Him to be an Informer.

HATCHET AND KNIFE FOUND

Victim Supposed to Have Been Keeping the Chinese Consul Posted on the Illicit Drug Traffic.

Yen Chung, a middle-aged Chinaman, who is cook at the chop suey restaurant at 56 West 135th Street, reported for duty at his usual hour yesterday evening. He rapped at the door of the restaurant repeatedly without response. Then he mounted the stairway to the sleeping apartments of the proprietor, Wong Ben Young, two flights up on the floor above the restaurant. Again his repeated knocks were unanswered.

At last, in alarm, Chung hurried to the street and called Policeman Schultz of the East 126th Street Station. Schultz accompanied Chung to the restaurant, which is above a negro saloon, and then to Young's apartment on the floor below a negro card club. After knocking on the door for several minutes with his club, Schultz threw his weight against it and burst it open.

On a couch in the front room he found the body of Young. Tightly wound around the throat was a blue shirt, knotted in peculiar Chinese fashion. The head was hacked and slashed. In the abdomen were several knife wounds. On the floor beside the couch Schultz found a hatchet and carving knife. He took these to the station house. Paper labels newly pasted on them gave the detectives a good clue. The police refused to divulge what was printed on these labels.

Schultz summoned a surgeon from the Harlem Hospital. After examining the body he said that Young had been dead for ten hours. Two detectives were assigned to the case. They examined the safe and cash register of the restaurant and found that they had not been touched. They then instituted a search for Wong Hoi, partner of the dead Chinaman, who went on a vacation two days ago. He was found in Mott Street, and told a story which the detectives believe explains the murder. Wong Hoi said that his partner had several enemies because of his known friendship for the Chinese Consul, and had been marked for destruction by a lawless element in Chinatown.

Since the United States law against the importation of opium has gone into effect it is known that the United States authorities have held the Chinese Consul to account for the smuggling of the contraband drug, which may not be imported for smoking purposes even under the former statute requiring the payment of a high duty. To preserve friendly relations with the United States the Consul is said to have given information about places where contraband opium has been sold in return for other services. These have been raided by the Federal authorities and large quantities of the drug seized, greatly angering the importers, among whom there are several Chinese influential in the secret societies.

Young was suspected of having communicated to the Consul the information on which the Federal authorities acted, and had received threatening messages, some of which caused his partner to go into retirement. Young laughed at the threats and went about his daily business.

Two years ago a Chinese waiter employed by Young and Hoi was mortally wounded by a negro patron of the restaurant.

Brokers Sue Joseph H. Hoadley.

Joseph H. Hoadley of International Power fame is being sued by Daniel O'Dell & Co., brokers of 71 Broadway for $1,097, the balance with interest of a debt which the brokers say Hoadley owes them on a stock transaction. According to the brokers, Hoadley authorized them to buy 1,500 shares of Manhattan Transit stock in May, 1907, and to sell the stock in the following August. Hoadley's loss was $5,735, and of this the brokers say he has paid $5,087.

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Models That Are Sure to Become Popular

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Another habit in cheviots, meltons and English mixtures has the divided or shell skirt, the latter with a concealed pocket under side-fastening, and the single-breasted coat is piped with satin down revers. This is $37.74.

At $39.74, we are showing a whipcord habit in tan and gray that would cost $60.00 if made to measure. And also Astride Habits in melton or broadcloth of long coat and breeches. Second Floor.

Wm Vogel & Son

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¶ And conspicuously to the fore for exclusiveness of style and finish, desirability of lines and superiority of fabrics, are the Saks auto garments for Fall.

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¶ Made of cheviots, English tweeds and other cloths, whose chief feature is warmth without weight, in fact and not in theory. Double breasted, Raglan or square shoulders. Some belted, others plain box effects. Slash or patch pockets. Lined or skeleton. As distinguishable from the average auto coat as a good car from an inferior one.

Women's Auto Coats 22.50 to 75.00

¶ In vicunas, cheviots and cashmere cloths, in double faced or two tone effects. Fronts and backs straight and loose, and skirts large and roomy. Collars are such as may be worn for street use or buttoned close for motoring. Slash pockets, various style revers, turn over cuffs, and buttons that are immense in size and a revelation in design. One coat buttons far to starboard with a single, solitary, lonely button half as big as a motor headlight! But that is only one of a hundred.

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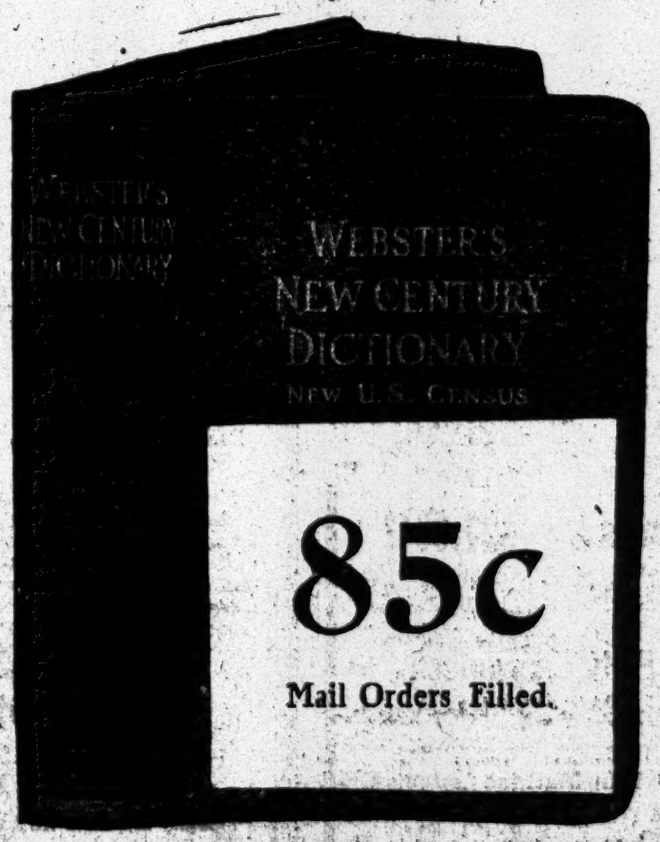

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POSSE HUNTS CAPTOR OF PREMIER'S NIECE

Fugitive Dragged Off to Woods and Beat Miss Eleanor Brice, Manitoba School Teacher.

GIRL ESCAPED NEXT DAY

Mounted Police, 300 Armed Men, and Bloodhounds on Trail—Premier Robling Joins the Man-Hunt.

SNOWFLAKE, Manitoba, Sept. 13.—Mounted police and a posse of 300 men, aided in their search by bloodhounds, have so far failed to capture the man accused of brutally abusing and keeping prisoner in the woods for thirty hours Miss Eleanor Gladys Brice, a school teacher and a niece of Premier Robling of Manitoba.

Work on farms and in the neighboring towns has been suspended while the hunt goes on for the fugitive, who is said to be Henry Bill Wilson of Hanna, N. D. He was last seen at Pembina Bridge last night, and it is feared he has escaped over the international boundary line. The bloodhounds are working well and the posses are still in pursuit. Premier Robling arrived here to-day in his automobile, and has joined in the man hunt.

Miss Brice was missing from Monday afternoon till last night, when she returned to her boarding place bearing the marks of severe ill-treatment and relating a story of being borne off into the woods by a drunken man, armed with a rifle.

The young woman had been teaching at a Riverdale school. When she failed to appear on Monday night at the Patterson home, near Riverdale, where she boarded, it was thought she had gone to stay with friends. When she still did not appear on Tuesday morning a search was started by Frank Patterson, to whom Miss Brice is engaged to be married.

When they entered the schoolhouse the searching party discovered what appeared to be evidences of a desperate struggle. There was blood in many places and fragments of torn clothing. An alarm was immediately raised. On a small bluff about fifteen yards from the schoolhouse parts of the girl's clothing were found, as well as a bottle which had contained whisky.

Upon this evidence the police decided that Miss Brice had been murdered and her body dragged from the school house to some hiding place. Working on this theory, bloodhounds were employed. The dogs picked up a trail five miles from Riverdale, leading the police in a southerly direction toward a heavily wooded district. This trail the police and armed citizens have since been following.

Last night Miss Brice returned to the Patterson home in a hysterical state and bearing evidence of having suffered inhuman treatment. She was laboring under great excitement and appeared to be in a dazed condition. Her face was badly battered, where her assailant had repeatedly beaten her. At one time, she declares, he hit her several times over the head with a whisky bottle.

Miss Brice stated that the ruffian had guarded her for thirty hours with a loaded rifle, and that she had been able to escape only when he told her to go. The young woman was suffering intensely from the shock, and it was some time before she was able to give anything like a clear account of all that happened. When she did this was her story:

She was seated in the school room, she said, when a man said to be Henry Wilson suddenly appeared in the doorway and pointed a rifle at her. She told him to shoot. A struggle followed, and Wilson hit her over the head with a bottle, and then carried her into the woods.

After a time he compelled her to walk, and they traveled deeper into the woods. Here Wilson lit a fire and here Miss Brice says she spent the long night, with Wilson watching her every move and threatening to shoot at the first outcry from her. The young woman says she heard Frank Patterson whistle, but was unable to respond. Wilson drank heavily through the night.

All night long, she declares, she moved about to keep warm, watching all the while for a chance to escape, which the menacing rifle constantly prevented. Daylight came and Wilson wanted to take her across the river. But she refused to accompany him. By this time, the girl said, Wilson's whisky and cigarettes gave out and the effects of the liquor seemed to wear off. At 7 o'clock he finally consented to allow her to return home.

"Don't go and tell them," was his parting warning, Miss Brice declares, coupled with the remark that he was "sorry this happened." Then, telling her he intended cutting all the telephone wires in the district to prevent his capture, he left her, and she made her way back to the Riverdale settlement.

Miss Brice's condition is reported improved.

FALLING, ESCAPED SHOT.

Mrs. Wm. J. Rowland Chased Negro Burglar and He Fired at Her.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 13.—Mrs. William J. Rowland of Monmouth Junction, wife of the Vice President of the Middlesex Telephone Company, had a narrow escape from death early to-day at the hands of a negro burglar. She was awakened by a noise in her bedroom and saw a negro rifling her husband's trousers, which had been left hanging on a chair. She screamed, and her husband, as he awakened, heard her say:

"There's a negro in the room."

Mr. Rowland jumped out of bed, and the intruder fled down the stairs. Mrs. Rowland was quicker than her husband, and was close after the negro when he turned and waved a revolver. Mrs. Rowland, fearing for her life, turned to go upstairs again. As she started to do so she tripped and fell. Just at that instant the burglar fired the revolver, and the bullet passed over her head and lodged in the stairway. Her fall probably saved her life.

The negro got away, but the whole countryside was alarmed and a sharp lookout was kept for him.

Two hours later Harry Scott, a contractor, heard that a negro had been seen on the Kingston Road. He jumped into his auto and took up the chase. On the road he passed a negro whom he believed to be the burglar. He hurried on to Princeton, got Policeman Kilfoil, and returned over the route. They came upon the negro and Kilfoil, leveling his revolver, ordered him to throw up his hands. The negro obeyed and was quickly handcuffed. At the Princeton station there were found in his possession a revolver, blackjack, a knife, some burglar tools, a gold ring, and a considerable sum of money, as well as a number of pawn tickets. Mr. Rowland found that $80 had been taken from his trousers pocket by the burglar.

Mrs Rowland later identified the prisoner as the man who had fired the shot at her. He gave the name of William Johnson, but refused any further information.

Hai-Chi's Sailors Seeing New York.

Two hundred and thirty-three sailors of the Chinese cruiser Hai-Chi, at anchor in the North River, came ashore to-day, and in small squads, each in command of a commissioned officer of the Chinese Navy, are being taken about the city to see the sights. Some of them went down Broadway and looked up at the skyscrapers, others visited the department stores: several groups went to the parks and places of amusement, but all ended up in Chinatown.

CITY BREVITIES.

The time for wearing Summer uniforms in the Fire Department has been extended until Oct. 15 by Commissioner Johnson.

Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins and Borough President Miller will hold a joint meeting at the Bronx Borough Hall, 177th Street and Third Avenue, this evening, to consider waterfront and waterway improvements there.

Judge Lacombe signed an order yesterday in the United States Circuit Court adjourning the foreclosure sale of the property and franchises of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, which was set for next Thursday, to Nov. 9th. The reason assigned for the postponement is that the reorganization plan is still pending before the Public Service Commission.

STRAUS TELLS OF HIS WORK.

Appeals to Congress at Berlin to Aid Pasteurization Movement.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—Nathan Straus, delegate from the United States Government to the third International Congress for the Protection of Infants, now in session here, told the congress to-day the story of his twenty years' experience in modifying and pasteurizing milk for infants. He described the spread of the work from New York to other American cities and to Europe and of its final undertaking as a municipal duty. He urged his hearers to encourage the movement.

In the course of his address Mr. Straus referred to the need of pasteurization in Europe, saying:

"With the great increase in population and in industry in Germany and other progressive countries conditions have changed so as to make this necessity urgent. Instead of the cows having the benefits of having life in the open fields they are more and more shut up in stables, which increases their susceptibility to tuberculosis. No longer does any doubt exist as to the dangers of raw milk from tuberculous cows; neither can there be any reason to hesitate over adopting that means of safety that is afforded by pasteurization. Moreover, there are the other diseases that may be transmitted in milk—typhoid fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, and intestinal disorders, and the last is more fatal than any other ailment in babies, causing 37 per cent. of all deaths under one year."

In conclusion Mr. Straus said:

"Summing up my twenty years' practical experience most conservatively I can state with certainty that excessive infantile mortality has been immediately checked wherever I have supplied pasteurized, modified milk, and the rate has been cut down to at least half the average for the preceding five years.

"The prevention of sickness among babies is a public duty. This is demanded by humanity and by public policy. Sickness and death are among the chief burdens of the poor and the cause of much poverty. The systematic prevention of the diseases that are caused by impure raw milk will do more than anything else to lift these burdens.

"Who can estimate the happiness that can be brought into the world by these means? Who can realize what it will mean to mothers to prevent milk being, as it is now, the means of spreading tuberculosis and other infectious diseases? Blessed is the home in which the prattle of babies is heard. Blessed will this congress be if it promotes measures to prevent the stilling of the voices of the babies in death."

ENGLISH VOLUNTEER POLICE.

Government Plans the Formation of a Force in Each Large City.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—It is announced that the Government contemplates the formation of a volunteer police force in each of the large centres of population.

This is for the purpose of coping with emergencies like the recent strike troubles.

8 MADERO SUPPORTERS SLAIN

State Guards Fire Into Train—Excursionists Began the Fight.

MERIDA, Yucatan, Sept. 13.—Eight men were killed and sixteen wounded when State Guards fired into a special train full of excursionists coming to join in the manifestation last night in honor of Francisco I. Madero, Jr.

According to the authorities the excursionists were to blame. Indulgence in too much intoxicating liquor had lifted the enthusiasm on the train to a high point. As the train, loaded to its capacity, was entering this city the visitors saw the guards, and, it is asserted, began firing. Their only victim was a child.

Immediately the guards returned the fire. On account of the crowded condition of the coaches almost every bullet hit a passenger.

"ARMY" HAD THREE RIFLES.

Also One Old Pistol—Latest Mexican Revolt a Fiasco.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Sept. 13.—An attack upon Juarez by a band of 160 Liberals, warning of which threw this city into great excitement last night, failed to materialize owing to the inability of the Liberal Junta in El Paso to supply arms and ammunition.

The band, composed of about thirty Americans, a few Germans and Italians, and a hundred or more Mexicans, gathered on the banks of the Rio Grande to receive the arms that had been promised. They were met by a member of the Junta with three rifles and an old pistol, with the information that "This is the best the Junta can do."

Disgusted, the "army of invasion" disbanded, and, according to its leader, an American, the threatened Liberal uprising ended with this fiasco.

Troops were sent in pursuit of the Liberals, but none could be found.

CHOLERA ON THE INCREASE.

But No Case Has Arrived at a United States Port Since Aug. 18.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Although the cholera-infected area of Europe has increased, no cholera case has arrived at a United States port since Aug. 18, according to an announcement by the Public Health Service to-day.

The epidemic is undiminished in Italy, is present in European and Asiatic Turkey, and in Marseilles, and is on the increase in Russia.

American officials are watching emigrant stations abroad closely in order to safeguard the United States against the disease. Surgeon Eagar, at Palermo, has been ordered to Marseilles.

CHOLERA HORRORS IN TURKEY

Living and Dead Victims Thrown from Trains—Sick Unattended.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to the Novoe Vremya from Constantinople describing the horrors of the cholera epidemic in Macedonia says that soldiers are crowded in locked cars when ill and are left without water or medical aid.

On the Mitrovitza-Uskub Railroad living and dead victims of the cholera have been thrown from car windows by their comrades.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 13.—It is reported here that the British War Office is arranging to send very soon 1,000 European artillery and infantry to strengthen the local garrison, in view of the increased importance of the station which will come with the opening of the Panama Canal. It is expected that the naval yard at Port Royal, which was burned last Spring, will soon be reopened.

HANOVER, Sept. 13.—At the village of Wassel a laborer named Zautze, while suffering from melancholia, cut the throats of his wife and five children with a razor and then hanged himself.

ANTWERP, Sept. 13.—The fire that destroyed woodyards, a railway station, and many houses last night burned itself out to-day. It is estimated that the loss will be nearly $2,000,000.

WHOLE OF SZE-CHUEN SAID TO HAVE RISEN

Viceroy's Yamen at Cheng-Tu Reported to Have Been Destroyed—Many Rebels Slain.

FOREIGNERS' FATE IN DOUBT

One Dispatch Says They Have Gone to Chung-King—Fear That China Is Approaching a Great Crisis.

LONDON, Thursday, Sept. 14.—A Shanghai dispatch to a news bureau here says it is reported that the entire Province of Sze-Chuen is in revolt. The telegram adds that the rebels will, it is expected, declare their independence.

A news dispatch received yesterday from Tsu-Chau says that the Prefect of Police there has attempted to communicate with Cheng-Tu by messengers, but that they were unable to get through the lines of rioters, who were attacking the city at four points. Troops, the dispatch adds, line the walls of Cheng-Tu, defending the city.

Tsu-Chau is seventy-five miles southeast of Cheng-Tu, the capital of Sze-Chuen, and is nearer the capital than any other point from which news of the rebellion has been sent to the outside world. It is about half way between Cheng-Tu and Sui-Fu, where British refugees were reported as having arrived safely.

Yesterday afternoon the Foreign Office received advices from the British Consul at Cheng-Tu, sent under date of Sept. 9. They state that there was fighting within the walls of Cheng-Tu on Sept. 7, when some persons were killed and others wounded both among the populace and the soldiers, who engaged each other in the streets. The rebels were easily repulsed and the gates of the city were closed. The shops were shut up.

On the following day roughs from the suburbs attacked the city gates, but were driven back.

The advices add that the American and British residents of Cheng-Tu who did not leave the city on Sept. 7 still remained in the capital, as the Governor General refused to permit them to depart on Sept. 8 owing to the presence of the rabble outside the walls. The French missionaries had decided to remain in the city. The mail service to and from Cheng-Tu has been interrupted.

HAN-KOW, Sept. 13.—The native press publishes a report that the Viceroy's yamen at Cheng-Tu has been destroyed and that many rioters have been killed.

It is reported also that the foreigners have gone to Chung-King under escort.

The situation is considered very grave. The Viceroy has about 2,000 troops at Cheng-Tu and 8,000 altogether in the province.

Reinforcements cannot reach Cheng-Tu in less than a month.

PEKING, Sept. 13.—The latest advices received by the Chinese Foreign Board and the foreign legations indicate that Cheng-Tu is being besieged; that most, if not all the missionaries are inside the walls, and that the city is garrisoned by 1,800 troops who have had several engagements with the besieging forces.

A dispatch dated Sept. 12 from the Prefect of Tsu-Chau, about 75 miles southeast of Cheng-Tu, says that the troops, when the dispatch was sent out, were firing upon the rebels from the Cheng-Tu walls and that the besiegers had lost many men. It is believed at Tsu-Chau that the garrison is capable of resisting the attacks of any number of organized rebels from the outside.

A telegram received to-day from the British Consul at Cheng-Tu, dated Sept. 9, and brought through the besieging rabble by a messenger, states that the Viceroy deemed the departure of the missionaries from Cheng-Tu to be undesirable and therefore detained five boatloads that were starting.

The Canadian Methodist compound within the city has open spaces around its walls. It is believed that the foreigners have taken refuge within this compound, which is considered the strongest and the most easily defended. Peking missionaries who have been in previous riots at Cheng-Tu say that whatever Chinese troops were dispatched to guard the mission would be stationed outside the compounds and would not be permitted under any circumstances to get within the gates.

Whether the foreigners and the natives inside the walls are prepared to endure a siege is not known. The question of supplies is an all-important one, and it is probable, in view of past experiences, that the missionaries have taken precautions against such a contingency. The missionaries, however, possess no weapons, unless arms have been supplied by the Viceroy.

Every effort is being made to communicate with Cheng-Tu, but so far there has been no movement to relieve the city.

Foreigners here seem confident of the ability of the Viceroy to suppress the uprising.

The southern section of Sze-Chuen continues loyal, although the natives sympathize with the opponents of railway construction. All gatherings in Peking in sympathy with the revolutionary movement in Sze-Chuen have been dispersed by the police.

A dispatch from Kai-ting-Fu, to the south of Cheng-Tu, says that the foreign missionaries stationed there have started for the Yang-tse. These include three men and their wives and a woman doctor. The foreign gunboats have been unable to proceed above Sui-Fu.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—In the opinion of students of Oriental affairs China is rapidly approaching a great crisis in her history.

The uprising in Sze-Chuen Province will, it is expected, extend to other neighboring provinces, and especially to the southward, where the Mongolian element has for many years been opposed to the reigning Manchu dynasty.

It is believed here that the Government will be able to suppress the present disturbance, though the disastrous flooding of the Yang-tse Valley is likely to drive thousands of the natives, whose means of support have been destroyed, into the ranks of the revolutionists. But it is believed that this Sze-Chuen uprising is only the precursor of other outbreaks in different parts of the empire. The fact is that the struggle now going on is really a test of the relative strength of the Central Government as opposed to the Provincial Governments; in other words, the situation resembles the great feudal wars of Europe in the middle ages. Japan had to pass through a similar ordeal before the Emperor was able to break the power of his mutinous barons, and it is believed that the Chinese Government will now be put to the same test.

While the sympathy of Occidental nations must remain with the Chinese central Government, there can be no interference in this great internal strife, and the activities of other nations, at least for the present, must be confined to the protection of their citizens resident in China.

The American squadron, which has been making its way up the Yang-tse from Shanghai to Nan-King, has reached Sai-Kwan, the port of Nan-King, and Admiral Murdock has taken command of the expedition, transferring his flag from the Saratoga to the New Orleans. While he originally intended that these deep-draught vessels should stop at Nan-King, the Admiral has now changed his plan, and will proceed with his squadron about 250 miles further up the river to Han-Kow, which marks the limit of deep-water navigation. This movement is made possible by the fact that the Yang-tse is greatly swollen by the flood, which is the greatest since 1839.

AN ENGLISH-RUSSIAN MATCH.

Report that Prince Arthur of Connaught Is to Wed a Grand Duchess.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—An interesting report current is that Prince Arthur of Connaught, son of the Duke of Connaught, the newly commissioned Governor General of Canada, is engaged to marry Princess Irene, daughter of Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch and the Grand Duchess Xenia Alexandrovna. The latter is a sister of Emperor Nicholas of Russia.

It is stated that the formal announcement of the betrothal will be made before the Connaughts sail for Canada.

THE FIRST WOMAN DIPLOMAT.

Miss Luisi Appointed Attache of Uruguay's Legation at Brussels.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The first woman to enter the diplomatic service of any country is Miss Clotilde Luisi, who has been appointed by the President of Uruguay an attaché of the Uruguayan Legation at Brussels.

Miss Luisi recently obtained the university degree of Doctor of Laws.

VERMONT FARMER SLAIN.

His Body Found Badly Battered—Apparently Clubbed to Death.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 13.—News of a murder in the town of Fayston, about fifteen miles west of this city, reached here to-day. The body of James C. Baird, a farmer about 45 years of age, was found early this forenoon lying beside the road not far from his home in Pigeon Hollow, South Fayston. The head was badly battered, and it appeared evident that the man had been clubbed to death.

Baird's body was found by Charles Croumie, a teamster employed by Nelson Sorrell. Croumie was driving a load of lumber along the highway when his horses shied. Croumie then discovered the body just off the road near a wire fence.

Sorrell said to-day that two strangers called at his house last night and asked if they might spend the night there. They said, according to Sorrell, that they had been at Baird's house and had had trouble. Sorrell told them that he had no room in the house, but that they might sleep in his barn. This they did, and they went away this morning before Baird's body was found.

INSANE NEGRO KILLS GUARD.

Working in Field with Other Patients, Attacked Attendant with Pick.

NORRISTOWN, Penn., Sept. 13.—While guarding several patients in a field at the State Hospital for the Insane in this place to-day, Joseph Mueller, an attendant, was killed by Benjamin K. Price, an insane negro.

Mueller ordered Price to pick up some stones. This angered the negro and he turned on the guard and hit him on the head with a pick. As the guard fell Price struck him several more blows.

Mueller was 31 years old, and before coming to Norristown lived at 209 East Forty-fifth Street, New York City.

LEPER DISAPPEARS.

Filipino Isolated in Washington Believed to Have Gone to Manila.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Accleto Palaby, a Philippine native, whom the health authorities have isolated as a leper on the banks of the eastern branch of the Potoma River the last six months, has left Washington secretly, and is understood to be on his way to Manila, where his parents live.

The District Government officials stated they were not ready to announce his destination.

MEET FOR FIRST TIME AT 99.

Two Minneapolis Men Dine Together to Celebrate the Birthday of One.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 13.—William Bell to-day ate heartily at a dinner given in honor of his ninety-ninth birthday anniversary.

By his side, with an appetite just as keen, was Benjamin West, Sr., who was 99 last month. Although both men have lived in Minneapolis for years, to-day's dinner brought them together for the first time.

LAVA FROM ETNA IS NEAR RAILWAY

Stations at Moio and Alcantara Abandoned—Tracks Removed to Save Material.

79 NEW FISSURES OPENED

Each Is Belching Forth Lava and Smoke—Fifty Earthquake Shocks in Twenty-four Hours.

CATANIA, Sept. 13.—The eruption of Mount Etna is assuming the proportions of a real disaster.

The lava stream, the path of which crosses the railway line that circles the volcano, is approaching the railway stations to the north and is particularly threatening the stations at Moio and Alcantara, which were abandoned to-day.

Squads of laborers were at work early in the day taking up the railway tracks and removing all transportable material to places of safety, with the idea of minimizing the loss.

The entire crest of Mount Etna appears to be in a state of ebullition. The exact number of fissures is impossible to determine, because of the smoke which shrouds the mountain, but this afternoon it was reported that a total of seventy-nine new fissures, belching forth smoke and lava, had opened in the volcano since the disturbance began.

The river of lava, which is moving slowly northward, has increased in volume and has extended eight miles from its source. It is carrying destruction through the invaded districts and already the houses of several peasants have been overwhelmed.

The earthquakes continue, terrifying the people for miles about. At Zafferana, on the north coast of Sicily, fifty shocks were recorded in twenty-four hourus.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Sulphur importers who were affected by the Treasury Department's recent ruling imposing a duty upon refined sulphur from the craters of volcanoes in Japan, have complained that Mount Etna also refines its sulphur by its own intense heat and that its product should come under the same classification.

With strict regard for the official routine, they have been advised that so long as Etna continues to emit a stream of lava 2,000 feet wide and four feet deep the Treasury Department finds it inexpedient to send a customs Inspector to the crater to examine the sulphur, but surances are given that it will be done as soon as possible.

The most severe previous eruptions of Mount Etna in the Christian era, so far as they are recorded, occurred in the years 1169, 1527, 1669, 1693, 1792, 1879, 1886, and 1892. There are records of eleven eruptions previous to the Christian era, the first being about B. C. 476.

In 1169 A. D. Catania was destroyed and 15,000 persons were killed. In 1527 two entire villages were buried and many persons lost their lives. Catania was again desolated in 1669, when the number of killed was estimated at 20,000, while in 1693, though the damage to property was not as great as in 1669, there were quite as many human victims.

Etna is, as a rule, active at intervals of four or five years, but there appears to be no regular interval between destructive eruptions.

The gravity of the present eruption is indicated by the abandonment of the railway stations of Molo and Alcantara. Alcantara marked the limit of the lava flow in the eruption of 1879. Molo was threatened at that time, but escaped.

The slopes of Etna, with an area of more than 400 square miles, support a population more dense than that of any other equal portion of Sicily or Italy. There are sixty-five cities and villages in the area, and the number of inhabitants who obtain an excellent agricultural living from the fertile lava beds totals more than 300,000.

FOOD RIOTING RENEWED.

Many Persons Hurt at Creil, Near Paris—Mob Builds Barricades.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—The war against the high price of food, which has been languishing for the last few days, owing either to the vigorous precautions of the authorities or the palliative measures of the Mayors in establishing municipal butcheries and other food depots, burst forth afresh to-day.

In several districts there were violent disorders, which indicated that professional agitators were again at work. At Creil, thirty-two miles north of Paris, barricades were formed with telegraph poles. One of exceptional strength was built around a huge boiler surmounted by a red flag, and it required a large force of troops to storm it successfully. In the engagement large numbers on both sides were injured. The streets of Creil to-night are patroled by soldiers.

Charleville also was the scene of serious disturbances to-day. Crowds of persons from the surrounding country, armed with pitchforks, attempted a regular investment of the town. A regiment of dragoons, hastily summoned, charged the manifestants, scattering them in all directions.

At Lorient the mobs, not satisfied with proclaiming a boycott of the market, upset the stalls and threw into the streets the various articles exposed for sale.

SAYS BOMBS AREN'T WEAPONS

Costabile's Lawyer Tries to Convince the Court That They Are Not.

The case of Giuseppe Costabile, the alleged Black Hand leader, was up before Judge Foster in the Court of General Sessions for a short time yesterday and was put over until to-morrow. Costabile, who was arrested on Sept. 5 with a bomb under his coat, was represented by John Cardone.

The lawyer moved that the indictment be dismissed on the ground that a bomb was not a weapon under the new Sullivan law, and argued that the only way the State could hold Costabile was on a misdemeanor charge. Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel argued that the bomb came within the limits of the statute. He showed where a torpedo had been held as a dangerous weapon by the New York Court of Appeals, and asked for immediate trial. Judge Foster gave Cardone until Friday to file his briefs.

The question of bail was brought up by Cardone, who thought it ought to be fixed at $2,000 instead of $10,000. Judge Foster said he would decide about the bail when the briefs were returned. In the meantime Costabile remains in the Tombs Prison.

ACTRESS ASKS $50,000.

Retired When Allen Proposed and Now, She Says, He Won't Wed.

Walter C. Allen, connected with a taxicab company at 1,934 Broadway, is defendant in a $50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Elise Elaine Hamilton, an actress. Miss Hamilton, who filed her papers yesterday, alleges that Allen proposed marriage to her on Jan. 15, 1908, but that he has refused to wed her.

As a result of his proposal, she says, she abandoned her stage work, at which she was earning $25 a week, and in the preparation for which she had spent large sums of money. As a result of this withdrawal from active work Miss Hamilton says that her abilities have been allowed to flag until she is practically barred from the theatrical profession.

T. D. CRIMMINS'S WILL FILED.

Many Charities Remembered—Bulk of the Estate Left to His Daughter.

The will of Thomas D. Crimmins, who died last Friday, was filed for probate yesterday. It contains several bequests to charitable organizations. No petition accompanied the will, and the amount of the estate is not given.

He left $50,000 and the house at 725 Park Avenue, with all its furnishings, his horses, carriages, and jewelry, to his daughter, Mrs. Mary Burke. To his sister, Annie L. Haggerty, he left $25,000, and to Mary Cherry, a niece, $15,000. His nephew, Dan J. Dowdney, a clerk in the Surrogate's Court, receives $10,000, and a like amount is given to David Crimmins. To the Rev. Joseph L. Hoey, the Rev. D. J. Gleason, the Rev. C. J. Shyne, and the Rev. David J. Crimmins he left $500 each. Harry Meehan receives $1,000, Patrick O'Keefe $500, and Edward Dunn $2,000.

Mr. Crimmins's bequests to charity include $2,000 to St. Vincent Hospital and $2,000 to the Seton Hospital, $1,000 to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, $750 to the Dominican Sisters, and $500 each to the Little Sisters of the Poor, the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, the Sisters of Misericorde, St. Joseph's Hospital, and St. John's Day Nursery.

The rest of the estate is left in trust for his daughter, Mrs. Burke, and at her death is to be divided among her grandchildren.

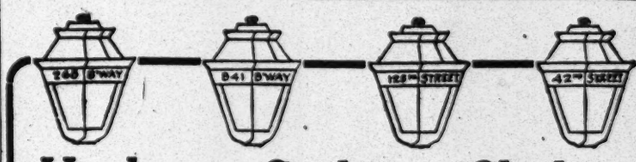
ORDERS WOMAN'S HAT OFF.

Court Clerk Thought a Man the Offender, but Miss Pugh Obeys.

Justice Pendleton had just taken his seat in Part I. of the Supreme Court yesterday, and Clifford D. Boese, the Court Clerk, began to call the calendar when he thought that he saw among the hundreds of lawyers present one who had forgotten to remove his hat.

"Take off your hat," Boese called out, looking at a point near the door, and every man in the room followed his gaze.

Sitting quietly on a bench in the rear of the room was Lucile Pugh, a lawyer of 76 Wall Street. In confusion Miss Pugh removed the offending hat and until her case was called sat uncovered.



Hackett, Carhart Clothes for Fall—$15 to $45

"Nothing succeeds like success." Since the reorganization of this old-established business last Spring we have opened two new stores, one on 125th Street and one on 42d Street.

Already these stores are too small. We are making them twice their size. What better proof of the goodness of Hackett, Carhart clothes and the greatness of Hackett, Carhart values could one ask?

The assortment of men's, young men's, boys' and children's suits for Fall is now complete in all four stores.

You will be delighted when you visit one of our stores to select your Fall clothes.

Custom Tailoring

This is a new department in all our four stores.

It is for the man who prefers made-to-measure garments.

In tailoring, style, quality and EXCLUSIVENESS of fabric and luxury of finish, our made-to-measure garments are excelled by none, even those costing much more.

Over a thousand styles of finest domestic and imported woolens and worsteds await your selection now.

Sack Suits, made-to-measure,

$25 to $60

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway, Corner 13th St. | 119 W. 42d St., Near Broadway | 125th Street, Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

Lord & Taylor

Founded 1826

Opening Sale of

MEN'S BOOTS

Our Entire New Fall Stock of $5.00 and $6.00 values at $3.95 per pair

Boys' Boots

sizes 1 to 6

$2.25 & $2.95

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Advertising in all branches

Cheltenham Advertising Service

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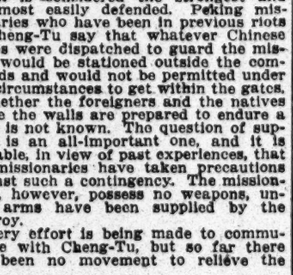
"A Machine a Minute"



That was the Remington announcement several weeks ago. This remarkable sale, breaking all records in typewriter history, is the direct result of the constantly growing fame and tremendous popularity of the Remington Visible Models. In selling these latest Remingtons, previous models were accepted in part payment. We saw our opportunity for a "Home Run," and put in a bid with the Remington people for the turned in machines. We got them at an unheard of low figure and are thus enabled to offer a limited number of

No. 6 Remingtons for $27.00!!

Think of it! Remington No. 6 model at a price never heard of before! The world's standard! The typewriter you always wanted! The machine that always sold for $100! The best built machine of its day and now the best rebuilt! Little used when we got them. Now thoroughly reconstructed, realigned, readjusted, they perform like new. Refinished and renickeled, they look like new.

Absolutely and Fully Guaranteed

Like the brand-new machine as to quality, efficiency, workmanship. They bear our trademark. The white hand under "Factory Rebuilt." That trademark and the company back of it say that our guarantee is good. These machines can be seen at both of our stores. First come, first served, of course. The special price holds good only while limited supply lasts.

Call!! Telephone!! Write!!

American Writing Machine Company,

345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5468 Franklin.

10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6383 Cortlandt.

We Also Rent Machines 3 Months for $5.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Overcoats for Fall and Winter 1911-1912

ARE ready now. The cumulative experience of 66 years devoted to the building of better clothes for men is spread before you in glad array, in an assortment of fabrics and models never equalled in the history of the Smith Gray & Co. stores.

Smith Gray & Co. Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats range in price from

18.00 to 50.00

Fall Overcoats, in Black and Oxford, Silk Lined, 18.50.

Here is the highest known standard of workmanship, fabric and style, and the models bear that individual, distinctive stamp that has made Smith Gray & Co. tailoring the choice of the better dressed men of New York for more than 66 years.

Upwards of 2,000 Standard 25.00 Fall and Winter Suits, 18.50

HERE is, without any question, the most wonderful suit value in New York.

The fabric is from one of the foremost American weavers and is a standard employed by houses of the better grade in their best 25.00 Suits.

The models include the new English soft roll, no padding, semi-soft roll and the new distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models for men, young men and boys.

Combined as nowhere else in the city are fabric, style, service and value.

Last Opportunity for Our Light and Medium Weight Suits.

Suits—values to 27.50 **12.50**

Suits—values to 37.50 **17.50**

Suits—values to 45.00 **25.00**

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

TRY TO DISQUALIFY EARLE FOR MAYOR

Swore Off Taxes as a Non-Resident of Philadelphia, as Roosevelt Did Here.

GRAFT DISCLOSURES GROW

City Mulcted of $700,000 and Penrose Faction Will Sue to Force Reyburnites to Disgorge.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—In the increasingly bitter Republican factional contest, intensified daily by contract exposures, the uppermost question to-day was whether George H. Earle, Jr., had disqualified himself to be a candidate for Mayor of Philadelphia by having sworn in 1907 that he was not a resident of Philadelphia when the real estate assessors sought to impose a personal property tax on him for 1908.

The question as to Mr. Earle's eligibility has been suggested from time to time by his opponents by reason of his having voted in lower Radnor Township and his statement in March this year that he had not lived in Philadelphia for the last six years, except that occasionally on opera nights he stopped in his Walnut Street residence. It was not until to-day when representatives for the Republican Nomination League talked of attacking his eligibility in court and produced his affidavit swearing off property taxes for 1908 that the Penrose leaders considered the matter seriously.

Despite Mr. Earle's affidavit, Penrose leaders say that John G. Johnson and Attorney General Bell have declared that Mr. Earle is eligible to be Mayor. They were fully advised of this affidavit, as well as his previous statements, and his having voted in Radnor Township in 1906. Mr. Earle, himself, says, as do eminent lawyers, that he is eligible, and further that he does not have to actually "reside" here, but merely be an "inhabitant," and that he has been an inhabitant of the city while actually living and sometimes voting in Delaware County.

The courts will probably be asked to enjoin the City Commissioners from printing his name on the primary ballot, and in that way a decision will be had on the question of Mr. Earle's qualifications.

His case resembles that of Theodore Roosevelt when he was a candidate for Governor of New York, he having taken a similar oath that he was not a resident of New York State for purposes of personal property taxation.

The City Charter requires that a Mayor must be a citizen of the State five years and an inhabitant of the city five years before his election. The real question is: "What is an inhabitant?" Many lawyers say that an inhabitant is an actual voter of the city.

Criminal and civil suits similar to those which grew out of the State Capitol job it was announced to-day, after conferences had been held by counsel with Senator Penrose, would be started before the last of this month as the result of the exposures of alleged collusion between city officials and contractors as brought out in the hearings of the Catlin Commission, investigating matters in the Department of Public Safety.

It was announced that the experts had announced that the city had been robbed of approximately $700,000 as the result of changed specifications. Evidence of this grafting, it is said, has been placed before the investigators. Counsel and Attorney General Bell are quoted as being satisfied that greater wrongdoing could be shown in a court by unfriendly witnesses.

Civil suits, the investigators say, will be brought to obtain restitution, and already the advisability of ending the hearings and transferring the cases to a court is being seriously considered.

Evidence was so damaging to-day that Mr. Bell said that it seems unnecessary for the commission to continue its sessions, inasmuch as the proper place to bring the inquiry to a legal conclusion is in the courts.

It has not been decided whether the League Island Park contracts and the charges of Penrose-McNichol publications that Director Clay and Mayor Reyburn obtained vast sums by loans and otherwise will be brought before the commission. The Penrose leaders are fearful that if the sessions continue much longer that there will be a wholesale demand for an investigation which may lead into undesirable channels.

Fear is also expressed that the lawyer for the publication, who desires to conduct the loan feature before the commission, may introduce evidence beyond the unexpected limit o fthe inquiry.

It is known to the investigators that Senator Penrose, as the leader, will be asked by his opponents to explain the vast resources which were turned into the coffers o fthe State Committee in 1907 by the whisky and beer manufacturers with which to fight local option.

While next Tuesday has been announced as the next hearing, the commission may not resume its hearings until after civil and criminal actions have been started. These can be begun in the usual way—the issuance of a warrant by the Taxpayers' Committee, or by initiation on the part of the District Attorney. The latter procedure is an unusual one.

Testimony tending to show that the city lost $39,000 in a contract for a police and fire station built by John R. Wiggins & Co. was submitted to-day to the investigating committee. George M. Carville, an estimator on building construction, formerly employed by the Wiggins Company, testified that the police and fire station built at Third and Race Streets at a cost of approximately $125,000 could have been built for $86,000.

The witness, under the questioning of Attorney General Bell, told in detail how the city is alleged to have been defrauded of the money and how specifications on which bids were made and specifications on which the police and fire station was built had been changed with regard to the quality of materials. This testimony was given on direct examination.

Yesterday Carville told of the alleged close connection between the Department of Public Safety and John R. Wiggins & Co., and to-day he was put through a rigid cross-examination by counsel for Henry Clay, director of the Department of Public Safety. Carville said that the Wiggins firm sometimes had two weeks' advance knowledge of plans and specifications on which bids were to be asked. The witness also testified that the specifications in some instances were changed at the suggestion of the Wiggins company before bids were advertised for.

In going to City Hall for advance plans and specifications Carl Zilenziger, Assistant City Architect, told Carville never to go to the architect's office when Chief Architect Powell was in the office. Powell died last year and Zilenziger succeeded him as head of the office.

While Carville was on the stand he was asked if it ever happened that Wiggins & Co. were not the lowest bidder, and he answered in the affirmative.

"What happened," he was asked.

"New bids were advertised for."

"Who then got all the contracts?"

"Wiggins & Co."

Other evidence of a minor character tending to show alleged collusion between the Department of Public Safety and Wiggins & Co. was brought out in the questioning of other witnesses.

The commission adjourned until next Tuesday.

TO IMPEACH GOV. BLEASE.

Plan on Foot to Accuse Him of Taking Bribes and Being a Lobbyist.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 13.—Leaders of the opposition to Gov. Cole L. Blease are getting evidence as a basis for impeachment proceedings which it is positively asserted will be filed against him when the South Carolina Legislature convenes in January. It is said that the specific charges will be accepting bribes when a member of the State Senate, and being a lobbyist in the employ of the whisky dealers and corporate interests while a member of the State Senate. Other forms of moral turpitude are also mentioned.

A resolution is to be introduced, it is said, to impeach him. If this is passed, the articles of impeachment will be ready to be filed at once. Upon these the State Senate, sitting as a high court of impeachment, will try him. Blease's opponents believe that nearly two-thirds of the members of the Legislature are inimical to the Governor.

In a speech made at Spartanburg on July 4, Gov. Blease said that impeachment proceedings had been threatened against him and that if he were impeached and removed from the office of Governor, he would run for and be elected to the United States Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Gov. Blease of South Carolina, who is in this city, declares that the proposed effort to impeach him will fall flat. According to the Governor the charges are old ones revived by his enemies.

80 CASES AGAINST ROADS.

United States Court Calendar Almost Entirely Devoted to Them.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The calendar for the September term of the United States District Court, now in session in Canandaigua, is almost entirely made up of actions brought by the Government against railroads.

There are sixty-six against the Lake Shore & Michigan Railroad Company, ten against the New York Central, two against the Erie, and two against the Nickel Plate, the Government seeking to recover penalties in all the actions for alleged failure to properly feed, water, and care for livestock in transit.

Judge Hazel imposed a fine of $200 and costs on the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company for two violations. The cases against the Lake Shore & Michigan Railroad were put over the term.

NEGRO BOY FOISTED ON HER.

Mrs. Shull Thought She Was to Give a Home to a White Girl Baby.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 13.—Any one who would like to exchange a white girl baby for a tiny negro boy should communicate with Mrs. Thomas Shull of Twelfth and West Avenues, Ocean City, N. J. She has made application to the New Jersey Children's Home Society here, but it is without power to act in the matter.

Some time ago Mrs. Shull saw an advertisement in a Philadelphia paper, in which a home was sought for a girl baby. She replied, and the little negro boy was sent to her. It is of very light complexion, and was not known to be of colored birth until an agent of the society inquired into its antecedents.

NEW ENGLAND PRAISE FOR TAFT POLICIES

President One Who "Would Rather Do Something and Be Wrong Than Do Nothing and Be Right."

RECEIVES COMMERCIAL MEN

H. N. Davidson, Speaking for 28 Trade Organizations, Says History Will Justify Taft's Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Sept. 13.—President Taft to-day received New England's approval of his Administration as expressed by Herbert N. Davidson of Worcester, President of the New England Association of Commercial Executives. This body represents twenty-eight trade organizations in the six New England States, with a population of two millions. Mr. Davidson was one of a party of sixty members of the association attending a meeting in Salem, and this afternoon they motored to Beverly to see the President, who received them cordially, to bid God-speed to his Western trip.

Mr. Davidson expressed confidence in the judgment of the President and faith in his policies, especially reciprocity with Canada, conservation of the country's resources, and the establishment of a Tariff Board, and told the President that his organization was satisfied that if he had made mistakes they were mistakes of an honest man who would rather do something and be wrong than do nothing and be right.

In the course of his speech Mr. Davidson said:

"You have done well and you will be justified by history, if you are not by the passion of the hour. The great masses of our people, all of whom would be vitally affected by any radical change for the worse in their living conditions, are singularly dependent upon you, and although they may be temporarily misled, in the end they will realize that you are all that we know you to be—their true and lasting friend. We are no among those who deplore this as a degenerate age and regard existing conditions as uniformly and universally bad. On the contrary, we believe that th American people were never better housed, better fed, better clothed, and as a rule better paid than to-day, and we are anxious that if many changes are contemplated in our industrial condition they shall be made after a thorough investigation by a strictly non-partisan body of men whose findings shall not be colored by the desire for political success, but rather by a sincere wish to improve upon the splendid civilization we already boast.

In reply the President said:

"I am very much touched by your coming here to bid me Godspeed on my Western trip. I am going to do the best I can on this trip to talk to the people on the issues of the day, not alone the political issues, for there are a great many issues that it is well for the people to consider that do not attract politicians at all. They are the issues that do not figure in the headlines and yet contribute much to the welfare of the people, and it is well for the people to understand them. They are issues that come up in the executive office and in Congress every session. They concern the administration of the Government, its efficiency and its economy and those matters I hope to discuss with other things.

"I am very much obliged to you for giving me up this stirrup cup of tonic, which, I am sure, will last through my trip."

The President put in a busy day. Secretary Franklin MacVeagh of the Treasury came from Dublin, N. H., where he has been spending the Summer, and lunched with the President. Departmental affairs were talked over, but the Secretary would not talk about what was said.

The Japanese Ambassador, Viscount Uchida, was an afternoon caller. He will leave Washington for home on Sept. 21, and his call to Beverly was to bid farewell to the President. Senator George Peabody Wetmore of Rhode Island with J. S. Tichenor, head of the International Y. M. C. A. Committee on Army and Navy Work, called to ask the President if he would attend the dedication of the new army and navy Y. M. C. A. building at Newport in November. The President said that he would like to go if the date could be arranged so that on his return he could attend the meeting of the Yale corporation when he comes from Washington for that purpose.

William Bayard Hale, Robert C. Morris of New York, and Jerome A. Petitti of Boston paid calls of a social nature.

To-morrow the President will receive Admiral Ching Pih Kwang of the Chinese Navy, who left Washington for Beverly last evening. He will be accompanied by his suite and may arrive at Beverly in time for luncheon.

Everything possible is being cleared up for the departure of the President on Friday night on his Western trip. The Executive Office force has been working until the small hours getting things in shape, and will return to Washington as soon as the President leaves. A detail of Secret Service agents will be kept at Beverly while Mrs. Taft stays here. On present plans she will not leave here much before Oct. 15.

ROOSEVELT WON'T SPEAK.

Because of His 1911 Resolution Chicago Children Miss a "Circus."

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Because ex-President Theodore Roosevelt refused to come to Chicago hundreds of children from Chicago playgrounds will not have a "circus" on the lake front on Sept. 30, which was to have been a feature of the International Municipal Exposition and Congress to be held in Chicago from Sept. 18 to 30 under the direction of the Chicago Association of Commerce.

"I made a resolution not to make any speeches during 1911," Mr. Roosevelt told the committee in a letter to-day. "If I came to Chicago on the day you suggest I probably would have to make a speech or appear discourteous. If you care to extend the invitation to some future time I should be delighted."

McNAMARAS' TRIAL SET.

Hearing of Charges Against Alleged Dynamiters Fixed for Oct. 11.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 13.—Judge Walter Bordwell announced to-day that the trial of John J. and James J. McNamara, alleged dynamite conspirators, would begin on Oct. 11.

There has been considerable rumor lately that there might be a postponement for a week because of elections, holidays, and the visit of President Taft, but the Judge said nothing known at present would interfere with the beginning of the trial as scheduled.

STOCK FIRM MAY RESUME.

Dilatory Debtors of Van Schaick & Co. Have Taken the Assignee's Hint.

Eliot Norton of 2 Rector Street, who was appointed assignee of the Stock Exchange firm of John B. Van Schaick & Co., which failed on Tuesday, said yesterday that he believed the firm would be able to pay all its obligations and might even resume business. He would not, however, mention a date for the probable resumption.

Encouraging responses, Mr. Norton said, had been received from the firm's debtors, mainly customers whose accounts had not been balanced for a long time. These accounts total some $600,000. It was owing to the fact, said Mr. Norton, that these customers could not or would not make good their obligations that the firm failed. Belief that they would promptly meet their obligations led Van Schaick & Co. to refuse an offer of a loan of $100,000 on the eve of the assignment, which might have been avoided if it had been accepted.

Mr. Norton declined yesterday to make public the list of dilatory debtors which he hinted on Tuesday that he might make public at once. Unless further unwillingness or unexpected delay should develop he would withhold the list, he said, indefinitely. His firmness in announcing that if the firm was embarrassed by debtors to whom it had extended favors this list would be published is believed to have obviated the necessity of such a step.

The bank creditors of the firm continued yesterday their offers to allow its loans to continue without additional security.

Supreme Court Justice Gavegan gave Assignee Norton permission yesterday to file a provisional bond of $100,000, which will remain in force until the schedules of the firm's liabilities and assets shall be filed. The petition filed by Mr. Norton with the County Clerk stated that the assets that will come into his hands prior to the filing of the schedules will exceed $75,000.

COOK TACKLES THE CLERGY.

Appeal to Them to Boom the New Book Capitalizing His "Wrongs."

The Polar Publishing Company, dedicated by itself and Dr. Frederick A. Cook to the task of giving Cook's latest description of how he did not reach the north pole to a waiting world, sprang another one yesterday. The company has decided to give the clergy an opportunity to boom the book if the clergy feels so inclined. It is not known whether the clergy will feel so inclined. They may not. But a circular letter from the unabashed publishers tells them they can if they want to.

"We are addressing you," it says, "first, because of your influence in your community and your power in molding unbiased and just public opinion; secondly, because we believe that, as an exponet of the Christian religion, you will personally take an interest in a man who has been grievously wronged by rival interests and that, learning it, you will be charitable and gracious enough to interest the many individuals within the circle of your influence in the truth concerning him."

Not that the book isn't going to be a convenience to its reverend possessor. Read this:

"There is in the story of the discovery of the north pole, in the conspiracy to blacken the character of Dr. Cook, in Dr. Cook's own long silence and his gracious, forbearing attitude during the unfair and brutal controversy, material for many sermons."

"There may be material for a sermon," was the unfeeling comment of one man who read this letter, "but the sermon would probably be of a sort that might not appeal to the Polar Publishing Company." The ministers, it is further intimated, may even find the contents of the book inspiring material for pastoral calls.

LOSES LIFE ON A DARE.

Cabin Boy Was Teased Into Attempting to Swim 'Round Ship.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Refusing to take a "dare" cost Ernest Day, a 17-year-old cabin boy on the British ship Potomac, his life last night. The lad, whose parents live in London, had often boasted to other members of the crew of his ability as a swimmer. Last night as the vessel, loaded with welsh coal, was lying in the Delaware River some of the sailors began to tease the youth. Finally they dared him to dive into the river and swim around the ship.

His pride aroused, he stripped off his clothes and, despite the protest of some of the men, jumped overboard. The moment he struck the water he was apparently seized with cramps and began to call for help. William Gee, a seaman, dived after him almost instantly, but before he could reach him the lad went down.

APPOVES MRS. SINCLAIR.

Dr. Antoinette Konikow, Boston Suffragette, Blesses Her "Brave Stand."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 13.—Dr. Antoinette F. Konikow, the well-known Boston Socialist leader and suffragette, in an open letter to Mrs. Upton Sinclair, wife of the Socialist novelist, praises Mrs. Sinclair's desertion of her husband for Harry Kemp, the tramp poet. The letter reads in part:

Dear Mrs. Sinclair: I deem it my duty to express to you due admiration. Thousands of women down deep in their hearts all bless you for your brave stand. Many thousands are throwing mud at you, and speak with bitterness for the simple reason that they all envy your display of courage, openheartedness, and your love for truthfulness.

The newspaper reporters were astounded when they noticed your girlish innocence, your uprightness, and your sweetness, which caused them to believe that you did not fully realize the important step. Poor creatures these. Accustomed only to reflect the very "backward" ideas of the masses they cannot imagine that just this sweet, open-heartedness made necessary your important step. Were you a hypocrite, as most men and women are, and the truth were simply a byword instead of an ideal, you would have remained "faithful" to your husband as other women are to their husbands, or you might have suppressed your feelings until the very grave, and fooled your husband by appearing in the guise of tenderness and loveableness, while within your heart the worm of shame and hate would be eating away.

Every forward and open stand taken by a woman announces to the world that the sun of the coming great day is rising, and eventually hypocrisy and darkness will disappear. Yours with esteem and admiration.

Dr. ANTOINETTE F. KONIKOW.

POETRY BRIGHTENED STANSFIELD PARTY

Hunprey J. Lynch Declares Champagne Impelled His Client to Recite and Sing.

PLANNED TEST FOR HUSBAND

False Information Sent Him to Tempt Him to Offer a Bribe—Business Call That Ended in Supper.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Several witnesses testified to-day at the hearing of the separation suit of Mrs. Eugenia Stansfield against Samuel B. Stansfield and his counter action for a divorce of drinking champagne in the apartments maintained without the knowledge of her husband by Mrs. Stansfield at 200 West Eighty-first Street, Manhattan. Hunprey J. Lynch, Mrs. Stansfield's lawyer, also took the stand to declare the testimony that he had purchased breakfast foods at a grocery store near the apartment early on Sunday morning in August last year "absolutely and unqualifiedly false."

Under cross-examination by Henry C. Henderson, counsel for Mr. Stansfield, Mr. Lynch admitted that he had called on Mrs. Stansfield in company with Fritz Lempe, an engineer of Utica, and had seen there besides Mrs. Stansfield Miss Estelle Jacques.

Mr. Henderson produced a slip of paper with a description of Mrs. Stansfield in Mr. Lynch's handwriting. It was:

Mrs. Stansfield, aged 37, blue eyes, attractive, poetical when drinking, singing; well dressed, blue tailor-made, substantial.

In introducing this paper Mr. Henderson was showing that the witness had concocted a scheme which Mrs. Anna Buffum and James Kaneen were to work on Mr. Stansfield. They were to go to him with a false story about his wife in order to see it he would offer them a bribe.

"You wanted Mr. Stansfield to believe this false story?" asked Mr. Henderson.

"Yes," replied Lynch, "to find out if he would bribe the witnesses."

Mr. Lynch asserted that about his visit to the Eighty-first Street apartment he was only on professional business. He was accompanied by Lempe, and they stayed until midnight or 1 o'clock.

"Was there any singing in the apartment?"

"Yes. I didn't do it all. I know that we drank some wine and that there was a good deal of singing."

"How did you know that Mrs. Stansfield wore a tailor-made suit?" interposed the court.

"I thought it looked like it."

"Then you know one when you see it?"

"Possibly so," replied the witness as the spectators laughed.

"When Mrs. Stansfield had been drinking was she in the habit of reciting poetry?"

"Yes, she may have been."

"Did you hear her recite very often?"

"I heard her recite in New York as well as at her home in Purchase."

"And you thought it becoming to remain in her apartment until after midnight?" asked Mr. Henderson.

"It may have been indiscreet, but I know there was nothing wrong."

Mrs. Stansfield took the witness stand in rebuttal. She admitted there had been a little supper party at her apartment on the night Mr. Lynch was there. Two quarts of champagne were drunk on the night, and she as well as Miss Jacques smoked cigarettes.

HEAT WAVE IN SOUTHWEST.

Causes Closing of Kansas City Schools —Temperature 95 Degrees There.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 13.—Many of the younger school children of this city were dismissed by their teachers to-day before the regular closing time on account of excessive heat.

A temperature of 95 degrees prevailed here. Similar heat was recorded all over the Southwest. At Topeka the maximum temperature was 98 degrees, and at Wichita, Kan., 97 degrees.

CHILD-SLAYER CONFESSES.

Life Term for Johnson, Who Killed Seven-Year-Old Annie Lemberger.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 13.—John, otherwise known as "Dogskin," Johnson tonight confessed to the abduction and murder of little Annie Lemberger, the seven-year-old child whose body was found in Lake Monona last Saturday. He was immediately sentenced by Judge Anthony Donovan to life imprisonment.

A few minutes after his confession and sentence Johnson was taken in an automobile by Sheriff Andrew Brown and hurried through side streets and across the country to the State prison at Waupun. The greatest secrecy was maintained because of wears that Johnson might be lynched.

Johnson was taken into custody on Saturday on suspicion. To-day he was taken into court, pleaded not guilty, was placed under a $10,000 bond, and taken back to his cell.

Once there, he abandoned his affectation of insanity and paced restlessly back and forth, apparently listening in terror for the first sounds of an avenging mob. At last, in a paroxysm of fear, he sent for John Fove, a turnkey, and declared he was willing to acknowledge his guilt.

In the presence of the Chief of Police, the District Attorney, and Foye, Johnson described how he had taken the girl from her bedroom, through the window, which he had forced open. He took her to the railroad bridge, he said, beat her to death, and then threw the body into the lake. He declined to make a detailed confession. He wanted to be taken at once to Waupun to escape the vengeance of the mob, and promised he would make a written and full confession after he had been safely lodged in prison.

Attorney Emerson Ela was appointed by the court to defend the prisoner, but there was no defense to offer in face of the confession, and within a few minutes Johnson was sentenced by Judge Donovan to spend the remainder of his life in the State Prison at Waupun.

Johnson has already served a term in the penitentiary, and several years ago was placed in the Mendota Hospital for the Insane for attacking a little girl at Brownsville, Wis. Ever since Saturday the man had been sweated and subjected to hours of grueling examination. At first he refused to admit that he had killed the girl, and maintained he had been at him home throughout the night. This was further substantiated by his two daughters, who were positive, they said, that their father had been at home.

NO MELLEN RESIGNATION.

J. L. Billard Says New Haven Directors Expect No Such Step.

MERIDEN, Conn., Sept. 13.—John L. Billard, a Director of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, returned today from a trip he took over the Maine Central Railroad lines in company with other Directors and President Charles S. Mellen.

Mr. Billard declared all the newspaper deductions about Mr. Mellen's resignation were amusing.

"So far as I know," he said, "there is nothing in the report that Mr. Mellen intends to resign from the presidency. I am quite sure that all the Directors who were on the inspection tour do not anticipate any such action on his part, and we were with him all the time.

"All the Directors of the road esteem him very highly and would certainly be surprised if he resigned," said Mr. Billard in answer to the question, "Is Mr. Mellen's resignation expected at the next Directors' meeting?"

Speaking for himself, Mr. Billard added that he had the highest regard for Mr. Mellen as a man and as President of the New Haven road, and he would regret to see Mr. Mellen resign, and he believed all the Directors would concur with him.

He expressed surprise on learning that the press department had taken the responsibility for the statement that Mr. Mellen would resign. He denied that there was any friction between J. Pierpont Morgan and Mr. Mellen, and said they had not seen each other since November. All the talk, he said, must be taken with a grain of salt.

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All here for your choosing—and at *actually lower prices* than you could buy them for in Paris.
No other Millinery Salon in New York offers such a charming collection of really smart Hats.

Imperial Hats
The full assortment of fifty different styles now ready for your selection. Imperial Hats appeal to men who dress correctly. The leading $3 hat for Fall is the Rough or "Scratch-up" soft felt hat.
"Fifty different styles but only one price."
A Sale of $3 & $3.50 Hats
For Conservative Men.....$1.75
Because of the great demand for "Rough" felts we must close out many lines of smooth felts and derbies to make room for more rough felts. Conservative dressers will appreciate these great values. New fall styles and all sizes.
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To-Day Is the Day
Brill Stores the Place
And the Soft Hat's the Thing
Straw hats take the count now for the soft hat, which will this Fall undoubtedly attain its greatest popularity, and justly so, for never before has there been so many attractive styles and such a diversity of fabrics. At the Brill stores you will find a splendid assortment of the most desirable and approved kinds; from the best makers, including Stetson and Crofut & Knapp, in America, and numbers of smooth and rough cloths and shaggy wools from England and from Austria.
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Autumn Fashions of Millinery
Combines the Season's Proudest Achievements of the Great Paris Artists with the Charming Products of Our Own Workrooms Third floor

Wonderful Brocades and Satins
From the Turin Exposition
Form a Noteworthy Feature of the Gimbel Autumn Showing of SILKS

It was only after much urging that the Fabbriche Italiane di Seterie A. Clerici, of Como, Italy—one of the old and famous Italian firms of silk makers, consented to allow specimens of their beautiful weaves, which were one of the most important exhibits of the Turin Exposition of this year, to come to America.

But the prospect of showing the New York public, through this new Gimbel Store, the art of silk weaving in its highest development, finally overcame their hesitation. So the Silks are here.

All are brocades or damasks—the silks in which these makers excel. The designs—floral and conventional—were made by artists of high standing, and were selected from hundreds submitted in competition. Some are in a single color, others in exquisite shadings of many colors. The most wonderful in the group is a design called "The Glory of Italy," and dedicated to King Victor Emmanuel. Laurel wreaths, in natural colors, with interweavings of solid gold and silver, on a background, cover the fabric, which was woven at the rate of but seven inches a day!

But this distinguished group is but a detail in the splendid collection of Silks for Autumn and Winter that are shown in the Gimbel Silk Store, and include the choicest products from the silk centres of the world. It is a study of the NEW in silk fashions. Among the exquisite new weaves one sees—

Satin Peluche—or plush—flowers, scrolls and stripes woven in self colors, with a long and heavy nap on fine satin grounds. Black, white, purple, cherry and other modish shades. 40 to 54 in. wide, $18.50 yard.

Voile Velours, a similar fabric, in rich allover and border effects, Pekin stripes, etc., in favorite colorings. 39 and 40 in., $6.50 to $12.50 yard.

Superb metallic weaves, such as **Voile Bordure Metal**, on black or white grounds, or allover designs on voiles and satins, $3.50 to $22.50 yard.

Exquisite and novel effects in sheer materials, including **Voile Imprime**, with dainty floral printings on white and delicately tinted grounds, $1.50 to $5 yard.

New Reversible Satins, plain black on one side, with effective figure designs in deep warp-printed colorings on the other, $4 yard.

Allover Embroidered and Bordered Chiffons and Marquisettes, in evening shades, at $4.50 to $7.50 yard.

Velours Louis XIII.—a new weave, in an unusual period—delightfully soft, in barred effect, with a glint of color showing through—$7 a yard.

Givrine—a new corded effect, like a very soft Faille, in dark and medium shades, 43 in. wide, $3.50 yard.

And scores of other Silks in fascinating profusion—with chief emphasis on the soft, clinging kinds; for these are to be in highest favor. Besides, of course, the most satisfying selection of the staple weaves, such as Messaline, Taffetas, Crepe Meteors, plain Satins and Velvets that the most exacting shopper might demand. Welcome to see and admire them all. Second floor

Here and There Among the September GLASS and CHINA

So many points of interest are continually cropping up during a walk through the China and Glass Salons, with their September treasures, that it is unfair to the collection as a whole to confine ourselves to telling about any one particular division of the stock. Especially, when no two housekeepers have exactly the same ideas as to what they need in new China and new Glass for the dinner table or the crystal cabinet, and when hundreds of people are already hunting for October wedding and even holiday presents among the Art Wares. Hence, these random but interesting notes of today's offerings in the China Sale:

Thin Table Tumblers, with light cutting in a new design. Our former price was $3 dozen; today, 15c each, or $1.80 dozen.

Brass Umbrella Stands, full size; regularly $1.95, now $1.

Large Jardinieres on pedestal, in rich brown tint, with underglaze decoration. $5 size at $2.75.

Fish, Game and Roast Sets, of fine English porcelain, all underglaze decoration. Regularly $4.25, at $3 set.

Chocolate Sets, with 6 cups and chocolate pot, finely hand-painted. Regularly $2.75, at $1.75.

Finely Decorated American Porcelain will be placed on sale today at just *one-half* the former prices—in a full range of pieces.

Fine Limoges China, from our regular stock and now marked just one-half the former prices.

Hand-painted Plates, large flower decoration. Formerly $4.25 dozen, $1.80.

250 Fine Covered Vegetable Dishes, Limoges china, all sizes, at just one-third former prices.

$10 English Decorated Dinner Sets, $7.50
A new shipment of 110 Sets of underglaze decorated English porcelain, 100 pieces in every set, which we have always sold at $10. Today, at $7.50 a set.

Bronze Mounted Vases for table; in Crystal and Bronze, regularly $1, at 50c.

Art Wares
In the Art Section, works of the best known sculpture of Florence, as well as fine Bronzes, scores of Vienna Vases, etc., are marked at one-half former prices.

One fine large hand-painted Vienna Vase that was $225, is $112.50.

A Real Vienna Bronze Group that was $190, is $100.

A Sevres Vase was $90, now $45. And so throughout a large collection of these fine works of art. Fifth fl.

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PHANTOM REMEDIES.

During the discussion of the foundation principles of the "progressive" cult by the Governors assembled at Spring Lake on Tuesday, Gov. WOODROW WILSON said:

> The people of the United States want their Governors to be leaders in matters of legislation, because they have serious suspicion as to the source of the legislation, and they have serious distrust of their Legislatures.

Are Governors, then, elected under a patent of virtue and wisdom securing to them exclusive privileges of enlightenment, of sincerity, of public spirit, and of disinterestedness in foreseeing and proposing the laws the people need? Men still young remember when Governors were commonly nominated by the boss. That practice has not yet become altogether unfashionable. The spectacle of a boss-made Governor initiating legislation and asking the people to enact his projects of law over the heads of the Legislature would, we should imagine, have a tendency to call into being parties of retrogression to cure the evils put upon the community by the acceptance of progressive doctrines.

The source of the law is the people. There can be no guarantee whatever that if the people are inattentive and slothful in the performance of their civic duties, lawmaking by the Governor would not be just as bad as lawmaking by the Legislature. The initiative and the referendum, and all the other trumpery of the progressives, are merely methods; the setting up of Governors and Legislatures are methods, by which the people are supposed to accomplish their will. The new methods might, and often would, produce results no more desirable than the old.

Gov. WILSON'S analogy of the English procedure is not particularly happy. Everybody knows that the "Government" there, the Ministry, proposes laws and formulates policies, and if these are rejected by the "Legislature" an appeal to the people follows. But the Ministry is, in effect, only a committee of the House of Commons, a committee of elected legislators whose business it is to propose laws. Our Governors are not elected for that purpose. They may make recommendations to the legislative body, which is chosen by the people specifically to make needed laws. The initiative and the referendum in no wise alter the source of the legislation. They merely change the way of going about it. There are a great many people who still believe with Gov. O'NEAL of Alabama that the remedies prescribed by the progressives not only lack curative power, but that their application would involve a good many perils which the new doctors probably do not foresee.

IT CAN BE DONE.

The Democratic Legislature, which meets again next week, can easily accomplish a great political transformation in the State of New York. Something like 175,000 Republicans stayed away from the polls last November. Had they gone to the polls and voted for the candidates of their party Mr. DIX would have been defeated and the Legislature would have been Republican. The Democrats of the Legislature can easily take measures that will bring out this Republican vote at the next and at many succeeding elections. We know that it is difficult to awaken the interest of the apathetic voter, but the task does not lie beyond the powers of the present Democratic Legislature.

For one thing, the enactment of the Cullen-Foley Charter would powerfully help to turn the State over to the Republicans. The Charter bill is opposed by the entire mass of the good citizenship of this municipality. Men who desire good government in the city, and who are best qualified to pass upon the probable working of charter provisions, are unanimous in condemning it. The bill was so bad that, in several particulars, under the lash of public criticism, it has been amended. The amendments do not make it a good charter. It is bad throughout, it is vicious, and dangerous, intentionally made so. To thrust this charter upon the city in defiance of the best public opinion would go very far, indeed, to reawaken an interest in politics in the minds of those Republicans who last year abstained from voting.

Then there is the Congressional reapportionment. It ought not to be difficult to divide the territory of this State into forty-three political divisions that would give to all its parts and all its people a fair and just representation in the House of Representatives. More than half the population of the State is contained within the four counties of New York City—4,766,883 in the city counties and 4,846,396 in the other counties. The census of 1910 must be the guide, but the preponderance of the city counties is, as everybody knows, increasing. A fair case is made out for laying out the six new districts in New York City and Westchester County. This would involve no gerrymander, and would give the rest of the State no just reason to complain. But if the Democrats of the Legislature should endeavor to secure additional representation for themselves by carving out misshapen districts up the State, or if, as has been intimated, they should attempt to draw district lines in such a way as to include two or more present Republican Congressmen in one district, intending thereby to stir up strife among their opponents, protest and criticism would be justified. These are not proper motives. There is but one guide, one rule of decent procedure in reapportionment, and that is to make the districts as compact as possible, while observing with close approximation the ratio of population. But if the Democrats are really determined to limit the term of their power in the State, they can by departing from that honest rule stir up such indignation among the Republicans that hereafter they will come to the polls and vote.

Kings County is interested in these matters. Some valuable offices are to be filled by election in that county this Fall. If the Kings Senators and Assemblymen want to turn the county and these offices over to the Republicans the way is open to them to do it. In short, if the Legislature chooses to accept at the adjourned session the leadership and guidance it so faithfully followed before adjournment, it will probably succeed in making the State Republican again.

GRADE CROSSINGS GOING.

In Great Britain no persons are struck and killed by railway trains at highway crossings. The train crossings are all either above or below the highways. In this country upward of a thousand persons are killed, and upward of two thousand are injured, at the railway crossings at grade. We published on July 27 a blood-stained record of grade-crossing accidents in this State, New Jersey, and Connecticut for the seven months from Jan. 1, within which time 46 men, 9 children, and 13 women were killed outright, 67 persons were seriously wounded, and 66 horse-drawn vehicles and automobiles were demolished. The cost of eliminating the crossings may be high, the cost in flesh and blood is higher. The figures were compiled in July by the National Highways Protective Society. As an evidence of the effect of their publication on the public and official mind, we printed this week the announcement by the Chief Engineer of the Long Island Railroad that it is ready to do away with eight of the most dangerous crossings upon one of its divisions. Yet more crossings on Long Island will shortly be elevated or depressed, and in Morristown and Elizabeth the elimination of death spots evinces the activity of New Jersey's public service officials.

The States should properly bear their share of the expense of this work, inasmuch as their franchises committed the companies to the original expenditures for building the crossings at grade. The branch roads, which are poorly financed, though most dangerous, can least afford the new outlays for improvements. But the State and local authorities are responding to the demands of safety. It remains for the railroads to do their part.

A TAKING FALLACY.

Sir WILLIAM VAN HORNE and Mr. RUDYARD KIPLING are not exactly men we should expect to find hunting in couples. The one is a hard-headed, practical man, with the blood of the poet and the artist running in his veins, well-nurtured, but with a robust sense of humor and a broad perspective that are apt to save him from unintentional error. The other is a mental bohemian with the prejudices of an imperialistic cockney, a poet's imagination, and the perspective of a sensational journalist. He has given to the world some stirring verse, some fascinating short stories, an amazing anthropomorphic study of the animal world, and a mass of rather silly utterances on politics. But these two gentlemen have managed to hit on the same argument to induce the Canadian people to reject the chance of freer trade with the United States.

Mr. KIPLING reckons the adverse odds in such trade as "ten to one," basing his naïve calculation on the statistics of population. Sir WILLIAM VAN HORNE argues, without going into figures, that it is rarely profitable for a small corporation to go into partnership with a larger one. The underlying idea, apparently, in both cases is that the size of the United States, with the wealth, strength, and activity that go with it, makes our country dangerous to trade with. Of course Sir WILLIAM does not fall into the nonsense of Mr. KIPLING as to the infectiousness of the moral and immoral qualities attributed by the Englishman to the American; his Yankee birth and his Dutch descent would save him from such a blunder. He bases his analogy between the two countries and two corporations on the assumption that in trade the smaller is at a disadvantage with the larger. And so it might be if trade involved partnership. But it does not in any practical degree. It involves essentially only such exchanges as are found mutually profitable. The American farmer who has moved into Northwestern Canada does not go into partnership with the Minnesota miller because the latter, under the reciprocity agreement, pays him a dollar a bushel for his wheat instead of the ninety cents he can get in the home market. If the prices should be reversed there is nothing to prevent the farmer going back to the home market.

Undoubtedly there are interests in both countries that would be hampered to some extent by the removal of arbitrary barriers to trade, and in these the element of partnership does enter. These are the interests with which the respective Governments have formed a sort of one-sided partnership by extending to them special privileges, and particularly by protecting them in some measure from competition. It is unfortunately true that these interests, resting upon artificial supports, granted to them at the expense of the rest of the community, would necessarily suffer temporarily from the withdrawal or reduction of their privileges. That is to be regretted, as is all disturbance in the established conditions of trade. But when the change is for the better, and when, as in this case, it is relatively slight and is gradual, the disturbance is amply compensated.

There is another class of interests analogous with these, though based on a broader conception of public policy, which also would be for a time, and perhaps for a long time, adversely affected by the mutual opening of markets by Canada and the United States. These are chiefly the transcontinental railways of Canada. They have been built at great expense, public and private, to carry goods and persons east and west. It should be a distinct disadvantage for them to have the current of trade considerably changed to south and north. Those responsible for the care of these interests would naturally oppose reciprocity, as like transcontinental interests in this country have opposed the change involved in the opening of the canal across the Isthmus. They cannot harshly be blamed for such a policy. But after all the function of transportation is subordinate to that of exchange. It is a means and not an end, and it would not be reasonable to sacrifice the end to the means. If, as we are convinced would be the fact, reciprocity would strongly tend to the increase of trade, the transportation interests would in the long run profit thereby. They can hardly ask that the permanent advantage of all shall be postponed to save them from temporary disadvantage.

THE FRESHMAN.

Now that Mr. CRANE'S strictures are seen to be unmerited and extravagantly conceived, it is difficult not to hold the colleges altogether guiltless. Of course, the transition from boyhood to manhood has its own temptations, which are no more besetting to the freshman than to the boy who starts out to become a "self-made" man. If either has been coddled and too often tucked into bed by fond parents, or lacks a training at home that would make him frank, straightforward, and morally self-reliant, he is in danger of vicious influences that assail every man in any walk of life. Doubtless the parents who most fear the college are not those who distrust its new liberties, but those who under the home roof have neglected to reinforce their sons' minds with sturdy ideals. Then, too, the father who next Spring writes an angry letter to the Dean because the college doctors advised his son wrongly about his courses, which he has slighted for evil companionship, should reflect that he himself knew that John "was never good at figures" and could have warned him against electing the calculus. The college instructors can advise only the average boy, they do not know his boy. Perhaps the fault after all is that of an ill-prepared and flabby minded pupil, who craves "predigested" intellectual pabulum.

But the colleges can do better by the freshman than they have done. He comes to them a year or two older than he should, at the close of his most impressionable and plastic period, and too often finds that the instructors whose work is for teaching and the molding of character are reserved for upper class men. Instead of pedants who have just achieved a doctor's degree by means of some dry thesis the Faculties should place in charge of the freshmen their truly inspiring men.

Such men are teachers whose personality is marked, whose enthusiasm is contagious. They take hold of the lives of the men they teach, but sometimes too late to shape them permanently. Besides, there are young and eager graduates who are not yet pedants, gifted to teach without the sacred Ph. D., who can impart the healthy zest and stimulus to undergraduate pursuits for lack of which the freshman may be lured into more dangerous paths. And there are the older students who "know the ropes," the manliest of whom might be assigned to the not disagreeable oversight of squads of freshmen in their amusements, social and athletic competitions, and studies.

In a multitude of counselors, or even among a few whose examples would awaken his emulation, the freshman would be safer. If the colleges were doing what they could to supply such friendly advisers, their problems of discipline would be simpler.

COLD-STORED FOODS.

The artificially chilled warehouses for foods exist rightfully. Their owners and users serve the public. Without them and the refrigerator trains we could not have fruits and provisions out of season. Moreover, the market in perishable products would be subject to gluts and famines, prices would fluctuate violently, instead of being regulated upon a consistent level, and the business of supplying these goods would be unduly hazardous. Cold storage is good for the mellowing of fruits, and, to a certain extent, for the making of meats and other foods more toothsome and digestible. Yet the Brennan Cold Storage law, which has just been enforced against a company that failed to brand its cold-stored packages "in some conspicuous place, with the day, month, and year, when the same is received in storage," is, in principle, a good law.

The public has a right to know the nature of the goods it is buying. If refrigeration does not hurt them that fact will be made known. The Brennan law requires that no foodstuffs, with the exception of fruits, nuts, and vegetables, be kept stored longer than ten months, and none longer than a year; that food once removed from its chill atmosphere and exposed for sale shall not be returned to storage, and that the State Health Commissioner or his agents may at any time enter any warehouse and condemn and destroy foods found unfit to eat. Commissioner PORTER reports that he has found conditions in the cold storage warehouses of the State that fully warrant this provision.

The State lacks inspectors for this important work. The Health Department's agents in this city may cooperate with the State Commissioner, and, we think, in a way not to deprive the people or the dealers in cold-stored products of the benefits of a scientific method of preserving them.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Missed a Great Opportunity.

As Coroner FEINBERG is a "regular," that is, a real, doctor, as well as a Coroner, it was a reasonable expectation that he would either so conduct the inquest in the Eager case as to lead to an accurate and satisfactory verdict, or, if he failed, owing to the obstinacy or ignorance of the jurymen, that he would take pains to make clear the cause and nature of the failure. "Died of neglect," the conclusion reached, is not true and it leads to nothing.

Mr. EAGER did not die of neglect, for he had care enough, such as it was. What he did die of was malpractice at the hands of a woman who, with none of the qualifications required alike by law and common sense for the treatment of disease, makes public profession of competency to cure any malady not distinctly surgical, and, from people weak-minded enough to employ her, takes a physician's fee for bringing to bear upon them all a form of suggestion that is beneficial in a few cases, useless in many, and either directly or indirectly fatal in not a few—of which Mr. EAGER'S happened to be one. This is the fact—undeniable because demonstrable—that Coroner FEINBERG had an opportunity to bring out and emphasize.

He also should have so prepared himself for the examination of Mrs. MEEKER that she could not with success and impunity, while on the witness stand, give further currency among the credulous and uninformed of the deception by which the Christian Scientists retain such respect or toleration by religious people as they enjoy. Only a little study of Mrs. EDDY'S doctrine as presented by herself would have enabled him to prove that prayer has no part or place in a Christian Science "treatment," for Mrs. EDDY, consistent for once, explicitly and repeatedly recognizes the futility of personal appeal to a principle of truth of goodness, the only divinity which her vague and diffused pantheism permits to exist. The Eddyites do not pray, and among themselves they never pretend to pray; what they do is to assert health and deny disease, and the expectation of cure which they can thus arouse in their clients undoubtedly favors recovery—if the clients happen to be suffering from an affection which needs nothing more than a fair chance to get well of itself.

Mrs. MEEKER'S description of her ministrations was given simply for its effect on the uninitiate public, in order that she and the other Eddyite healers may continue to find profits and safety in the illusion that they are of those who pray for and with the sick. It should not have been allowed to pass undisputed, for the claim is false, impudent, and dangerous.

Good Enough for a Mining Camp.

Heartfelt must be everybody's sympathy with Mrs. JAMES J. BROWN, of various places; including Newport, Denver, and just now Boston, for did not certain meanly suspicious Customs Inspectors have their doubts about her veracity when she said that a seemingly magnificent necklace was made of near-pearls, not real ones? To this familiar outrage they added annoyance and inconvenience by revealing the exact nature of their dubieties and thereby also revealing what in Mrs. JAMES J. BROWN'S opinion had no need of wide divulgation—the approximal nature, if one may so define it, of the calcic concretions she had imported.

Great, however, as is her grievance, it is as nothing to that which she has herself, in the incautiousness of deep emotion, created for another, the destined recipient of the necklace, whom with fatally accurate detail she describes as "my son's wife, Mrs. LAWRENCE PALMER, who lives in a mining camp in the West." For Mrs. JAMES J. BROWN added that near-pearls were quite good enough for mining-camp wear!

That, now, is going to make trouble—serious trouble. The residents of mining camps are many things more than they are humble, and the too-clear intimation that anything whatever not good enough for other people is good enough for them will cause them to make remarks of a spritely and fervid nature, the hearing of which will not conduce to Mrs. LAWRENCE PALMER'S mental peace. The wearing of a real pearl necklace in a mining camp would be regarded, by a majority of the campers, as superfluous, but innocent and pleasing; imitations they are far less likely to understand, and far more likely to resent, than the sophisticate and distrustful East.

Most people will fail to see other than amusing sides to this curious and complicated episode, but those of delicate sensibilities will be filled with apprehensions for Mr. LAWRENCE PALMER. He, poor man, is going to catch the indefinite but well understood "it" which comes upon him with whom Fate is at war. Within a few days one may confidently expect to hear loud rumbling sounds from sunsetward. They will mean that the mining camp where Mr. PALMER lives has heard the news and is giving him earnest information as to what is and what is not good enough for the West.

Prob'ly Will Be No Worse.

Prophecy as to what a volcano is going to do is about as far as any prophecy can be from that in which alone do the wise indulge—the kind founded upon knowledge. Still, volcanoes have habits which they follow more or less, and they duplicate past behavior not infrequently.

Therefore is there some reason for believing that the present eruption of Mount Etna will not be productive of any great tragedy. The so-called fires beneath the mountain are finding so many vents that their energies are not accumulating for an earthquake shock like the one that overwhelmed Messina, or for the kind of an explosion that in a single minute killed the entire population of St. Pierre.

The volcano in vigorous eruption may do a lot of damage to property on its slopes, but the inhabitants can retire before a lava flow, at least with their lives. If philosophers, they can console themselves for their losses, with the thought that the volcano was the source of their prosperity and will be equally kind to their sons. Disintegrated lava makes the very best of soil.

WHITEWASHING COLLEGES.

Wesleyan Professor Thinks Their Officers Blink at Evils.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What has become of the "golden mean" of our old friend Horace, friend of young men and old alike? It is surely a pity to have an indictment against the dangers of dissipation that beset the college student lose its force because of the intemperate language and extravagant statistics of the indicter. But isn't it equally pitiable to note the extreme language of the college officers that hasten to express their indignant protest in an attempt to whitewash the whole matter? What confidence can we put in the argument of one who, as in your issue of Tuesday, undertakes to contravene all experience by claiming that the college man remains after entering college exactly what he was at home? Doesn't every man experienced with college life know better—know that the tendencies of masses of youth fortuitously aggregated are sheeplike, astray, and that many an innocent boy does get into bad company in college?

And what shall we think of college professors who are ignorant of the "keg rooms" in the fraternity houses in their own institutions? Let such, of whom at least one representative may be found in your columns to-day, study the local conditions a little closer and reach the golden mean of truth.

There is too much drinking at our best colleges, even when only the minority is affected; and too many college officers shut their eyes, or are too busy looking the other way. Fortunately, at Wesleyan the conditions are better than in some places; but we must all be alert.

KARL P. HARRINGTON.
Middletown, Conn., Sept. 11, 1911.

OUT-OF-TOWN CHECKS.

Renews Suggestion That the Clearing House Collect Those of Connecticut.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is near the close of the New York Clearing House year, which ends on the first Tuesday in October, but plenty of time remains for the Clearing House Committee to perform a long deferred duty—the collection of out-of-town checks.

The London Bankers' Clearing House has collected English and Welsh checks since 1858, and the Boston Clearing House, New England checks since 1899. In this respect the New York Clearing House is not only behind the age, but also has for ten years refused to collect New England checks, though New England banks have constantly offered to pay checks on them in full and at sight, if the checks are properly sorted at the Clearing House and sent by the Manager in a daily letter to each of them, provided the New York banks receive the checks at par, free of charge, without deduction or discount.

The Connecticut Bankers' Association has time after time tried to obtain the acceptance of these fair, businesslike offers. At the present moment all the Connecticut banks, except two or three, are renewing their offers through their State association to the New York Clearing House.

The responsibility of accepting or rejecting the offers rests wholly with the Clearing House Committee. It has "power to establish rules and regulations regarding collections outside of the City of New York by members of the association" and to "make any additions to, or changes in, such rules and regulations." (Section 6, Constitution of New York Clearing House Association.)

The Chairman of the Clearing House Committee is William A. Nash, for so many years the President of the Corn Exchange Bank. This well-known banker, the first to establish branch banking on a large scale in this city, has, during the present year, conducted to success the movement to bring trust companies into the Clearing House membership. The other members of the committee are Francis L. Hine, President First National Bank; William H. Perkins, President Bank of America; FRANK A. Vanderlip, President National City Bank, and James G. Cannon, President Fourth National Bank. Another member, ex officio, is the President of the New York Clearing House Association, A. Barton Hepburn of the Chase National Bank. Mr. Hepburn, like Mr. Nash, has retired from the Presidency of his bank, and on Oct. 8 his official connection with the Clearing House will probably terminate.

Let us hope that this distinguished committee will have the further distinction of inaugurating out-of-town collections at the New York Clearing House by the acceptance of the Connecticut offers now before the committee.

JAMES C. HALLOCK.
Brooklyn, Sept. 13, 1911.

3,000-Mile Inland Waterways Trip.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Noting in Monday's TIMES a communication from Arthur C. Mack concerning a fine water trip from New York to Duluth via the Hudson, the new Erie barge canal, and the lakes, something like 1,000 miles in extent, may I suggest that it might be lengthened and improved by cutting out the Duluth end and going to Chicago, thence by Hennepin Canal to the Illinois River, thence to the Mississippi, down the Mississippi to New Orleans, and home by sea, if the boat is seaworthy? The inland passage along the Atlantic Coast is worth the risk getting around Florida. This would make a voyage of more than 3,000 miles, all of it practically in sight of land and most of it very close to shore.

W. J. L.
New York, Sept. 11, 1911.

SHADE TREE PROBLEM.

Entomologist Felt Speaks of Insect Depredations Along the Hudson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The magnificent elms of the Hudson Valley and adjacent territory have been most severely injured by the pernicious elm leaf beetle. This is true not only of trees in cities but also of many in villages and even in purely country districts.

The very extensive damage of this year, following as it does the serious injury of several preceding seasons, (the latter accentuated by severe droughts,) compels attention to the shade tree problem. It is difficult for the average man to comprehend the injury. Trees apparently in good foliage when viewed from across the street may have their leaves riddled; those showing a brown color from a distance are badly injured, while a general brown, or that varied by the fresh green of new leaves, means that the foliage has been practically destroyed. This latter condition, if followed by similar injury a second season, may result in dying limbs, and in the course of a few years, if the insect's depredations are allowed to continue, eventuate in the ruin or death of the trees. This has already occurred in thousands of cases, and is to be expected if our elms have their foliage nearly destroyed annually.

There is no doubt as to the efficacy of thorough spraying with a poison, even during years when the insect is exceptionally abundant. Local control is not only possible but is most practical, even to the extent of protecting trees adjacent to unsprayed elms. This work is not expensive. The actual spraying should not cost a community much over 50 cents per tree for an average sized elm, if we make no allowance for the apparatus. Surely the preservation of magnificent trees is worth this expenditure. A fair sized shade tree cannot be valued at less than $10, especially as the courts have allowed damages to the amount of $500 for individual trees.

There is a broader aspect to this problem, particularly in cities and larger villages—namely, the proper maintenance and perpetuation of our shade trees. Elms in many of these communities are sadly in need of pruning, while in some localities not even dead trees have been removed. Altogether too frequently no provision is made for replacing those lost from various causes. The city of Newark, N. J., has a shade tree commission, and under its direction expended in 1909 $51,064.40 for the protection and maintenance of shade trees in streets and parks. East Orange, N. J., with a population of only 34,371, appropriated over $10,000 for similar purposes. Many cities and towns in eastern Massachusetts are now obliged to spend large sums in combatting not only the elm leaf beetle, but the much more destructive gypsy moth.

The present deplorable condition of our shade trees cannot be materially improved until there is a more general recognition of their value and the practicability of keeping them in excellent condition. Most of the shade trees adorning streets and parks will remain vigorous if given only moderate protection from insect pests, fungous diseases, and the perils incident to civilization, such as leaky gas pipes, defective installation of electric wires, irresponsible linemen, &c. It is an excellent time to ascertain the real condition of our trees and to plan for their adequate care another year.

E. P. FELT, State Entomologist.
Albany, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1911.

THE TARIFF BOARD'S FACTS.

Are They Real Facts, and Has Chairman Emery Faith in Them?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES Henry R. Towne says that the Tariff Board is after facts. The Wool and Cotton Reporter of Aug. 31 says:

> The Tariff Board has sent samples of cloth to various New England mills to have the latter estimate the costs involved in such manufacture. These samples were previously analyzed by the Philadelphia Textile School, and the data thus derived accompany the samples as a basis for the estimates asked for.

Will the Tariff Board get facts by getting estimates from manufacturers of the cost of cloth they did not make in their mills? Take printing costs for illustration. Would you be able to give the cost of printing a magazine like The Century or American as well as the publishers of those magazines could give it themselves? Or could they give the cost of publishing THE TIMES as well as you could?

The only way to get the facts regarding costs is to get the facts; that is, get from a mill the cost of the goods made in that mill. Any other way is bound to be defective. In his letter to THE TIMES Mr. Towne said:

> The Tariff Board has no instructions, so far as I know, to follow any "principle," but simply to ascertain facts. From personal investigation I know that the course thus implied is the one which it is steadily and persistently pursuing.

No one who knows Mr. Towne will question his good faith, but in this matter has he not been deceived? Prof. Emery, the Chairman of the Tariff Board, at the banquet of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers on Dec. 8, 1910, made this admission that he had been commissioned to determine the cost of production:

> There are certain things that are very difficult to get, and one thing, according to the platform of the Republican Party—and incidentally that does not mean anything to me, except that I have been given the job according to that platform—is to try to get the cost of production. I thank you all, gentlemen, that you did not laugh. (Laughter.)

After saying that, Chairman Emery went on to repudiate the very formula he had been ordered to apply to the tariff inquiry:

> I frankly say right here that this idea of settling things on cost alone by any mathematical or algebraical or geometrical ratio or problem or theory is all nonsense. You must not think that I am joking about this thing, but there is a joke about it, and the joke is this: I have no powers whatsoever. The Tariff Board has no powers. There is really no such thing as a Tariff Board. The law says that for certain purposes the President may employ such persons as he sees fit. I am one of such persons. That is all. (Laughter and applause.)

What has Mr. Towne to say regarding these amazing declarations by the Chairman of the Tariff Board on which Mr. Towne asks and the President insists the country shall wait before obtaining relief from oppressive taxation?

WM. C. HUNNEMAN.
Boston, Mass., Sept. 12, 1911.

ALCOHOL AS AN ANTIDOTE.

It Neutralizes Carbolic Acid, but Stomach Pump Is Also Needed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Page 4 of THE NEW YORK TIMES today I find a description of a case in which a girl's life was saved by the giving of alcohol immediately after she had swallowed carbolic acid.

This suggestion is likely to lead to danger, unless one takes further steps to empty the stomach. It is true that alcohol instantly destroys the corrosive influence of carbolic acid, as quickly as water puts out fire, and it need not be given in full strength for the purpose; ordinary whisky will suffice.

It is not sufficient, however, to neutralize the corrosive effect, for the reason that carbolic acid remaining in combination may still be absorbed and cause later poisoning of more or less serious character.

It is essential, therefore, after neutralization of carbolic acid with alcohol to empty the stomach. This may usually be done quickly by tickling the back of the throat with a finger, or by drinking a pint or so of lukewarm water and then tickling the throat.

The partial treatment as described in THE TIMES may lead to a dangerous sense of security.

R. T. M., M. D.
New York, Sept. 13, 1911.

PART TIME REPORT IS NOT YET READY

Meantime a Board of Education Committee Asks $100,000 to Fill a Hole in Budget.

DRINKING CUP QUESTION

Charge That the Postage on Anti-Charter Circular Was Paid Out of Public Funds Indignantly Denied.

The Board of Education held yesterday afternoon its first meeting since the opening of the school year. The report on the number of children who will be restricted to part-time was not ready, and will not be made public until next week. It has been predicted that the number will be larger than last year. Superintendent of Schools William H. Maxwell said that the registration would be about 710,000 pupils, of which, to the best of his knowledge, 70,000 would be on half time.

Nicholas J. Barrett, Chairman of the Committee on Supplies, seized an early opportunity to rise and warn all the members that they must not come to the Bureau of Supplies with any requisitions of a special character or for equipment for any special work, such as school shops and the like. It would be the most he could do to maintain the routine supplies, and he wanted everything else held back until there was some action on the request to the Aldermen for $100,000 in special revenue bonds, although he understood unofficially that this would be refused. That sum was necessary, he explained, to fill the gap created by the Board of Estimate's reduction of the budget.

There were only incidental references at the meeting to the proposed Charter and the things it would do to the Board of Education. But Mr. Barrett found time to enter an emphatic denial to the accusation, made at one of the Charter hearings, to the effect that stamps to circulate a letter criticising the Charter had been paid for out of the board's funds. The postage had been paid out of private means, he said. Another member rose to spurn the allegation that the labor of stamping the letters had been forced upon the school children. He pointed out, with gentle sarcasm, that the letters were sent out after school had disbanded for the Summer season, and so were not mailed by the children "at the stern behest of their Principals."

Miss Leventritt reported that the New York Preparatory Trade School, Inc., had been offered to the Board of Education by its Directors, and had been accepted by the board on condition of the Board of Estimate's approving certain necessary expenditures. This school, which accommodated last year nearly 200 boys, at 305 East Forty-first Street, has been in existence nearly eight years, supported by private means. Its Directors—Miss Marion Taber, Dean Russell of Columbia, John French, and C. C. Burlingham—wish to vest the supervision of the school in the Board of Education and would make a gift of its equipment. It would cost, Miss Leventritt reported, about $4,000 to pay its yearly expenses.

The Committee on Finance reported that an issue of special revenue bonds amounting to more than $31,000 would be required to install drinking fountains in the various buildings of the department. As to the legal and financial aspects of the problem of meeting the new law regarding drinking cups, Mr. Barrett said he did not know what the decision would be. Some of the schools have still the old troughs, with the dozen or more cups suspended over each.

Commissioner McGowan's mind was relieved by the report of the Committee on Studies and Textbooks, to the effect that there is nothing objectionable to Irish sensibilities in the edition of Barnes's "History of the United States" now in use. The reference inquired about was to Meagher's Irish Brigade in the civil war battle of Marye's Heights. "The second edition, it had been contended, slighted their prowess. But the third edition, the committee found, does the brigade full justice. In order to clear up this point the committee not only had to see the publishers of the book but to delve in the musty records of the War Department. Commissioner McGowan said he was satisfied.

The meeting of the board was adjourned until Wednesday of next week.

Prosecutions or Persecutions?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Attorney General Wickersham's attacks on railroads and corporations look more like persecutions than prosecutions. The Standard Oil and American Tobacco Companies sold their products to the public at low prices, yet they were prosecuted. The American Sugar Company sold sugar at the low price of 5 cents a pound; it is now 7 cents. How have the people benefited? The Beef Trust, with its outrageously high prices for our meats, seems to be entirely forgotten by Mr. Wickersham, although five indictments were handed down a year or more ago. Then the cornering of our supplies of meats, poultry, eggs, butter, and fish in cold-storage plants, the real cause of the high cost of living, seems to have escaped the Attorney General's notice. DISGUSTED.
New York, Sept. 12, 1911.

The Trust-Busting Lawyers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not a fact that all of these "trust" prosecutions are instituted, consciously or unconsciously, merely to give the great body of lawyers employment, and that in the end nothing is accomplished but that?

A few years ago the "able lawyers" were busy finding a way to organize these combinations. Now the "able lawyers" are busy finding a way to "bust" them. The whole movement on the trust question looks like a joke, and is perhaps Nature's way of keeping the lawyers employed and out of greater mischief. Luke, chapter xi., verse 46, bears strikingly on the subject.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.
New York, Sept. 13, 1911.

THE LEISURE SEX.

"Now, concerning our leisure sex . . . ."
—The Call.

Soak and rub and boil and rinse;
(The sun's on the apple-blooms outside!)
Tubs, pans, pins, lakelets of blue;
Hillocks of white, bursting—bubbling—through;
The kitchen's amuck with steam and haste,
Slatternly labor and watery waste;
A woman dodging from stove to tub;
Soak and lather and rinse and rub;
(The sun's on the apple-blooms outside!)
Two sodden hands folded, white at last;
Over her, tired, The Great Rest cast,
One of the Leisure Sex.

Polish and crawl, and crawl again:
(The world's a-dance in the Park below!)
The endless length of the corridor,
Inch by inch o'er the marble floor,
The creeping women lather and scrub,
Lather and rinse and dry and rub;
Polish and crawl and lather anew,
The crimson breakings, the midnights through;
(The world's a-dance in the Park below!)
Aching knees unbended, straight at last;
Over her, tired, The Great Rest cast,
One of the Leisure Sex.

Scour and sweep and shine and clean;
(The book's forgotten upon the shelf!)
Mops, brooms, dishes, windows and doors;
Peelings and grounds, crusts, tops and cores;
Moths and iron rust, mold and gashes;
Stains, rents, roaches, mice, coals and ashes;
From garret to cellar with the rounding sun;
A day ended but a day begun!
(The book's forgotten upon the shelf!)
A broken frame stretched, healed at last;
Over her, tired, The Great Rest cast,
One of the Leisure Sex.

Envoy.

Oh, men who work, and children who play,
The dirt of the world is cleaned away
By the dainty Leisure Sex!

H. REA WOODMAN.

NEW CONTRALTO FOR METROPOLITAN

Mme. Theodora Orridge Coming from Vienna Opera, as Stork Is to Visit Mrs. Homer.

THE SINGER'S FIFTH CHILD

Bella Alten, Soubrette, Now Mrs. Deri —Jacques Urlus, Tenor, and Russian Dancers to Appear at Opera.

The engagement of Mme. Theodora Orridge, an English contralto, was modestly announced at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon, but the interesting reason for the engagement was withheld. It may be stated, however, in all secrecy, that Mrs. Louise Homer, who is the mainstay of the contralto section at the Opera House now, is about to receive a visit from the stork.

On this occasion Mrs. Homer will present her husband with his fifth child, she having already presented him with young Sydney, little Louise, and the famous Homer twins. The domestic ideals and the anti-race suicide tendencies of contraltos have often been chronicled in these columns. Mrs. Homer is excelled only by Mme. Schumann-Heink.

Mrs. Homer, who is now at her Summer home in Massachusetts, is expecting her fifth child some time in October or the early part of November. The opera season opens the middle of November. She will probably be able to sing the latter part of that month, and the new contralto is intended to be useful at the beginning of the season, singing such rôles as are not intended for Mme. Florence Wickham, who, faithful contralto that she is, was married early in the Summer, and Mme. Matzenauer, who is to come to this country from Munich to sing the Wagnerian contralto parts.

Released by Prince Regent.

The story of how Mme. Matzenauer secured her release from the Munich opera has not been told in print and is worth relating. She has been considered the mainstay of the Royal Opera there for some time, and there was no desire on the part of those who control the destinies of the house to let her go to America. It is a well-known fact, however, that the Prince Regent refuses no favors which are asked of him on his birthday. When that day came around, therefore, Mme. Matzenauer calmly telegraphed him for her release, which he naturally granted to her, not, however, without creating considerable bitter feeling at the Opera.

Mme. Orridge, the English contralto, who will probably make her début as Amneris, has been singing at the Vienna Opera. She is new to this country, it is believed.

A week or so ago Signor Gatti-Casazza was surprised to read in a letter from Mme. Bella Alten, the soubrette of the company, a casual mention of her husband. Inquiry brought to light the fact that Mme. Alten had indeed taken unto herself a provider during the Summer months. Her husband bears the name of Deri, is of Hungarian extraction, and is described by her as "very temperamental." He will accompany her when she returns to this country. It is said, in fact, that he is engaged in business in New York.

Mme. Alten came to this country some years ago to sing at the Metropolitan, where she has achieved her greatest success as Gretel in Humperdinck's "Hänsel und Gretel." She has sung a variety of parts, including Nedda in "Pagliacci," Musetta in "La Bohème," one of the flower maidens in "Parsifal," the bird in "Siegfried," and Senta in "Der Fliegende Holländer." On the stage she is famous for her volatile qualities, which she possesses in scarcely less degree in private life. Her marriage comes as a great surprise.

Miss Farrar Defers Sailing.

Miss Geraldine Farrar was expected to arrive in New York on Tuesday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. This she failed to do. It develops that Miss Farrar was taken ill shortly before the boat sailed, and while her illness is not considered to be of a serious nature still it was thought best that she defer her sailing. She will sail on Sept. 20.

Miss Farrar was returning before the opera season commenced because she wished to spend a week with her father in the Adirondacks before going to Philadelphia to sing for a phonograph company and undertaking a concert tour under the direction of Mr. Ellis of Boston. Probably there will be no Adirondack excursion now, and the phonograph company may have to wait a few weeks.

It was announced at the Opera House yesterday that Jacques Urlus, a Dutch tenor who is well known in Germany for his assumption of the Wagnerian rôles, has been engaged for the Metropolitan Opera Company beginning next season. He will sing such parts as Tristan.

Several rumors have reached the public prints to the effect that Arturo Toscanini, the Italian conductor, might sever his connection with the opera company this season so that he might accept an engagement in Buenos Aires. It now transpires that Mr. Toscanini has indeed accepted an engagement to conduct at Buenos Aires, but he will go there only after the regular season is over.

The Russian Dancers.

The Russian dancers, a certain group of them, are to be seen at the Metropolitan Opera House this season after all. When it was decided that Serge Diaghileff's troupe, headed by Nijinsky and Karsavina, would not come to this country Signor Gatti-Casazza made an arrangement with Max Rabinoff whereby the dancers headed by Mordkin and Pavlowa would again appear at the Metropolitan.

It had been announced that these dancers would appear at Madison Square Garden early in October. Under the new arrangement it is said that they will make their first New York appearance in December at the Metropolitan. They will remain at the Opera House for two months, and will probably dance in Moussorgsky's "Boris Gudounow," besides appearing in several ballets, one of which will in all likelihood be Tschaikowsky's "Lac des Cygnes."

Whether Pavlowa is to visit this country this season or not still continues to be uncertain. Since she and Mordkin made up their minds that they could not agree they have made public appearances together under circumstances which have put white hairs in the heads of many of those engaged in managing them. One of these, G. P. Centanini, permanently relinquished his interest in the organization after one year of it.

Although they have not been on good terms for more than a year they have continued smiling at each other in pas de deux on the stage. However, certain scenes at the Palace Theatre in London this Summer have brought their personal relations to such a state that they could not be continued longer. Finally Mordkin left London and Pavlowa continued to dance at the Palace without him.

If peace can be restored Pavlowa will return to this country with Mordkin. If not several other dancers have been engaged to appear. Among these are Julia Sledowa and Katherine Geltzer.

"Mona" the Opera Novelty.

The opera season is to open this year with a performance of Puccini's "La Fanciulla del West," in which it is hoped that Signor Caruso will be able to reeffect his entrance upon the focal stage, from which he was absent for the final ten weeks of last year's opera season. The principal novelty of the year will be Prof. Parker's "Mona," which won the $10,000 prize offered by the opera company for the best American opera. The libretto by Brian Hooker has just been published by Dodd, Mead & Co. in the form of a play. It has been decided that Mme. Fremstad and Mme. Rita Fornia will sing the two women's rôles in this opera.

Other novelties of the season will be Wolf-Ferrari's "Le Donne Curiose" (The Curious Women;) Moussorgsky's "Boris Gudounow," and Ludwig Thuille's "Lobetanz." This latter work is described as being after the manner of Humperdinck. It was produced in Mannheim in 1898, and has had success in Germany.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Woodbury Kane and sons, who have been at Newport for several weeks with her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. George B. de Forest, have come to town, preparatory to sailing for England on Saturday. Numerous entertainments were given for Mrs. Kane during her Newport visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Barton French, who have been on a motor trip through Long Island, have returned to town and are at the Hotel Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McLean are spending September at the Buckwood Inn, Shawnee-on-Delaware, Penn.

Dr. John H. Girdner and family have closed their cottage at Block Island and are at 47 West Seventy-first Street for the season.

The Countess de Pallandt of Paris is staying at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Jr., are booked to sail from Europe to-morrow. They have been motoring through France.

Col. C. A. Stedman and Mrs. Stedman will close their North Hatley, Canada, cottage to-morrow and will arrive in Washington, D. C., on Sept. 23.

Mrs. E. H. Harriamn and Miss Carol Harriman are at Arden, and have Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gerry as their guests for September.

Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll will remain at their Southampton cottage until October, when they will open their town house, 23 East Thirty-ninth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Braddin Hamilton, who have come on from Newport, are at their town house until next week, when they will go to Atlantic City for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins of 76 Park Avenue are in the Maine woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Howland are at the Plaza for a few days.

OCTOGENARIAN PEER WEDDED

Lord Suffield Secretly Married Last Month Widow of Col. Rich.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The secret became known only to-day of the wedding last month of the octogenarian peer, Lord Suffield, with Mrs. Rich, widow of a Colonel in the army. Lord Suffield was one of the late King Edward's closest friends. His age is 81 years and his bride's is given as 50.

Lord Suffield's first wife, whom he married when he was 24, died last February. She was Miss Cecelia Baring, sister of the late Lord Revelstone. Lord Suffield met his present wife twenty-four years ago, when he and her husband were both serving in India.

MISS HOPKINS TO WED OCT. 7.

To be Bride of Crawford Blagden—His Brother to Wed Sept. 23.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Hopkins of Washington, D. C., have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Mary Hopkins, to Crawford Blagden of this city. The wedding will take place on Saturday, Oct. 7, in the Thompson College chapel in Williamstown, Mass., and will be followed by a reception at the country place of Mr. Hopkins in that place.

The couple's engagement was announced in August. Mr. Blagden is a son of Samuel P. Blagden of 16 East Tenth Street, and is a graduate of Harvard, class of 1902, and a member of the Racquet and Tennis Club. On Saturday, Sept. 23, he will act as best man at the wedding of his brother, Wendell P. Blagden, who is to marry Miss Louise Burton, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Burton of Cedarhurst, L. I. Three other brothers, Samuel P. Blagden, Arthur C. Blagden, and F. Meredith Blagden, will act as ushers at this wedding, which is to be celebrated in Trinity Church at Hewlett, L. I.

MARY MANNERING ENGAGED.

Will Play Role of Domini Enfildon in "The Garden of Allah."

Mary Mannering has accepted Liebler & Co.'s offer to play the rôle of Domini Enfilden in "The Garden of Allah" at the Century Theatre, and came to New York from Detroit yesterday to sign contracts with George C. Tyler. She and Mr. Tyler have been in communication for a long time over the rôle in the Hichins drama, but the matter of contracts with another manager held up the negotiations. This question has been settled, however, and Miss Mannering was freed of her other obligations. After the signing of the agreements yesterday she returned to Detroit to settle up her domestic matters preparatory to beginning rehearsals here at the Century Theatre.

Miss Mannering's engagement completes the principals of the cast. Louis Waller, the English actor-manager, will play the rôle of Boris Androvsky, and Eben Plympton has been engaged for the part of Count Anteoni. In Miss Mannering George C. Tyler thinks he has found a counterpart of the heroine as described by the author of the novel.

Simple Wedding for Charles G. Gates.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 13.—Minneapolis society, which had looked forward to an elaborate wedding when Miss Florence Hopgood becomes the bride of Charles G. Gates, son of the late multi-millionaire, are doomed to disappointment. Instead, the ceremony will be simple and will be solemnized in the presence only of members of the Hopgood and Gates families some time in October. Mr. Gates, who is in Minneapolis, to-day expressed the desire that there be no ostentation attending his marriage.

Widower Will Wed Divorcee.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to James Russell Linsley, who has been married twice before and is a widower, to wed Mrs. Florence Bradley Jones. The prospective bridegroom gave his age as 53 years, his occupation as a dentist, and his residence as 26 Broad Street, New Haven, Conn. Mrs. Jones, who is 37 years old, lives at the Leonore Hotel, Sixty-third Street and Madison Avenue. She is the daughter of Worth R. Bradley and Mary Alice Bradley.

Mrs. Jones obtained a divorce in Chicago on Jan. 7, 1908, from Ashley O. Jones on allegations of cruelty.

MASON—FRY.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mason of Albany, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jane Marsh Mason, to Harold De Long Fry of Wilkesbarre, Penn. No date has been set for the wedding.

AID FROM TIMES READERS.

$29 Has Been Received for the Bereaved Deacon Family.

These contributions were received yesterday by THE TIMES toward the relief of the family of Henry Deacon, whose pitiable fate was printed in last Monday's issue:

From Philchar	$5
From E. H. F.	5
From In His Name	2
From H. G.	1
From H. R.	1
	$14
Previously acknowledged	15
Total	$29

The Council of Jewish Women announces an additional contribution of $5 from Mrs. Richard Weiner for the sick girl referred to in THE TIMES a few days ago.

IS YOUR MORTGAGE DUE?

It is a good time to borrow on real estate. Much money is awaiting investment in mortgages before the New Tax day, October 1st. Perhaps it will pay you to change your mortgage. Come in to talk it over.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

STEERAGE TRAVEL TO EUROPE JUMPS

Exodus of Laboring People at Approach of Cold Season Much Larger Than Last Year.

STEAMSHIP MEN PUZZLED

Most of the Departing Multitude Are Italians—Falling Off in Number of Incoming Passengers.

Steamship men and those who study industrial conditions are watching with considerable interest the outgoing tide of steerage passengers from this port. Already the number outgoing for the year exceed by 75,063 the number that went out in the same period of 1910, and now that the season of frost is at hand and outside work will practically stop for several months, the tide will be swelled by the great army of laborers who return each year to their homes in Southern Europe to await again the coming of warm weather. This exodus is, steamship men say, to be expected, but they are seeking a reason for the present excessive movement in the steerage. Not since 1908 have so many aliens departed from the port in the same time. In that year conditions were unusual, for it was a period of unrest in the financial world.

Incoming figures show a falling off in all classes. The number of those arriving in the steerage does not equal by 240,862 those who came in during the first nine months of last year.

These figures show the eastward movements of passengers in cabin and steerage up to Sept. 8 as compared with the figures of the last four years:

	First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
1911	82,245	93,344	291,705
1910	90,454	89,489	216,642
1909	80,203	76,521	180,409
1908	77,903	84,973	517,766

So far 57,532 first-class, 152,287 second-class, and 542,599 steerage passengers have arrived—a far less number than in 1910.

A steamship man, in speaking of the outgoing steerage travel, said that the movement must forecast a reduction of labor, especially outdoor labor, by some of the great employers. The movement, he said, had been slow, but nevertheless continual and always noticeable. Most of those departing are natives of the southern countries or Europe. Italians lead in the exodus. An exception to this statement in the sailings of the last ten days is the steamship Lituania, bound for Libau, which took out 1,097 steerage passengers. Among the other vessels departing last week and their steerage-third-class census—were as follows: Europa, 1,131; Sant 'Anna, 949; Taormina, 724, and the Kaiser Wilhelm II., 512.

NEW BRICK CHURCH PASTOR.

Dr. W. P. Merrill of Chicago Chosen to Succeed Dr. Van Dyke.

The Rev. Dr. William P. Merrill of Chicago, successor to the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke as pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church, will be formally installed on the second Sunday in October. An effort will be made to have Dr. Van Dyke deliver the installation address. Word was received here yesterday from Chicago that the Sixth Presbyterian Church, which Dr. Merrill had served as pastor for sixteen years, had released him.

Dr. Van Dyke was instrumental in having Dr. Merrill called as his successor. When several new buildings of the Union Theological Seminary were opened last November, Dr. Merrill's address on "Our Gospel", made a deep impression on several members of the Brick Church who were present. They heard Dr. Merrill preach later in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and came away further impressed with Dr. Merrill's ability.

After Dr. Van Dyke resigned, and when the church was looking for a pastor, these members suggested Dr. Merrill, and a committee was sent to Chicago to hear him. They also were much impressed, but were unwilling to call him until Dr. Van Dyke had been heard from. Dr. Van Dyke went to Chicago and, after hearing him preach, also became enthusiastic.

Dr. Merrill was born in Orange, N. J., in 1867. He was graduated from Rutgers College in 1887 and from the Union Theological Seminary in 1890. From 1890 to 1895 he was pastor of the Chestnut Hill Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, going from there to the Sixth Presbyterian Church in Chicago, where he has been ever since. He is one of the organizers and a member of the Child's Welfare Society in Chicago.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on the Cedric and Savoie.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart in them are:

CEDRIC, (Liverpool)—Mrs. Maude Bailey, Miss Emma J. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Campbell, the Rev. D. W. Ellard, James J. Goodbody, Boyd C. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Huff, William F. Langhurst, William B. McKinley, Mrs. A. Prescott Morris, Sir John Pringle, Willing Spencer, Secretary of the American Embassy, Berlin; James Symington, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Ware, and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Woolworth.

SAVOIE, (Havre)—Lieut. and Mrs. Denys Crapon, T. C. Gucker, Mrs. J. Wood Harbeson, M. D. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. James Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Henri Meyer, J. D. Reynalds, Mrs. Henry E. Sprague, and S. M. Wilson.

New Kessler Theatre Opens To-night.

The new David Kessler Theatre, at Second Avenue and Second Street, will be dedicated this evening with impressive ceremonies that will include speeches by Mayor Gaynor and others, and the appearance of the owner and star, Mr. Kessler, in Jacob Gordin's drama, "God, Man, and the Devil." The new theatre is the largest in the country devoted exclusively to Jewish drama, and the only house in New York built for that purpose. Besides Mayor Gaynor there will be present to-night Jacob H. Schiff, Justices Erlanger and Rosalsky, Edward Lauterbach, and Samuel Untermyer, who will take part in the dedication.

"Revue of Revues" at Winter Garden.

The Shuberts decided yesterday to call their new Winter Garden entertainment "The Revue of Revues." The principal feature of the show will be "Les Debuts de Chichine," in which Mlle. Gaby Deslys is to be the star. Dorothy Jardon of the present show will be retained for the new production, and others in the company will be Maud Raymond, Kate Elinore, Lydia Barry, Doris Cameron, Grace Emmons, Mabel De Yong, Harold Crane, Harry Jolson, James Carson, Frank Tinney, Ernest Mars, Edward Cutler, Georgio Majaroni, Clarence Harvey, Edward De Noyer, John Schrode, Arthur Hill, Sam Williams, Rayo and Ratsch, the Four Musical Hodges, and Leeds and Lemar.

Winner of the Marymount Scholarship.

From about seventy competitors Miss Irene Cronin of 1,085 Park Avenue, in the parish of St. Ignatius in this city, has carried off the Butler Memorial Scholarship, value $2,000. She obtained an average percentage of 90 in all subjects and had already won the gold medal of the Archdiocese for English composition. Miss Cronin is now entitled to a four years' academic course, board, and tuition in the Convent of the Sacred Heart of Mary at Tarrytown. These candidates who were second and third received honorable mention: Margaret Campbell, St. Theresa's, Brooklyn, and Jeanette Dobbin, St. Thomas the Apostle, New York.

IRISH PLAYERS SAIL.

Will Open New Plymouth Theatre, Boston—Poet Yeates with Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Among the passengers on the Zeeland, which left Queenstown to-day, were the entire company of Irish players from the Abbey Theatre, Dublin. They go direct to Boston, where they open under the management of Liebler & Co. Sept. 23, when they inaugurate their new Plymouth Theatre.

W. B. Yeates, the well-known Irish poet and one of the directors of the Abbey Theatre, accompanies the Irish players on the Zeeland, and Lady Gregory, another director, will sail Tuesday next on the Cymric.

Mme. Simone also sailed to-day on the Oceanic for New York under contract to Liebler & Co. She was accompanied by her husband, Claude Casimir Perier, son of the late President of the French Republic, who, during his stay in America, will give lectures.

MISS SYLVA RETURNS.

Has Forsaken Grand Opera Temporarily and Will Appear in "Gypsy Love."

Miss Marguerite Sylva, who has forsaken serious opera for the time to return to comic opera, in which she first made her success in America, arrived last night on the Majestic. She tripped down the gangplank, a smart Parisian figure in dark blue, with a black velvet hat laden with feathers, and brown suede shoes. In her arms she carried the famous tailless monkey, which since it was presented to her last Winter in Philadelphia has been the most important part of her entourage.

"I've spent the Summer," she said, "in my new house, which I have bought at Marseilles, thinking of nothing but 'Gypsy Love,' the opera by Franz Lehar, in which I am to appear. It is infinitely the most important work which Lehar has written, musically far above 'The Merry Widow,' and I am very happy to sing it.

"'Last season I realized the height of my ambition, which was to sing 'Carmen' at the Metropolitan Opera House, and now I have given up opera of that sort for a time, but I am doing something which is just as good in its way. I heard a Viennese company give a performance of 'Gypsy Love' this Summer in Paris, an inferior performance in many ways, but the work is great, there is no getting away from its wonderful gypsy spirit. It has what I call a real throb, and I predict the very greatest success for the work.

"Lehar has promised to come to this country to conduct the first performance. We open in Philadelphia and come to New York toward the end of next month."

Once during the voyage across when Miss Sylva was walking the deck with Miss Ethel Cadman they were struck by a giant wave, which washed over them, but which did no harm to either of them.

It has been rumored several times that Miss Sylva was on the point of remarrying, but when she was asked about this last night she laughed and said that the only love she was considering at present was "Gypsy Love." She is living at the Ritz-Carlton and to-day will start in rehearsals of Lehar's opera.

SHUBERTS DROP ORCHESTRAS

No Music Between Acts at Three of Their Theatres.

Audiences at three of the Shubert theatres—Maxine Elliott's, the Thirty-ninth Street, and the Comedy—last night found themselves able to carry on between-acts conversations without musical accompaniment. To meet a demand of the Musical Union for an increase in salary and for sleeping car fares while on tour, the managers decided to see if they could not get along quite as well without any music at all in the dramatic playhouses, and depend upon chimes to warn the audiences of the rise of the curtain.

It worked very well last night in all of the three theatres. People who remained in their seats between the acts appeared to be unconscious of any difference, and some of them in the lobby commented favorably on the change.

At a recent meeting of the Producing Managers' Association plans were discussed for the total abolition of the orchestra in theatres, even in the musical comedy houses, and the installation of a sort of combination organ was advocated. The organ is to have a trial in a month or so at The Playhouse. If it works it will be adopted.

WILLIAM FAVERSHAM HOME.

In New Play, "Discovery of America," He Will Act a Modern Columbus.

William Faversham and his wife, Julie Opp, arrived in New York yesterday on the Majestic after several months in England. They will start on their tour in "The Faun" at the West End Theatre next week, and visit the cities where this play has not been seen before.

Mr. Faversham said he had a new play by Edward Knoblauch, author of his present vehicle, which he expects to produce this season. It is called "The Discovery of America," and Mr. Faversham's rôle will be that of a modern Columbus. It is a light drama, verging upon comedy. Another play which he intends to produce in association with the Shuberts is "Improper Peter," a comedy by Monckton Hoff.

Douglas Fairbanks Moves to Globe.

Douglas Fairbanks and his company in "A Gentleman of Leisure" moved from The Playhouse to the Globe Theatre last night and took a large audience with them. The comedy of the unprofessional burglar seemed to find as much favor in the large Dillingham theatre as it did in the smaller Brady place of amusement. The actors played their parts with all the unction that they showed before.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

George M. Cohan and his company in "The Little Millionaire" will leave for Hartford, Conn., Saturday on a special train for a final dress rehearsal of the musical comedy before the opening on Monday night at Parsons's Theatre.

Henry B. Harris and Jesse L. Lasky have decided to produce their new revue at the Folies Bergere on Friday evening, Sept. 22. The title of the production is "A la Broadway." Before appearing in New York the piece will be given a try-out in New Haven on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week.

A dress rehearsal of Robert Edeson's new play, "The Cave Man," will be held at the Harris Theatre to-morrow afternoon. The first public performance will be at the Empire Theatre, Providence, on Monday, Sept. 18.

Officers of the Chinese battleship Hai-Chi have been invited to attend the juvenile performance of "Pinafore" at the Casino Theatre to-morrow afternoon, and most of them have accepted. The Chinese officers will occupy a box during the performance, and after the curtain falls they will be introduced to Fay Templeton, the Buttercup, and the children.

Harrison Grey Fiske has engaged Joseph Kilgour and Shelley Hull for important roles in Langdon Mitchell's new comedy, "The New Marriage," in which Mrs. Fiske will appear in October. Mr. Mitchell arrived from Europe yesterday, and rehearsals will begin next week.

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ITS TUBE TO CHANGE JERSEY CITY TRADE

Old Residents Fear the New Summit Avenue Station Will Cause Business Centre to Move.

NEW CAR ROUTES PLANNED

Opening of the Through Line from New York to Newark Will Leave Only Wagon Business to the Ferries.

With the opening this Winter of the Summit Avenue Station of the Hudson Tunnels in Jersey City old-time residents of the city across the river are predicting the beginning of changes in the centre of business activity which eventually may change the entire aspect of the city. The lower section of Jersey City, where for more than a century business has centred around the ferries to New York, has already felt the effect of the diversion of traffic through the tubes from Henderson Street to the uptown shopping section of New York.

The operation of the Hudson Tunnels in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad's suburban service, which still terminates at the Jersey City Station, as well as the diversion of through traffic on the railroad to the Seventh Avenue Station, caused the abandonment of the road's Twenty-third Street Ferry service some time ago. With the completion of the Hudson Company's rapid transit service to Newark, now expected to be in operation by the middle of next month, the Hudson Terminal will become the downtown terminus of the railroad, and the Cortlandt Street Ferries will become practically disused except for wagon traffic. Thus the lower section of Jersey City will lose another and larger part of its activity.

Anticipating the probable diversion of traffic from the lower city to the Hudson Company's station at Summit Avenue, where the Hudson Boulevard crosses the Pennsylvania Railroad at the crest of the hill, the Public Service Corporation is planning to reroute its trolley cars which at present dump their morning loads of New York bound passengers at the ferry and tube terminals in the lower city. The company has purchased land for a terminal over the Hudson Company's Summit Avenue station and will focus its lines, tapping Greenville, Bayonne, and other sections of Jersey City at the new outlet to New York.

The Summit Avenue station, which is close to the point where the Hudson Tunnels emerge from under the river, marking the junction of the under-river line with the Pennsylvania cut and the tracks which the company will use to cross the Hackensack Meadows to Newark, was to have been completed in the Summer, but changes enforced by the local authorities in details of the plans have delayed matters.

The foundations are laid and the building material is on the ground, but it is not now expected that the station can be completed until well into the Winter. The trestle carrying the Hudson Company's line across the Passaic River to Newark is nearly completed. This line, which will connect with the Manhattan Transfer Station of the Pennsylvania on the edge of the meadows just east of Newark, will probably be in operation about the middle of October.

The Newark service supplying downtown connections for Pennsylvania through traffic, through its connection with the Manhattan Transfer Station, where the Pennsylvania's electric service to the Seventh Avenue station begins, will be put into operation without waiting for the completion of the Summit Avenue station.

The Summit Avenue station is being built by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the line to Newark over the Pennsylvania's tracks will be jointly operated by the railroad and the Hudson Company. The electric cars will be the same type now used in the Hudson Tunnels, and will make a continuous trip from Newark to New York.

Traffic on the Hudson Company's lines to both Thirty-third Street and to the Hudson Terminal is showing a large growth over last year's figures. During August there was an increase of about 18 per cent. in passengers carried, or of more than 600,000 in the month. For the first twelve days in September there has been an increase over 1910 of 21 per cent.

HOSPITAL IN DANGER OF FIRE.

Precautions at Long Island Institution Inadequate, Fire Marshal Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 13.—The inmates of the Long Island State Hospital at Kings Park are in danger, through lack of proper precautions against fire, is the substance of a report made to-day to State Fire Marshal Thomas J. Ahearn by Deputy Marshal Peter P. Acritelli. The office of the Fire Marshal was created by the present Legislature, and its first work is directed toward the proper equipment of the buildings controlled by the State.

"One building, which is used as a dormitory by 300 patients," Mr. Acritelli says in his report, "was formerly a laundry, and was partly burned down. This building was never intended for human habitation. It is simply a one-story barn, the walls and roof of which consist of boards covered with paper. No fire wall of any kind divides any part of this huge structure, and the only partitions are nothing but boards nailed upon uprights."

Mr. Acritelli recommends that the use of this dormitory be discontinued and that the building be removed from the grounds. He also finds that the fire department at the Long Island Hospital is inadequate, and that the water supply, although plentiful, cannot be used to any great extent on account of a lack of proper appliances.

Marshal Ahearn will require the heads of State departments to equip all State buildings with fire escapes.

POLICEMAN'S VICTIM DIES.

A Bullet Aimed at an Escaping Prisoner Had Hit Him Accidentally.

Paul Ajas, who was accidentally shot by Patrolman Patrick J. Dugan of the old West Twentieth Street Station on Tuesday night, died yesterday at New York Hospital after he had given a statement to Coroner Hellenstein.

Ajas, who was a cook, 18 years old, was standing on Seventh Avenue, near Twenty-fifth Street, when Dugan shot to stop the flight of Harry Vidona of 120 First Avenue, who had knocked him down with a blow in the face. The police captured Vidona and Gaston Abbadie of 223 West Twenty-seventh Street, whom they accused of attempting to free Vidona.

Abbadie attempted to hang himself with a pair of suspenders in the station house cell, where he was lodged, and a charge of attempted suicide was entered against him on the blotter of the old West Twentieth Street Station House.

$15,000 TO EPISCOPALIANS.

Mrs. Isabella G. Whiting's Will Benefits Many Church Institutions.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Sept. 13.—Bequests amounting to about $15,000, mostly in sums ranging from $100 to $500, are made to various Episcopal institutions in different parts of the country in the will of Mrs. Isabella G. Whiting of Great Barrington and New York, filed for probate here to-day.

The largest bequests are $2,000 each to St. Ignatius Parish, New York; the Order of the Holy Cross, West Park, N. Y., and Nashotah House, Nashotah, Wis. The residue of the estate, the value of which is not given, goes to the Rev. Arthur Ritchie, rector of St. Ignatius Church, New York.

EX-GOV. PROCTOR SINKING.

Physicians Say Death May Be a Matter of Hours or Weeks.

PROCTOR, Vt., Sept. 13.—The condition of ex-Gov. Fletcher D. Proctor, who is ill with endocarditis, continues critical.

Mr. Proctor passed the day without change, and to-night was reported in the same weak condition. Attending physicians said he has been declining gradually, but that death might be a matter of hours or weeks.

DONNELL SWAN DEAD.

Former Husband of Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., a Victim of Heart Disease.

Donnell Swan of Baltimore, former husband of Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., and himself married a second time, died of heart disease early yesterday morning in the Strand Hotel, Atlantic City. He went to Atlantic City in search of health two weeks ago. His wife and his wife's sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Swift of this city, were with him when he died.

Mr. Swan was 53 years old. He was a member of many clubs, and was connected with the banking and brokerage firm of Paine & Wilson.

His first wife was Miss Sydney Turner, daughter of William Turner of Virginia. She was divorced from him in 1888. She received the custody of their one child, Miss Laura Swan. In 1891 Mrs. Swan was married at Newport to Elisha Dyer, Jr. In 1892 Mr. Swan was married to Miss Ella Dallett Wilson of this city.

BARON LOCHEE DEAD.

Hon. Edmund Robertson Was ex-Member of Parliament and Writer.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Right Hon. Edmund Robertson, First Baron Lochee of Gowrie, died to-day. He was born in 1845.

Baron Lochee was Liberal M. P. for Dundee from 1885 to 1908. He was Civil Lord of Admiralty, 1892 to 1895, and Secretary to the Admiralty, 1905 to 1908. He contributed numerous articles on legal and constitutional subjects in the ninth edition of the "Encyclopedia Britannica," and was Reader in Law to the Council of Legal Education. "American Home Rule" was one of his works.

Obituary Notes.

BERTHOLD SUSSMAN, who was part owner in the Merchants' Hotel in Chambers Street in the late fifties, died at his hotel, the Imperial, at Long Branch, N. J., yesterday, in his 77th year. Mr. Sussman was born in Prussia. He ran the old Raymond House at Long Branch in the seventies, and later the Conlter House. Mr. Sussman was a member of the Board of Trade and the Elks.

FREDERICK HARMON, 63 years old, a retired engineer of Butler, N. J., was found dead in bed in his room at Hotel Sherman, Chicago, yesterday. Death was due to heart disease. Mr. Harmon arrived in Chicago several days ago to attend a convention of German Catholic societies, and reserved apartments at the hotel with Charles Korz, also a resident of Butler.

The Rev. THOMAS J. DRUMM, Master in St. Paul's School for thirty-eight years and Secretary of the Standing Committee of the Episcopal Diocese of New Hampshire, died in Concord, N. H., yesterday. He was born at Barbados, West Indies, in 1845 and was graduated from Trinity College.

The Rev. W. M. DWYER, pastor of St. John the Evangelist Church, Oswego, died at St. Joseph's Hospital in Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday. Father Dwyer a short time ago underwent an operation for an abscess of the ear. He was born at Truxton and was 50 years old. He was ordained at Troy Seminary Dec. 17, 1887.

Mrs. AMELIA SOPHIA FOWLER, known as the "good angel" of New Rochelle, died of old age on Tuesday at her home, 17 Church Street, New Rochelle. She was born in Germany eighty-two years ago. She had lived in New Rochelle for more than sixty years. The death of her son-in-law, John Mathews, once Coroner of Westchester County, in New York a few days ago, affected her greatly. The appellation of "good angel" she gained by assisting her poorer neighbors in illness and trouble.

HENRY B. DANFORTH, for thirty-five years a church organist and musical instructor in Manhattan, is dead of heart disease at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. Watson Davis, 307 Lincoln Road, Flatbush. He was born in Princeton, Mass., seventy-three years ago. Mr. Danforth was organist of St. Stephen's Church in East Twenty-eighth Street when the Rev. M. C. O'Farrel was curate there. He followed Father O'Farrel to St. Teresa's Church at Henry and Rutgers Street and later to the Church of the Holy Innocents in West Thirty-seventh Street, where he played his last service on last Easter Sunday. Mr. Danforth taught music to the Franciscan nuns at Peekskill, the Ursuline nuns at New Rochelle, and also taught in many churches and academies in this city.

GEORGE M. PLACIS, Treasurer of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad Company and junior member of the Dempster-Placis Company, glove manufacturers, died at his home in Gloversville Tuesday after a long illness.

CLAUDE C. CHINN, once active in politics in Kentucky, died at his home in Indianapolis Tuesday. He was 68 years old. He was a personal friend, though a political antagonist, of ex-Gov. William S. Taylor of Kentucky.

WILLIAM WICKENSON, who was chief electrician of the steamship Great Eastern when she laid the first Atlantic cable is dead at his home in Revere, Mass. He was the inventor of several devices used in ocean cables. He was 70 years old.

Mrs. EDITH WENDELL BAKER, the wife of John H. Baker, Jr., died at her home, 483 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, yesterday. She was active in the affairs of the Henry Ward Beecher Missionary Circle of Plymouth Church and as a member of the Plymouth Choral Society.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

JOHN WALSH died on June 7 at 359 West Twenty-ninth Street, leaving no real and $5,700 personal property, all to his wife.

EDWIN F. TAUSSIG died on Aug. 15 at 29 West 184th Street, leaving $3,000 real and $4,000 personal property; $2,000 life insurance to his wife and the rest in trust for her and his children, Mabel, Josephine, and Warren James, until the younger becomes 21, when the estate is to be divided equally among the three.

THOMAS E. CRIMMINS died on Sept. 8. Will reported elsewhere.

BESSIE GREENBERG died on Sept. 2 at 92 East Fourteenth Street, leaving about $1,000, divided $500 to her mother, Dora Rosenblum; $400 to her sister, Gitle Cohen; $100 to her sister, Ida Lavin, and "$1 to my beloved husband, Morris Greenberg, to be taken from the interest." Mrs. Greenberg's property is now in two savings banks.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KASKEL.—Mr. and Mrs. George J. Kaskel announce the birth of a daughter, Sept. 13.

Married.

MARSH—KNECHT.—On Tuesday, Sept. 12, at Newark, N. J., by the Rev. Frederick Chauncey Mooney, Pauline Knecht, soloist of Union Street M. E. Church, Newark, to Mr. Lewis Marsh of Newark.

Long Island.

OTIS—CANTRELL.—Sept. 12, Huntington, Charlotte E. Cantrell to Edward T. Otis.

Brooklyn.

COOPER—SPEDON.—Sept. 13, Sylvia Spedon to John L. Cooper.

HARDY—DUFFY.—Sept. 10, Mary Duffy to Edward Hardy.

New Jersey.

BURR—BOWER

AMES KEEPS GIANTS MARCHING ONWARD.

Allows Boston One Hit in Eight Innings, Falters Slightly in Ninth, but Wins.

CONTROL ALMOST PERFECT

Erratic Pitcher Gives Only One Pass, but Strikes Out No One—Giants Mix Their Hits with Boston's Errors.

THE SCORE:

New York	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1—4
Boston	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	1	2	2	0
Snodgrass, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Murray, lf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	0	13	0	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	2	1	2	0
Fletcher, ss	3	0	1	1	5	0
Meyers, c	2	0	1	1	0	0
Wilson, c	1	1	0	0	0	0
Ames, p	4	0	0	0	4	0
Total	31	4	6	27	13	0

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Ingerton, 2b	4	0	0	3	5	1
Bridwell, ss	4	0	1	1	1	1
Jackson, lf	4	0	0	1	0	1
Kaiser, cf	4	1	0	2	0	0
Miller, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
McDonald, 3b	2	0	0	1	3	0
Gowdy, 1b	3	0	0	12	0	0
Rariden, c	2	0	0	5	3	0
Kling, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, p	2	0	1	1	1	2
‡Stratt	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Flaherty	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	30	1	3	27	11	5

‡Batted for Rariden in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Brown in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Doyle, Herzog, Brown, Bridwell. Sacrifice fly—Doyle. Sacrifice hit—Wilson. Stolen bases—Fletcher, Herzog, (2.) Double plays—Gowdy, (unassisted.) Left on bases—Boston, 8; New York, 6. First base on balls—Off Ames, 1; off Brown, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 1. Struck out—By Brown, 8. Passed ball—Rariden. Wild pitch—Brown. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 13.—The free-and-easy barrel-hoop curves of Leon Ames were on their best behavior to-day, and the Boston Rustlers strained their shoulders trying to crash the ball to some uninhabited spot on the South End grounds. Ames's performance completely baffled the Bostons and enabled the Giants to take the third straight victory of the series by a score of 4 to 1. Ames held Boston to three hits, one of them a lucky Texas leaguer. Pitcher Buster Brown and Al Bridwell each got a two bagger, and Flaherty, in the rôle of pinch hitter, got the lucky pop to left field. The other Bostonians might as well have been in the clubhouse for all the hitting they did.

The Giants didn't hit the ball very hard, but the hits they gathered off Brown were intermingled with Boston errors and were productive of runs. In the field New York played rings around the Heps, and always had a firm grip on the game. Ames didn't have a single strike out to his credit, but he twisted the ball in such a fashion that the pill was smashed every time into the custody of some anxiously waiting fielder. His control was almost perfect, and he handed out only one pass. Up to the ninth inning Boston got only one hit. That was Brown's two bagger in the sixth inning. Herzog and Fletcher figured prominently in the day's victory, both of them getting a couple of hits and doing daring stunts on the base paths.

The weather was cold and cruel, and there were about enough fans present to make up a good-sized progressive whist party. Half a dozen girls who braved the arctic afternoon wore furs, and the men fans were wrapped in overcoats. It was more like February in Lapland than September in Boston. The presence of Mike Donlin and his turkey trot have been eliminated from the ball yard for three days, because of Michael's forensic outburst with Umpire Johnstone.

Ames's return to the game with a victory is hailed with delight by Manager McGraw, for a pitcher or two is needed to help out Matty and Marquard. The Giants have Boston just where they want them, and expect to make it a clean sweep to-morrow. With the team going at the fast clip that they have shown thus far, McGraw's men expect to hold on to their lead in the race with a strong grip.

Ames placed himself in a deep hole in the ninth inning when two of the Bostons took up quarters on the third and second corners with only one out. The Boston bleacherites expected Leon to blow up just as Marquard had done yesterday. In the hope of such an event they broke the icy silence and begged Jackson and Kaiser to break up the game. Ames was as cool as the afternoon in the face of the impending trouble and retired the two Boston hopes with ease.

The Giants, like the early bird, went after something in the opening session and got it. After Ingerton had tossed Devore out at first, Larry Doyle drilled a two-base drive to the right-field wall. He rushed to third when Brown made a wild throw to second to get him slumbering. Snodgrass hit to left, scoring Doyle. Murray was passed, and the runners advanced a base on Merkle's out at first. Herzog was an easy victim, McDonald to Gowdy.

Fletcher did some dazzling base galloping in the second inning. He singled to centre, stole second after Meyers fanned, and then made a dazzling steal of third. Ames fanned and Devore fouled to Rariden. Josh Devore's lurid muff of Kaiser's rocket was responsible for a Boston run in the last half of the second. Kaiser took second on the miscue. He went to third on Miller's out at first. McDonald got a gift from Ames, and while Gowdy forced McDonald at second, Kaiser scored.

The Giants jumped to the front in the fifth inning. Meyers cracked a long hit to the left-field fence, but he limped badly and got only one base on it. Ames attempted to bunt, but popped to Brown. Devore walked, and on Brown's wild pitch Meyers went to third and Devore to second. Wilson then took Meyers's place. Doyle lifted a long fly to Miller in right and Wilson scored. Snodgrass drew a ticket, and when he and Devore tried a double steal Joshua was nipped at third base.

And still they came. Murray's life was saved when Jackson muffed his fly to left field. "Red's" existence was short, for he was nabbed in an attempt to purloin second. Merkle grounded out. McDonald to Gowdy. Herzog dented the left-field fence and pulled up at second. Fletcher shot a scorching roller along the carpet, which elusively bounded away from "Scotty" Ingerton, and Herzog registered. Wilson hoisted a balloon to Bridwell.

The "Heps" got the first hit off Leon Ames in the sixth inning. Buster Brown was discouraged at the hitting famine of his associates, so he jammed a stinging two bagger to centre field. He camped at second base because there was nary a swat to help him along.

The Giants added their last run in the ninth inning. Herzog again getting into the picture with no ordinary prominence. Charley whacked a grounder at McDonald, which spotted off his shoes like a geyser. The ball dropped near Bridwell, but Herzog was too fast and beat Al's throw. Herzog put on full steam ahead and stole second. Great guns, look at him go. He stole third, too. Wilson bunted the ball to Brown, and the pitcher threw it to Kling, but the Ridgeley farmer made a long slide and ducked under the catcher and was safe. Ames again tried to sacrifice, but bunted to Gowdy, who doubled Wilson at first. Devore ended the attacking game for New York by grounding out, McDonald to Gowdy.

The only danger that threatened Ames during the whole game came in the last half of the ninth inning. Brown, who had made the only hit off Ames, wasn't allowed to try his luck again, but Patsy Flaherty was sent in as a pinch hitter. Patsy raised a Texas leaguer between left and centre gardens. Red Murray ran after the ball with all the swiftness of a mountain goat, but he was only able to touch it with his finger tips, and the ball fell safe. Scotty Ingerton was implored to smash the ball, but the best he could do was to lift a foul to Wilson. And then, who should come up but the former resident of Manhattan. Al Bridwell. Bid waved his stick against the ball and drove it with perfect freedom to deep centre field. Flaherty going to third Jackson sent a short fly to left field which was gathered in by Murray after a hard run. It was up to Kaiser to produce a hit. Ames willed otherwise and the former Cub smacked a grounder to Fletcher, who made a low toss to Merkle. The first baseman dug the ball out of the earth as gallantly as Hal Chase could have done it, and the game was over.

DISPELLING AMES'S HOODOO ON THE THIRTEENTH.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—It develops that Marquard's trouble is a sore arm. The elbow of his south wing bothers him, and he will have a few days' rest before uncurling it again. Nothing serious, he says.

Too bad Donlin wasn't present. None of the Rustlers can get out any quicker than Mike against the Giants.

Herzog and Fletcher ran the bases as if the paths were greased. Desperate chances they took, but that's what has put the Giants where they are.

Nine of the Bostons went out by the sky route, and thirteen passed away on grounders to the infield.

Only twenty-six men faced Ames in eight innings, and thirty-two in the whole game.

If Ames has a hoodoo it disappeared with the warm weather.

Snodgrass was the bright fielding star. He pulled down three drives, which looked good for extra bases.

Meyers's leg still retards his running, but his catching and batting are helping the Giants to lead the parade.

The first base playing of Merkle stands out boldly in every game. The lightning fast throws of the infielders are often out of range, but Merkle shows uncommon skill in squeezing them.

To-morrow will be Boston's last home game of the season. That's one reason, anyway, for a little gladness here.

BROOKLYN SHUT OUT.

Alexander Allows Superbas Four Hits —Barger Pitches Well.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Philadelphia shut out Brooklyn in a pitchers' battle between Alexander and Barger here to-day by 2 to 0. After two men were out in the seventh inning, the home team scored its runs on Tooley's wild throw on Walsh's grounder and singles by Alexander, Knabe, and Lobert. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b	4	0	1	0	4	Tooley, ss	3	0	0	0	3
Lobert, 3b	3	0	1	1	3	Daub't, 1b	3	0	1	10	2
Magee, lf	3	0	0	1	0	Wheat, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Luderus, 1b	4	0	1	12	0	Smith, 3b	4	0	0	0	3
Paskert, cf	4	0	2	1	0	Hummel, 2b	3	0	0	1	4
Beck, rf	3	0	0	1	0	Coulson, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Doolan, ss	4	0	0	2	1	Dav's'n, cf	3	0	2	4	0
Walsh, c	3	1	0	8	0	Bergen, c	2	0	0	4	1
Alex'der, p	3	1	2	1	5	Erwin, c	1	0	0	0	0
						Barger, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	31	2	7	27	13	Total	29	0	4	24	12

Error—Tooley.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Stolen bases—Paskert, Daubert. Struck out—By Barger, 2; by Alexander, 8. Double play—Alexander and Luderus. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. First base on balls—Off Barker, 2; off Alexander, 2. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 4; Philadelphia, 8. Hit by pitcher—By Barger, (Beck.) Passed ball—Walsh. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

Pirates Win a Close Battle.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Cincinnati lost to Pittsburgh to-day in a close and exciting game, 5 to 4. Adams worked well until the seventh inning, when Cincinnati tied the score. Hendrix, who succeeded him, was invincible. Boyd, for Cincinnati, was wild, and Compton, who relieved him, pitched good ball but dropped out for an emergency runner. Humphries was also wild. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	1	1	2	4	Bescher, lf	4	0	0	4	0
Carey, cf	4	1	0	2	0	Dates, cf	4	0	1	2	1
Clarke, lf	4	1	0	3	0	Hob'sel, 1b	3	0	0	8	2
Wagner, 1b	3	1	1	12	0	Mitchell, rf	4	1	2	3	0
Wilson, rf	5	0	3	4	0	Esmond, ss	4	1	2	3	2
Miller, 2b	3	1	2	0	2	Egan, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
M'C'thy, ss	4	0	2	1	2	Grant, 3b	4	0	0	2	0
Simon, c	1	0	0	3	0	Clarke, c	4	1	1	3	1
Gibson, c	0	0	0	0	0	Boyd, p	1	0	0	1	2
Adams, p	3	0	0	0	1	Compt'n, p	1	0	1	0	0
Hendrix, p	0	0	0	0	0	H'phries, p	0	0	0	0	1
*M'K'chnie	0	0	0	0	0	‡Marsans	1	0	0	0	0
†Campbell	0	0	0	0	0	§Balenti	0	1	0	0	0
						¶Severoid	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	7	27	9	Total	33	4	8	27	12

*Batted for Simon in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Adams in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Boyd in the fifth inning.
§Ran for Compton in the seventh inning.
¶Batted for Humphries in the ninth inning.
Errors—McCarthy, (2,) Esmond, Boyd.

Pittsburgh	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	—5
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	—4

Hits—Off Adams, 8 in seven innings; off Hendrix, none in two innings; off Boyd, 5 in five innings; off Compton, none in two innings; off Humphries, 2 in two innings. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 1; off Boyd, 5; off Compton, 1; off Humphries, 2. Struck out—By Adams, 2; by Hendrix, 1; by Compton, 1; by Humphries, 1. Stolen bases—Byrne, Miller, Egan. Sacrifice hits—Carey, Miller, McKechnie, Bescher. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 11; Cincinnati, 6. Passed ball—Simon. Double play—Egan, Esmond, and Hoblitzel. Hit by pitcher—By Humphries, Miller. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; Columbus, 2.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 4; Milwaukee, 1.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 5; St. Paul, 4.
Toledo at Louisville—Rain.

New York State League.

At Troy—Scranton, 7; Troy, 7, (called in tenth inning, darkness.)
At Elmira—Elmira, 4; Syracuse, 2.
At Albany—Albany, 3; Wilkesbarre, 1.
At Binghamton—Binghamton, 5; Utica, 0.

Our clothing stock, like the big trees of California, never fails to impress any man with its size.

But even more impressive is the variety of our Fall suits.

Makes choosing about the easiest thing a man can do.

Every fancy pattern confined exclusively to us.

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Ready now for the custom tailors' man who wants to take a look at all the handsome tweeds and cheviots we've brought over from the other side.

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ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,

Three Broadway Stores

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Warren St.	13th St.	34th St.

FORD, YANKEES' STAR PITCHER, DEFEATED

Jack Knight's Loose Fielding Enables Athletics to Win Last Game of Series.

THE SCORE.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Lord, lf	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Oldring, cf	1	0	1	2	0	4	0	0
Collins, 2b	4	0	1	0	2	4	4	0
Baker, 3b	2	0	0	1	0	2	2	1
Murphy, rf	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
McInnis, 1b	4	1	1	0	0	10	0	0
Barry, ss	3	0	1	0	0	3	4	1
Thomas, c	4	0	2	0	0	5	3	0
Plank, p	3	0	0	1	1	0	4	0
Total	29	2	7	4	4	27	17	3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Hemphill, cf	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Cree, lf	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	12	1	0
Hartzell, 3b	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	0
Knight, ss	4	0	1	0	2	2	5	1
Gardner, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	5	3	0
Blair, c	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	1
Ford, p	3	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
*Johnson	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	3	2	5	27	17	2

*Batted for Hartzell in the ninth inning.

Two-base hit—Lord. Sacrifice hits—Oldring, Baker, Barry, Hartzell, Daniels. Stolen bases—Collins, Gardner, Daniels. First base on errors—New York, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; New York, 6. Struck out—By Plank, 5; by Ford, 4. Bases on balls—Off Plank, 2; off Ford, 4. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Sheridan. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

The combination of clever pitching by Eddie Plank and erratic throwing by Jack Knight gave Connie Mack's World's Champions their third successive victory over the Yankees yesterday in the final game of the season between these teams on the Hilltop. Mack's star southpaw held the Chase aggregation to two clean singles and a scratch hit, and only two of the Yankees traveled as far as third base during the afternoon. Plank's support was anything but perfect, five errors being charged against his mates, but Eddie was always master of the situation, and the Yankees could not turn any of the slips to their own advantage. The score by 2 to 0.

Knight handed the visitors both runs, the first by a wide peg to the plate when he had an easy chance to throw Lord out, and the second by rolling a ball back to Ford and allowing McInnis to take an extra base, which put him in position to score. It was decidedly an off day for the elongated infielder. Besides his two slips which cost runs, Knight forgot to cover second base on another occasion and lost a chance for a double play. At the bat he fanned twice in four chances and bunted into Plank's hands for a force-out in an attempt to sacrifice Hartzell to second base. A quick play by Earl Gardner on a ball which bounded away from Knight saved Jack from another misplay. The arctic breezes which swept across the Hilltop didn't seem to bother anybody except Knight and the fellows who hand out ice cream cones.

Russell Ford had his chance to halt the fast-stepping leaders, and he did his work well enough, even though he took the count. Ford was outpitched two to one by his southpaw opponent in number of hits and also in control, but at that the Yankee star did well enough to blank the Champions with proper support. His moist tosses proved far more troublesome to the Mackmen than anything handed up by the four twirlers who worked for the Yankees in the two preceding games, and there was no exhibition of bunched stickwork such as made the other games so easy for the Athletics. The seven hits which Ford allowed were scattered over six frames, and the only inning which produced a pair of hits failed to show a run. None of Ford's passes figured in the scoring.

The Athletics failed to show the fine fielding which marked the other games of the series, Barry in particular. Jack fumbled one drive which bounded straight into his waiting fingers, and made a trio of wide heaves, two of which were turned into put outs on fancy grabs by McInnis. Baker also got in some strong arm work after a clean pick-up. Barry made one hit-killing stop, and McInnis again showed fine work at the getaway turn, while Hartzell continued his flashy work for the Yankees.

The Athletics got busy early and pushed a run across with one out in the first inning. Lord opened on Ford with a double to right and moved up to third on Oldring's sacrifice. Collins grounded to Knight, who was playing in for a throw to the plate, and his clean pick up gave him plenty of time to get Lord. His throw was wide and pulled Blair so far from the plate that he did not have a chance to tag the runner. Collins stole second and went around to third on Blair's poor peg to second, but was left there while Baker was flying to Chase and Murphy was striking out. In the second inning with one out, Barry reached third base on his single and a Texas leaguer to right field by Thomas, but Plank fanned and Lord was thrown out at first base.

The Athletics saw third base but twice during the remainder of the game. Collins beat out a bunt in the sixth inning and advanced on Baker's sacrifice and Murphy's out, but McInnis grounded to Knight for the third out. In the ninth McInnis beat out a hit which Knight blocked, and dashed to second when Knight rolled the ball to Ford. He took third on Barry's sacrifice and scored while Gardner was throwing Thomas out at first base.

The Yankees saw third base twice. In the fifth Gardner got around on a fielder's choice, a steal, and Thomas's error, but two were out when he reached third, and Blair flied to Oldring. In the sixth Ford scratched a hit past Plank, reached second on Daniels's sacrifice. Hemphill walked and Cree hit to Barry, forcing Hemphill at second. Ford reached third on the out, but Chase ended the inning with a grounder to Barry, forcing Cree at second base.

Recruit Pitcher Beats White Sox.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 13.—Chicago wound up its final series here to-day losing to St. Louis, 6 to 2. Allison, a recruit from San Antonio, was effective in all but two innings, while the locals bunched hits with errors. The locals' fielding was fast and perfect. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	3	1	2	3	1	M'Int're, rf	3	0	0	1	2
Austin, 3b	3	1	0	2	3	Lord, 3b	4	0	1	2	0
Horan, lf	4	2	2	3	0	Collins, 2b	4	0	1	1	3
Laporte, 2b	4	0	1	3	3	Bodie, cf	3	0	0	3	0
C'pton, rf	4	0	0	1	0	D'gh'ty, lf	3	1	0	1	0
Kutina, 1b	4	0	1	12	0	T'nehill, ss	4	1	2	4	4
Hallinan, ss	3	0	0	1	2	Zeider, 1b	3	0	2	7	2
Clarke, c	3	1	1	2	1	Block, c	3	0	0	4	1
Allison, p	3	1	1	0	2	Benz, p	2	0	0	1	2
						White, p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	31	6	8	27	12	*Walsh	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	30	2	6	24	15

Errors—Collins 2, Bodie, Block, White.
*Batted for Benz in the eighth inning.

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	—6
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Lord, Clarke, Tannehill. Sacrifice hit—Austin. Double plays—McIntyre and Block; Austin, Laporte, and Kutina. Passed ball—By Block. 1. Bases on balls—Off Allison, 3; off Benz, 1. Struck out—By Benz, 2; by Allison, 1; by White, 1. Hits—Off Benz, 6 in 7 innings; off White, 2 in 1 inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 4. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Mullin. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

Kaler Proves Tigers' Master.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 13.—Kaler was too effective for Detroit to-day, and Cleveland defeated the Tigers, 5 to 1. Detroit made six hits, nine striking out. Cleveland knocked Summers from the box in the fourth inning. But for Olson's error in the ninth inning, Detroit would have been shut out. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Butcher, lf	4	0	0	2	0	Bush, ss	4	0	0	1	5
Olson, ss	4	0	1	1	1	Cobb, cf	4	1	1	2	1
J'kson, rf	4	1	1	2	0	Crawf'd, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Lajois, 2b	4	1	1	0	3	Delah'ty, 2b	4	0	1	4	3
B'm'h'm, cf	4	0	2	0	0	Drake, lf	2	0	0	2	0
Stovall, 1b	4	1	1	9	1	Galger, 1b	3	0	1	9	1
Turner, 3b	3	1	1	3	1	Mor'ty, 3b	3	0	0	0	0
East'ly, c	3	1	2	12	2	Stanage, c	3	0	0	4	2
Kaler, p	2	0	0	1	2	Sum'rs, p	1	0	1	1	5
						Works, p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	11	27	10	Tutw'ler	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	32	1	5	24	15

Errors—Bush, Delehanty, Olson, Easterly.

Cleveland	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hits—Cobb, Easterly, Turner. Three-base hit—Birmingham. Sacrifice hit—Kaler. Stolen bases—Cobb, Butcher, Jackson, Lajoie. Double play—Delehanty and Gainer. Hits—Off Summers, 7 in 4 innings; off Works, 4 in 4 innings. Struck out—By Summers, 3; by Works, 1; by Kaler, 9. Wild pitch—Kaler. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Cleveland, 4. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and O'Loughlin.

Boston Reckless on the Bases.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Reckless base running by Boston cost them the game to-day, Washington winning 3 to 1. Several times Boston had men on bases with none out, but Hughes tightened up and no runs resulted. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	2	1	0	1	Hooper, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Schaef'r, 1b	4	1	1	9	1	Yerkes, 2b	4	0	2	1	2
Elb'f'd, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	Speaker, cf	3	0	1	5	0
Long, rf	4	0	1	0	0	Gainer, 2b	3	1	2	3	1
C.W'ker, lf	3	0	0	0	0	Lewis, lf	4	0	1	1	0
M'Bride, ss	3	0	0	2	4	Engle, 1b	4	0	1	8	2
Morgan, 3b	2	0	1	1	5	Carlstrom, ss	3	0	0	2	4
Street, c	2	0	1	13	2	Williams, c	3	0	0	1	3
Hughes, p	3	0	1	0	3	Pape, p	3	0	1	2	4
						Riggert	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	3	7	27	18	†Nu'maker	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	1	0	24	16

*Batted for Carlstrom in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Williams in the ninth inning.
Errors—Long, McBride, Speaker, Gardner.

Washington	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Hooper, Gardner, Long. Home run—Milan. Sacrifice hits—Gardner, Morgan. Stolen bases—Gardner, Lewis. Double plays—Elberfeld and McBride; Street, Schaefer, and McBride. Left on bases—Washington, 4; Boston, 6. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 3; off Pape, 3. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Boston, 1. Struck out—By Hughes, 9. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

McGinnity Falls to Win Last Game with Jersey City.

Jersey City finished its home series with Newark yesterday and made it three straight victories. The score was 6 to 2. McGinnity undertook to win the last game for his team, but was batted hard, and to intensify his chagrin Dolan caught the veteran napping and stole home after having hit for three bases, which sent in two runners. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Thoney, cf	4	0	2	0	0	Louden, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Breen, 2b	4	2	2	4	1	Kelly, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Roach, ss	3	2	3	3	7	Meyer, rf	4	1	2	2	0
D'n'ger, lf	2	0	0	2	0	Fisher, ss	4	0	2	4	3
Dolan, 3b	4	1	2	3	1	Swayne, cf	4	0	2	1	0
Sull'v'n, rf	3	0	1	2	0	Smith, 2b	4	0	1	2	0
Abstein, 1b	4	1	2	5	0	*Dalton	1	0	0	0	0
Wells, c	4	0	2	0	1	Cady, 1b	4	0	0	9	2
Mason, p	2	0	0	0	1	M'Carty, c	3	1	2	1	1
						McG'ty, p	3	0	1	2	3
Total	30	6	13	27	10	Total	34	2	10	23	10

*Batted for Smith in ninth inning.
†Deininger out, hit by batted ball.
Errors—Fisher, McCarty, McGinnity, Breen.

Jersey City	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	.	—6
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hit—McCarthy. Three-base hits—Dolan, Meyer. Sacrifice hits—Roach, Deininger. Stolen base—Dolan. Double plays—Fullerton and Abstein; Fisher, Cady, and Louden; McGinnity, Smith, and Fisher. Left on bases—Newark, 5; Jersey City, 5. Bases on balls—Off McGinnity, 1. Struck out—By Mason, 8; by McGinnity, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Guthrie.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	5	11	1
Baltimore	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	6	11	3

Batteries—Sline and Peterson; Frock, Adkins, Byers, and Murray. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kerins.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	5
Montreal	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	.	5	13	1

Batteries—Dessau, Manser, and Jacklitsch; Dubuc and Hardy. Umpires—Messrs. Halligan and Kelly.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	6	9	0
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	6	1

Batteries—Br

HILTON AND TRAVERS WIN GOLF MATCHES

Briton Has Easy Opponent in Watson, While Old Champion Eliminates Hunter.

As a result of the weeding out process in the National amateur golf championship tournament on the links of the Apawamis Club yesterday one foreigner, a pair of Western experts, three from the metropolitan district, and one from Boston still remain in the competition. Harold H. Hilton, Great Britain's title holder; Jerome D. Travers of Upper Montclair, the metropolitan champion; C. W. Inslee of Wykagyl, P. W. Whittemore of Boston, Frederick Herreshoff of Westbrook, Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, Albert Seckel and E. W. Evans, both of Chicago, were the successful ones, and they will meet as named in the third round to-day.

Of the eight matches three were carried to extra holes, while as many others were runaway affairs. First of these resulted in the match between Hilton and Robert C. Watson, the United States Golf Association Secretary. So steadily did the man from Hoylake make his shots that it soon became evident that Watson was in for a severe drubbing. In other words, to describe the contest between Hilton and Watson is to practically forget the latter and dwell on the great achievements of the Briton.

Although beaten 11 up and 10 to play, Watson's golf was by no means mediocre. His round in 84 was equal to the efforts of a number of others who had been expected to do things in this tournament. On the other hand, Hilton gave the most impressive exhibition that he has yet given in this country. He allowed his opponent no chance at all. By way of illustrating, there was the play at the fourteenth hole, a matter of 548 yards. Watson made three good shots to the green and got a 5, good enough to win there nine times out of ten; but along came Hilton with so perfect a mashie shot for his third that the ball stopped a foot from the cup. Of course, it was no trick at all to tap the rubber core in for a 4, a stroke better than par. Immediately prior to this Hilton had holed a 3 at the twelfth, 240 yards, and a 3 at the thirteenth, 260 yards, driving the latter green.

On another occasion the Briton showed his wonderful ability to stave off an opponent. This was at the eighteenth hole. The British champion was off the line on his drive behind three trees. There was a small opening through which he unhesitatingly played his second shot. The ball ran over the green against a rock. Watson was on in 2, and hit the cup for a 3, but the ball refused to drop. Hilton's third stroke was 12 feet short, but he unfeelingly sank the put home for a halve, all of which enabled him to finish the morning round 11 up. His round of 73 was perfection itself and equaled the brilliant effort of Paul Hunter in the second medal play round.

After luncheon when Hilton and Watson resumed play the gallery, as if realizing that it was all over except the congratulations, turned its attention to other and closer matches. Hilton started well by winning the first hole in 4, thereby becoming 12 up. Halves resulted until the fourth hole, where the Briton fell into trouble on the approach, and, taking 6, lost the hole. He won the next in 3, but lost the sixth and seventh, due to indifferent second shots. A 3 at the eighth where Watson failed to reach the green on the drive ended the match. The card was as follows:

Hilton, out	4	4	4	5	4	4	5	3	5—38
Watson, out	5	5	4	6	3	4	5	5	6—43—81
Hilton, in	4	4	3	5	3	4	5	4	5—37—75
Watson, in	5	5	4	5	6	4	5	4	4—42—84
Hilton, out	4	5	4	6	3	5	5	3	
Watson, out	5	5	4	5	4	4	4	5	

A far closer tilt marked the meeting between Jerome Travers and Paul Hunter, the Midlothian lad. When the first named gained a lead of 3 up at the turn in the morning, going out in 37, he seemed in a fair way to win by a comfortable margin. Wildness off the tee then got the metropolitan champion into difficulties on a number of occasions, so that he lost his advantage and finished the first eighteen holes all square. Had he not missed a short put on the home green he would have been one to the good.

In the afternoon Hunter began badly by slicing his drive and taking 3 to reach the green. It was Travers's hole in 4 to 5. At the next a great approach gave the Upper Montclair golfer a put for a 3, which he missed, but Hunter threw away a chance for a halve by also missing his short try for a 4. After becoming 3 down Hunter got a hole back by running down a thirty-foter for a 2 on the eighth green. After making two poor shots, one a sliced iron that hit a stone wall and bounded back to a good lie, Travers "stole" the ninth hole by bringing off a put from the green's edge for a 5. That left him once more 3 up at the half-way point, the cards reading 35 to 38 in his favor. Thereafter Travers always held the Chicago boy safely, finally winning by a 3 and 1 margin.

"Chick" Evans had the time of his life disposing of A. F. Kammer, a former Staten Island champion. After starting 2 down in the afternoon Kammer went out in 38 and got the match level at the turn. They alternated in winning holes thus, and when the fourteenth went to Evans the pair again stood level. The next four were halved, but Kammer would have won the seventeenth but for a stymie. After finishing all square Evans won the match on the thirty-eighth green, Kammer slicing his drive behind a rock.

Kirkby won as he pleased against G. D. Brown, the Scotchman, while Seckel proved too steady for Harry Legg. The Western champion finished the morning round 2 up, but thereafter drew away rapidly. Herreshoff had to go on extra hole to beat S. D. Stickney of St. Louis, neither man playing up to his best form. The summary:

Championship.—Second Round—Harold H. Hilton, Royal Liverpool, beat R. C. Watson, Westbrook, 11 up and 10 to play; Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, beat Paul Hunter, Midlothian, 3 up and 1 to play; C. W. Inslee, Wykagyl, beat F. A. Martin, Ekwanok, 1 up, (37 holes;) P. W. Whittemore, Brookline, beat S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, 9 up and 8 to play; Fred Herreshoff, Ekwanok, beat S. S. Stickney, St. Louis, 1 up, (37 holes;) Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, beat J. Barnardiston Brown, Ekwanok, 2 up and 1 to play; Albert Seckel, Riverside, beat H. G. Legg, Minnekhada, 5 up and 4 to play; Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater, beat A. F. Kammer, Fox Hills, 1 up, (38 holes.)

Duncan Plays Great Golf at Deal.

The Midweek Association of the Deal Golf and Country Club held forth in its weekly programme yesterday, but the feature event of the day was the remarkable score of 68, made by George Duncan, the Scotch professional, in a four-ball match with Alfred Mathan as a partner, and playing against N. W. Anthony and Will Norton, the local "pro." Duncan's 32 on the homeward journey was the particular performance. His card follows:

Out	3	4	4	5	3	4	5	3	5—36
In	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	3	3—32—68

George Allsopp led the field in the handicap with 94, 22—72, while E. W. Cone won the sweepstakes with 92, 17—75. The scores follow:

Handicap.—George Allsopp, 94, 22—72; Alfred Nathan, 90, 12—78; James T. Smith, 87, 8—79; M. Kellogg, 97, 17—80; F. J. Gubelman, 106, 23—83; J. Kelley, 97, 12—85; N. W. Anthony, 97, 12—85; J. E. Childs, 114, 24—90; E. W. Cone, 109, 17—92.

Sweepstakes.—E. W. Cone, 92, 17—75; C. W. Hillard, 107, 30—77; J. T. Gillespie, 99, 11—82; M. Kellogg, 100, 18—82; James E. Kelley, 95, 12—83; F. J. Gubelman, 118, 23—85; J. E. Childs, 108, 12—96.

Winners at Rifle Ranges.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—George W. Chesley and Robert Gamble of Connecticut won the championship two-man match at 1,000 yards, the feature of to-day's programme in the tournament of the Pennsylvania Rifle Association at Essington. Their total was 136. William S. Lewis and P. S. Sylvester of New Jersey were second, with a score of 130.

A. P. Lane of New York won the time-fire revolver match, with a score of 48 points. P. S. Sylvester of New Jersey won the short-range match at 300 yards, with a score of 47. J. W. Hessian of Connecticut was second.

The Hoppe trophy for competition between regimental teams in the skirmish run of from 500 to 600 yards was won by the team of the Sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard. The team of the First Delaware Infantry was second.

Monte Attell to Box Daley.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.—Monte Attell, the former bantamweight champion, has been matched with Johnny Daley, the Jersey City scrapper, in a ten-round fight before the Orleans Athletic Club, Oct. 2, according to an announcement made here to-day.

BOATS IN NOVEL RACE.

Gould's Steam Yacht to Match Its Speed with A. E. Smith's Hydroplane.

A novel race, in which a steam yacht will compete against a motor boat, is scheduled to take place this afternoon, the course being from Huntington, L. I., to New London, Conn., a distance of 77 miles. The steam yacht is the Helenita, owned by Frank J. Gould, and the motor boat is the Hazel, owned by A. E. Smith. In addition to the novel form of the race, there is especial interest attached to the event from the fact that the two owners have posted side bets of $5,000 each to back their respective boats.

The race is the outcome of a discussion between Messrs. Smith and Gould at Huntington last Sunday afternoon. In talking over the merits of the Hazel, which is a 16-foot hydroplane, Mr. Gould stated that it could not go any great distance without breaking down. Mr. Smith disputed this statement and followed up by offering to match his boat against Mr. Gould's Helenita for $5,000 a side. The challenge was promptly accepted by Mr. Gould.

It was at first planned to have the two boats match their speed Sunday afternoon, and it required but a few minutes to bring both to the point selected for the start. No sooner had the signal been given for the getaway than the main drive chain of the Hazel broke down, completely disabling the craft. Mr. Smith acknowledged defeat and was willing that the stake be turned over to Mr. Gould, but the latter refused to consider it and agreed to a postponement of the race until to-day.

The Helenita is 185 feet in length and has an average speed of 25 miles an hour. The Hazel has an average speed of 28 miles an hour.

John Shaw of the Motor Boat Club of America will act as referee, and Charles T. Powers will be the timekeeper. The race is scheduled to start at 2 o'clock.

ST. LEGER TO OUTSIDER.

Prince Palatine's Easy Victory in England a Surprise.

DONCASTER, England, Sept. 13.—The St. Leger Stakes of 6,500 sovereigns, for entire colts and fillies, foaled in 1908, was run at the meeting here to-day and won by Prince Palatine. Lycaon was second and King William third. Eight horses ran.

The winner was ridden by F. O'Neill, the American jockey who is riding for W. K. Vanderbilt in France. The victory was an easy one for Prince Palatine, who won by six lengths. The result of the race caused surprise, as both second and third horses were considered able to beat out the winner.

CHANTILLY, France, Sept. 13.—Frank J. Gould's Conti La Belle won the Prix des Tribunes of $1,000, a handicap, which was run at ten furlongs here to-day.

Aeroplane Kite Demonstrated.

An aeroplane kite, the invention of Nicholas F. Timmons, a steam engineer, was successfully demonstrated yesterday from the roof of a ten-story office building at Broadway and White Street.

This was the second attempt at flying the new device, which the inventor declares has many qualities for Governmental purposes, and in many respects bore out his statements, being a success and acting in every way as claimed.

The kite, although of the lighter than air type, in design is exactly the same as a triplane driven by motor force, having two risplane planes, one on either side and a forward lowering plane which automatically adjust themselves to the air currents. The present type, although only a miniature, is 7½ feet long, and each plane, with the exception of the lowering one, is 5 feet wide and 8 inches across. The total weight is 8½ pounds. Mr. Timmons says that a larger sized kite, which is now in course of construction, can be used for carrying a man in the air to make observations for scientific purposes, or be employed in time of war. The large sized kite will be equipped with telephone apparatus and operated on a steel cable which will allow the passenger, who will occupy a seat or saddle arranged in the centre of the kite, to communicate with the operators and advise them just how to work the cable, while he operates the lifting plane to carry him to the locality he desires. It is expected that the new kite will be ready for the trial in about two weeks, and the experiments will be made from some nearby aviation field or in the open country suitable for the purpose. In yesterday's flight the kite was flown to the end of a strong cord, which measured 5,000 feet, and remained in the air from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. without once changing its position despite the fact that the wind changed its course several times.

More Flights at Brighton Beach.

The management of the aeroplane meet at Brighton Beach denies the report that the meet is over, and that there would be no more flights. In refuting the statement W. B. Davis, director of the meet, said that while the weather had conspired to make flying more dangerous than usual, he was making arrangements for flights to-day, and that Atwood, Beatty, and Reynolds would make flights as scheduled.

Military Trials at Nassau Meet.

A telegram yesterday from President Taft to General Manager Timothy L. Woodruff of the International aviation meet, to be held Sept. 23 to Oct. 1 at Nassau Boulevard, L. I., stated that the President had taken up with the War and Navy Departments the request for the encouragement of aviation by active participation of army officers at the meet.

The President's communication was followed by a telegram from Capt. W. I. Chambers, in charge of the Aeronautical Department of the navy, in which Capt. Chambers announced that he will grant a leave of absence to Lieut. T. G. Ellyson and Ensign Towers, now detailed at Hammondsport, N. Y., where they are receiving instructions in flying, the triad and the hydroplane. This leave of absence is for the purpose of permitting these officers to take an active part in the meeting. Glenn Curtiss will provide the machines to be used by Capt. Beck, Lieut. Ellyson, and Ensign Towers, the three military officers who are using his machines.

Burman Drives Fast Races.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 13.—With the most spectacular burst of speed ever witnessed at Comstock Park, Bob Burman, the speed king, drove his giant Blitzen-Benz car over the course in the remarkable time of 50 1-5 seconds, establishing a new State record and lowering the former mark of 51 seconds held by him. Thirty thousand persons, the largest crowd ever at the fair grounds, witnessed the sensational drive, and after the finish Burman was carried away on the shoulders of his friends, who wanted to show their respect for the Michigan wonder. Burman also won the free-for-all event, and drove five miles in the fast time of 4 minutes, 30 seconds, establishing a new five-mile competition record.

Motor Boat Races on the Hudson.

Columbia Yacht Club, Eighty-sixth Street and Hudson River, will hold a series of power boat races for its members next Saturday on the Hudson River. The start and finish of the contests will be off the clubhouse and the distance five miles over a triangular course. There will be four classes, as follows: For open boats of less than fourteen-miles-an-hour speed, high-speed boats better than twenty-two miles an hour, cabin cruisers of all ratings, and semi-high-speed boats showing speed of between fourtsen and twenty-two miles an hour. The race committee is S. A. Haisey, Chairman; W. W. Brinkerhoff, Russel Dart, George N. Moran, and Daniel Brinsmead.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

The Irish-American Athletic Club will open its boxing season with an amateur boxing tournament in the clubhouse, 110 and 112 East Fifty-ninth Street, Sept. 21 and 28. Six classes will be contested—bantamweight to middleweight. The amateur boxing shows held by this organization last Winter provided good tournaments, and among the best held in this city.

Johnny Dundee will have his work cut out for him when he meets Kid Ghetto in the star bout of ten rounds at the Fairmont A. C. on Saturday night. Ghetto whipped Ty Cobb of Philadelphia on Tuesday night and this victory stamps him a dangerous boy for any of the aspiring featherweights. In the semi-final of ten rounds Jim Flynn, sparring partner to Matt Wells, will swap punches with Andy Cordes. The opening bout of ten rounds brings into action Young Stanley and Johnny Herring, champion lightweight of Alabama.

Notes of Track Athletes.

The Xavier A. A. will hold a set of members' games at Crotona Park next Sunday at 10 A. M. A special feature of these games will be a 440-yard hurdle race. This race will be from scratch and has caused considerable talk among the members as to the possible winner. Eddie Jordan and A. Soraci will start from back marks in the two-mile which should guarantee a corking good race.

The Athletic Committee of the Dominican Lyceum is endeavoring to obtain Pastime Oval, Ninetieth Street and East River, for Sunday afternoon, Sept. 24, for the purpose of holding a dual meet with the Knights of St. Anthony of Brooklyn. The following events are open to athletes from these two clubs: 100-yard dash, 220-yard dash, 440-yard run, 880-yard run, one-mile run, twelve-pound shot, running broad jump, and running high jump.

CHAMPION TROTTER FAILS IN MILE TEST

The Harvester Unable to Lower Record at Syracuse Owing to Strong Wind.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 13.—With weather conditions against him and the track heavy, The Harvester, champion stallion trotter made a vain attempt at the State Fair track this afternoon to lower his record of 2:01. He made the quarter in 30¾, the half in 1:01¼, the three-quarters in 1:31½, and the mile in 2:03¾. The stallion's performance, in view of the fact that he trotted in the face of a cold wind was considered a remarkable one. He may try again on Friday to lower the world's record.

There were six races on the Grand Circuit programme to-day and despite the wind and cold all of them were interesting. The feature was the $5,000 Syracuse pacing stake, and was won by Thomas W. Murphy's Sir R. The winner was pushed hard by Hal B., Jr.

The 2:04 class pace was won handily by Earl, Jr., in straight heats. The crowd expected a sensational performance in view of the entries of Independence Boy and other noted sidewheelers, but Walter Cox was not forced to extend the winner to get first money.

Fritz took the Ka-Noo-No stake for three-year-olds in straight heats. His best mile was 2:17¼.

The 2:18 trot developed a five-heat struggle with Hanna Louise, the winner. Dedelia, a brown mare driven by Harry Titus, won the second and third heats in sensational style, and while scoring for the word in the fifth heat broke her leg while trotting straightaway.

The Russian horse, Willy, who had done sensational work on the half-mile rings, defeated a high-class field in the 2:08 trot. Willy in straight heats at the cost of a new record, lowered his mark from 2:07¼ to 2:06¼. The summaries:

The Onondaga, 2:04 pace; two in three; purse $2,000.

Earl Junior, gr. s., by The Earl, (Cox)	1	1		
The Abbe, blk. s., (White)	3	2		
Independence Boy, s. g., (Valentine)	2	3		
Walter W., b. g., (Benyon)	4	4		

Time—2:04¼; 2:05¾.

The Ka-Noo-No; 2:25 trot; two in three; purse $1,000.

Fritz, ch. g., by Danvers, (Corwin)	1	1		
Mrs. Stokes, b. f., (Serrill)	3	2		
King Amoit, ch. c., (Howell)	2	4		
Miss Nowaday, b. g., (Lassell)	4	3		

Time—2:18¾; 2:17¼.

2:08 trot; two in three; purse $1,200.

Willy, b. h., by Wilburn M., (Pennock)	1	1		
Grace, ch. m., (McDevitt)	3	2		
Gray Gem, r. g., (Skanen)	2	6		
Lee Wilson, b. g., (Dodge)	4	3		
Fuzz Johnson, b. s., (Geers)	5	4		
Cascade, b. m., (Murphy)	6	5		
Major Wellington, b. g., (McDonald)	6	9		
Creighton, b. g., (Lassell)	7	7		
Muda Guy, b. m., (Serrill)	9	8		
The Huguenot, b. g., (Benyon)			Dis.	

Time—2:06¾; 2.06¾.

The Syracuse; 2:11 pace; three in five; purse $5,000.

Sir R., b. g., by The Stoic, (Murphy)	1	1	1	
Hal B., Jr., br. h., (Easson)	1	2	2	
Peter the Second br. s., (Valentine)	2	3	3	
Ernest, b. (Cox)	3	4	4	

Time—2:07¼; 2:04¼; 2:04¼; 2:04¾.

2:16 pacing; three in five; purse $1,000.

Helen B., b. m. by Hal B., (Torr)	1	1	1	
Myrtle Baron, b. m., (King)	3	2	2	
Olive O'Breirne, b. m., (Cox)	2	3	3	
Legal Patch, blk. s., (Rodney)	4	4	5	
Royal Heir, br. h., (Skahen)	5	8	4	
Sir James, b. g., (Burnham)	7	5	6	
Greta Strongwood, br. m., (Borgner)	8	6	7	
Anda H., b. h., (F. Johnson)	6	7	8	
Friendless, b. m., (McDonald)	9	Dr.		
Dihalrav, ch. m., (Snow)	10	Dr.		

Time—2:10¼; 2:10¼; 2:11¾.

2:18 trot; three in five; purse $1,200.

Hannah Louise, b. m., by The Emperor, (Shank)	1	1	3	5 1
Baron Aberdeen, b. g., (Carpenter)	3	2	4	2 4
Sunflower, b. m., (Howell)	7	4	2	6 2
Lettie Lee, b. m., (Waite)	9	8	5	3 3
Miss Burbrook, b. m., (McDonald)	4	3	6	4 5
Dedella, b. m., (Titer)	2	5	1	1 Dr.
Pretoria Mc., b. m., (Pennock)	8	6	6	Ro.
Eidoline Elsenor, blk. m., (Shaken)	6	10		Dr.
Bon Ami, br. m., (Spence)	10	7	9	Ro.
A Laundry, b. g., (Bither)	13	12	7	Ro.
Oakland Flobar, br.s., (Lassell)	11	9	10	Ro.
Peter Red, b. s., (Geers)	12	11		Dr.
June, b. m., (Murphy)	5			Dr.

Time—2:11¼; 2:12¼; 2:11¾; 2:13¼; 2:15¼.

Special to beat 2:01 trotting.

The Harvester, b. h., by Walnut Hall, (Geers) Time by quarters—30¾; 1:01¾; 1:31½; 2:03¾.

To beat 2:30¼ trotting.

Rhine Maiden, b. m., by Singen-Lickes, won Time—2:25¾.

To beat 2:30¼ trotting.

Toddington, b. h., by Moko-Fanella, (Murray Hill Farm,) won.

Time—2:24¾.

New Jersey State Tennis.

Miss Marie Wagner, the playing through champion, and Mrs. Marshall McLean, won three set matches yesterday in the continuation of the New Jersey State championship lawn tennis tournament on the courts of the Morristown Field Club, at Morristown, N. J. Miss Wagner disposed of Mrs. George L. Chapman by the score of 6—4, 4—6, 6—3, while Mrs. McLean eliminated Miss Esther Smith at 6—4, 10—12, 6—1. The summary:

Women's Singles.—First Round—Miss Theresa Kuser defeated Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins, 6—1, 6—2.

Second Round—Miss Esther Smith defeated Miss Adele Cragin by default.

Third Round—Mrs. Robert A. Pope defeated Mrs. Dudley Olcott, 6—1, 6—4; Miss Theresa Kuser defeated Miss Ruth Fiske, 6—0, 6—2; Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce defeated Miss Wilmerding, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Mrs. George L. Chapman, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3; Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Esther Smith, 6—4, 10—12, 6—1.

Fourth Round—Miss Ina A. Kissell defeated Mrs. Robert A. Pope, 6—4, 6—4; Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce defeated Miss Theresa Kuser, 6—3, 6—1.

Women's Doubles.—First Round—Miss Edith Adele Bagg and Miss Alice L. Day defeated Miss Goodbody and Miss Rowson, 3—6, 6—2, 6—1; Miss Ina A. Kissell and Mrs. Robert A. Pope defeated Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins and Miss Hill, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce defeated Miss Mabel Swords and partner by default; Mrs. J. H. McLean and Mrs. Blackwell defeated Miss Pierson and Miss Brinley, 6—2, 6—0.

Second Round—Mrs. Hamilton McLean and Mrs. George L. Chapman defeated Mrs. Walter C. Auferman and Miss Esther Smith, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce defeated Mrs. Hamilton McLean and Mrs. Blackwell, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Emery and Miss Hurlburt defeated Miss Frances Campbell and Mrs. Dudley Olcott, 3—6, 7—5, 6—4.

Men's Singles.—First Round—H. McK. Glazebrook defeated A. E. Thurber by default; James S. Cushman defeated R. M. Banks by default; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Walter Roberts by default; Cedric A. Major defeated Frank M. Watrous by default.

Second Round—H. McK. Glazebrook defeated John Reynolds by default; E. P. Rubsamen defeated T. M. Day, 6—1, 7—5; James S. Cushman defeated T. Whitehall, 6—1, 6—1; K. B. Lamb defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum, 7—5, 6—3, 7—5; Cedric A. Major defeated Benjamin M. Phillips, 6—2, 6—1; George Bartholomew defeated A. B. Maury, 6—0, 6—2.

Third Round—B. K. F. Andrews defeated H. M. Balch by default; E. P. Rubsamen defeated H. McK. Glazebrook by default; F. H. Dyckman defeated Louis O. Condit, 6—2, 6—7, 6—4; W. C. Grant defeated R. P. Bennett, 7—5, 6—0; George Bartholomew defeated E. W. Peaslee, 6—4, 4—6, 6—1.

Fourth Round—B. K. F. Andrews defeated E. P. Rubsamen, 6—3, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—Otto H. Hinck and Henry Torrance defeated J. H. McLean and C. Dulmonico, 6—4, 6—4; T. M. Day and T. Clark defeated Alfred Bell and partner by default; J. A. H. Hopkins and T. C. Oscanyon defeated R. M. Banks and W. J. Bouvier by default; E. S. H. Pendergast and B. K. F. Andrews defeated E. S. Pitney and F. H. Dyckman, 6—0, 6—0; W. C. Grant and L. M. Burt defeated R. P. Bennett and Benjamin M. Phillips, 6—2, 1—6, 6—4; H. S. Cole and V. O. Truex defeated F. L. Beatty and R. M. Crafter, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4; E. W. Peaslee and Cedric A. Major defeated L. J. Grant and F. W. Merrihew, 6—0, 6—2; Henry Ford and A. F. Maury defeated F. P. Humphreys and E. R. Locke, 6—2, 7—5; Halstead Litel and C. L. Cole defeated P. Kissen and T. Whitehall, 6—2, 6—3; C. A. Lindley and James S. Cushman defeated C. C. Dulmonico and E. Burd Grubb, Jr., 6—2, 7—5.

Second Round—Allan Fox and partner defeated C. Frederick Watson, Jr., and partner by default; Otto H. Hinck and Henry Torrance defeated T. M. Day and T. Clark, 6—0, 6—1.

American Embassy Wins at Net.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—In a keenly contested match to-day the staff of the American embassy won the tennis championship of the Diplomatic Corps by defeating the representatives of the Foreign Office at Queen's Club two sets to one. Leland Harrison, Second Secretary, and Ellis Bacon, interpreter, the embassy team, and Edward Peacock and Robert C. Vansittart, the Foreign Office. During the afternoon Harrison has won 12 singles at several garden tournaments at country houses.

PATHFINDERS' PROGRESS.

A. A. A. Touring Board in Glidden Tour Interests Reach Blue Ridge Mountains.

The pathfinding party in charge of A. L. Westgard of the American Automobile Association Touring Information Board, members of which are mapping out the route for this year's Glidden tour, has made such progress that yesterday saw the routemakers in the Blue Ridge Mountains.

Announcement is made that P. J. Walker of San Francisco, who is President of the California State Automobile Association and a tourist of large experience in this country and Europe and the referee of many contests on the Pacific Coast, has consented to act as official referee of the tour. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Walker during the entire run.

Forty entries have been received to date and the entry list does not close until Oct. 1. With the technical restrictions and necessity for stock registrations removed, any car, whether privately owned or otherwise, is eligible, and all indications point to at least seventy-five cars starting on Oct. 14.

De Palma to Build Automobiles.

Ralph De Palma, the famous racing driver and one-mile track champion, is soon to embark in the business of building motor cars to order. He is at present making arrangements to secure a factory loft in New York City, where he will build cars according to customers' own specifications. De Palma is not new at car building, as he has practically rebuilt every car he has driven in the numerous races in which he has participated. He says he learns something new about automobiles in every big race, and therefore will continue to compete in racing events.

De Palma and Burman at Fair.

Ralph De Palma, one of the world's greatest drivers of racing cars, has entered the State fair meet to be held at Syracuse Saturday, Sept. 16. This means that the two greatest speed pilots in America, the young Italian and "Wild Bob" Burman, holder of many world's records, will clash at the State fair track in trials of speed before about 70,000 spectators.

But De Palma and Burman are not to fight it out between themselves for honors and prizes. The entry list for the races includes other famous drivers. On their way to Syracuse are "Wild Bill" Turner in the Simplex Special; H. Judson Kilpatrick, the driver of the 200-horse-power Hotchkiss, which made Burman step some in the recent race meet at Brighton Beach; Billy Knipfer, who is to drive the six-cylinder Knox; Frank Kulick, that daring little Ford pilot who "cleaned up" for the small car events at the State fair last year; Joe Jagersberger, the plucky Case champion, and others.

Big Road Race for California.

Santa Monica's automobile road race, which is scheduled for Oct. 14, will be a larger and more important event than any held heretofore. The Automobile Dealers' Association of Southern California, which is promoting the event, is getting entries from all over the country. "Teddy" Tetzlaff, the racing driver, made the American road record of 73¼ miles per hour on this course last year. He has joined the Fiat forces, and will drive a Fiat racer in the future.

Buffalo to Chicago Auto Race.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—A new automobile record between Buffalo and Chicago was established yesterday by Gaylord Warner of the Chicago Motor Club, who covered the distance in twenty-four hours.

Expects Record in Swimming.

Otto Wahle, Chairman of the Amateur Athletic Union Swimming Committee, predicts that the one-mile American swimming championship at Rye Beach on Saturday afternoon will be productive of a new American record. James H. Reilly, the metropolitan mile champion, has recovered from his recent illness, and is now at his best. Nerich, his clubmate, who won the half-mile metropolitan title in record time, is also in fine condition, and with Ritter of the City Athletic Club, who beat Budd Goodwin for the quarter-mile title, to push the above pair, it seems almost certain that Wahle's prediction will be fulfilled.

In the 100-yard race for the Townsend challenge trophy, which will be the first event of the Rye Water Club's sports on Saturday, Richard Frizelle, the Western crack, expects to make a new straightaway record, and will continue swimming to the 110-yard mark with the view to breaking that record also. George South, Nerich, Eddy, and Goodwin will also enter the "100," so that Frizelle may not have things all his own way.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

301. NAVY DEPARTMENT SUPPLIES.—Proposals will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, until 10 o'clock A. M., Sept. 19, (except where otherwise noted,) and publicly opened immediately thereafter, for furnishing the following supplies, application for proposals should designate the schedules desired by number:) (1) At the navy yard, Boston: Schedule 3,900—Linen, fire hose, cotton and flax twine, burlap; Schedule 3,901—Raw linseed oil, turpentine substitute, chrome green; Schedule 3,902—Twist drills, phosphor bronze wire; Schedule—3,904—Wrought iron or steel pipe, sheet boiler zinc. (2) At the Naval Torpedo Station, Newport: Schedule 3,887—engine lathes; Schedule 3,890—bronze tees. (3) At the navy yard, Brooklyn: Schedule 3,888—Motors for machine tools; Schedule 3,900—Cotton canvas, paint brushes, corn brooms, cheese cloth, crash, range sections, &c.; leather belting; Schedule 3,901—White lead; white zinc; Schedule 3,902—Hardware, tools, &c.; Schedule 3,903—Rudder stock, machinery steel, steel angles, galvanized sheet steel, wrought iron; spelter solder; Schedule 3,904—Brass pipe fittings, brass valves; Schedule 3,905—Vanilla and lemon extracts, mustard. (4) At the navy yard, Philadelphia: Schedule 3,886—Installation of cornice, gutters, &c.; Schedule 3,893—Tool steel; Schedule 3,901—aluminium paint; Schedule 3,902—Coaling trucks; Schedule 3,906—Cornets, violins. (5) At the Naval Experiment Station, Annapolis: Schedule 3,889—Erection of six cottages at the station. (6) At the navy yard, Washington: Schedule 3,897—Oak ties, 6 by 8 inches; Schedule 3,898—Steel forgings, cold drawn steel, nickel steel; Schedule 3,899—North Carolina and white pine, steel bands, breech-closing springs, white rubber gloves, hardware, &c. (7) At the navy yard, Norfolk: Schedule 3,900—Controlling valves, rigging leather; Schedule 3,901—Turpentine substitute, asphaltum varnish, marine cement; Schedule 3,902—brass belts and nuts, &c., hardware and tools, &c.; Schedule 3,904—Brass valves. (8) Until 10 A. M., Oct. 3, at the navy yard, Mare Island: Schedule 3,891—Provisions; Schedule 3,908—Redwood, Oregon pine; Schedule 3,909—Bronze rod, sheet lead, safety treads, asbestos mill board, cotton twine, window glass, aluminium paint; Schedule 3,911, Air hose; Schedule 3,911—Brass rod, copper rod, monel metal, brass pipe, zinc boiler plates. (9) At the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., until 10 A. M., Oct. 3, 1911: Schedule 3,907—Silk cord; Schedule 3,908—Fir; Schedule 3,908—Safety treads, linoleum; Schedule 3,911—Steel floor plates.

302. CONSTRUCTION OF TWO LOCK-KEEPERS' HOUSES.—Sealed proposals for building two two-story eight-room lockkeepers' houses at Dam 15, Ohio River, will be received at the United States Engineer Office, Wheeling, West Va., until Oct. 2, 1911, and then publicly opened. Information on application to F. W. Aistaetter, Major, Engineers.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

Carolinas—Fair and cooler Thursday. Friday, probably fair; moderate northeasterly winds.

Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair; somewhat cooler in northern portion; light to moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Thursday; cooler in extreme western portion. Friday, fair and cooler.

Utah—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair and cooler.

Arkansas—Fair Thursday and probably Friday; cooler in western portion.

Tennessee—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Kentucky—Probably fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature in eastern and central portions.

Indiana—Fair in southern, probably showers in northern portion by Thursday night or on Friday; rising temperature; moderate east to southeast winds.

Ohio—Fair Thursday; rising temperature. Friday increasing cloudiness and warmer; moderate east to southeast winds.

Illinois—Fair in southern, probably showers in northern portion by Thursday. Friday probably fair; moderate southeasterly winds; warmer in northern.

Michigan—Increasing cloudiness followed by showers by Thursday night and on Friday; rising temperature; moderate east and southeast winds.

Wisconsin—Increasing cloudiness probably Thursday and Friday; warmer Thursday; moderate southeast to south winds.

Minnesota—Showers Thursday. Friday probably fair and cooler; moderate southeasterly winds.

Iowa—Generally fair, except probably local thunderstorms Thursday or Thursday night; warmer in northern and eastern portions. Friday probably fair and cooler.

Missouri—Fair Thursday; warmer in northeast portion. Friday unsettled; cooler in northwest portion.

Dakotas—Showers Thursday; Friday fair.

Nebraska—Showers Thursday; Friday fair and cooler.

THE COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Aside from some pressure at the outset, as a result of bearish foreign news, the undertone to the market was firm. The strength in coarse grain acted as a restrictive influence toward bear pressure, with numerous advices of an improved flour business from the Northwest and Southwest, for both domestic and export account also a factor. The aspect of the market has not changed materially, however, and in absence of important outside participation oversold and overbought conditions are easily brought about. It was probably recognition of this that accounted for a good proportion of the profit-taking late in the session.

Opening prices were influenced largely by the increase in Russian offerings and reselling by the Continent, together with a bearish estimate on the French crop from official quarters. The outturn in France was given at 320,000,000 bushels, with the average weight 61 lbs., against a crop last year of 283,000,000 bushels and a weight of 60.7 lbs. These factors were reflected in a disappointing Liverpool market, but as bull support was forthcoming, with more or less buying credited to influential

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Again Fall to New Low Levels for the Year—Foreign Situation Still Unsettled.

STEEL TRADE UNCERTAIN

More Price Shading Reported—Some of Day's Rumors Suggested Aggressive Bear Operations.

Yesterday's further unsettlement of the stock market was at least in part born of the circulation of disquieting rumors and of continued apprehension over the foreign situation. The day's cables from abroad brought information clearly indicating the nervousness which prevails in European money markets, which is partly the outgrowth of the tension which exists over the Moroccan situation and partly the result of the checking of the usual flow of credits, which has been one of the results of the prolongation of the Franco-German negotiations and of the uneasiness which they have caused. The conviction remains strong that a peaceful settlement will be arrived at, but precautionary measures, particularly on the part of the French money market, are having a disturbing influence. In drawing in its money from abroad Paris has not passed over the New York market, for some French bankers have resorted to the unusual course of requesting payment of time loans in advance of their maturity. As an inducement in this direction, higher rates are being offered by the French bankers than those which the American borrowers have been paying in Paris. This market is in excellent position to accede to these requests, and they imply, of course, no embarrassment to the New York market, though they emphasize the length to which Paris is carrying its precautionary measures. Exchange rates here were again higher, so far as sterling and francs are concerned. The German exchange rate here, on the other hand, has been feeling the effect of the Paris withdrawals from Berlin. Another element of uneasiness which the foreign markets supplied yesterday was the fear of some embarrassment in connection with the current London settlement. The atmosphere favored the circulation of adverse rumors here, which were entirely discredited, however, in the best-informed banking circles. Call money was somewhat firmer, but the supply of such funds at 2½ per cent. was more than ample to fill all the day's requirements.

Little or no encouragement regarding general business was supplied by the usual reviews of iron trade conditions. While the trade authorities refer to the maintenance of the previous percentage of operations, particularly at the Eastern mills, they report at the same time more extensive shading of prices and some disappointment at the fact that the somewhat greater activity in some other lines of business has not been reflected so far this month in the iron trade. Not all of the day's advices were of unsatisfactory import, for they included the announcement of two increases in dividends, but such measure of favorable news as the day supplied was much more than overborne by the general feeling of caution, the principal cause of which at the moment is the unsettled state of the European situation.

The further decline in prices yesterday was attributed in the highest banking quarters not so much to the effect of any particular developments of the day as to the continued result upon prices of the curtailment of purchasing power which has resulted from a considerable variety of influences, but which at the moment is accentuated by the conditions now prevailing in Europe. This market has been called upon to absorb a large amount of stock from abroad, and this has been a potent influence in forcing down prices in a market which for reasons quite distinct from the conditions abroad was at best a reluctant buyer of stocks. It is most fortunate that this market was unusually well prepared, so far as the money situation is concerned, to meet this liquidation. Instead of being heavily indebted to Europe, as we usually are at this season, this country still has large credits on the other side, and even recently has been extending them in the shape of loans to Germany. The stock market has suffered, but the money market has escaped even the semblance of tension as a result of the present unsettlement in Europe. Prices in a number of stocks yesterday were the lowest for the year, and the close was but very little above the poorest prices of the session. Seemingly bear operations were aggressive, a fact shown not only by the course of the market itself, but also by the character of some of the day's rumors, but whatever significance be attached to the nature of the selling, it was apparent that no strong resistance was offered by prices to the pressure put upon them.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Wisconsin Central Railway for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

New York Edison Co.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Agricultural Chemical Co.
United States Motor Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3½ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4¼@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $295,663,693; balances, $10,419,577; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $86,757.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3¼ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 5⅞ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

The local banks have lost $4,822,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.86½; demand, $4.8618.
Paris—Cable, $5.18⅛; check, $5.18⅜ plus 3-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 plus 1-32; check, 95 less 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅜ plus 3-64; check, $5.19⅜ less 1-64.
Holland—Cable, 40.24; check, 40.20.
Belgium—Cable, $5.21⅛ plus 1-16; check, $5.21⅝.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8315; ninety days, $4.8185.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83; ninety days, $4.81¼.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.21¼ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.22⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21⅛ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.23¼ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅞; ninety days, 94⅝.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16; ninety days, 93 15-16 less 1-32.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; Montreal, 40½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 24½d per ounce, and in New York unchanged, at 52¼c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Sept. 13, 1911 650,901
From Jan. 1, 1911 78,337,955
Same period last year 124,765,241

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
6¼	6⅝	100	Allis-Chalmers	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	...
17½	19½	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-½
55⅝	55⅞	16,000	Amalgamated Copper	57⅛	57⅞	55½	55⅝	-1¼
52½	54	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	54	54	52½	52½	-1
58⅜	58¾	8,600	Am. Beet Sugar	54⅝	54⅞	58⅜	58⅝	-⅝
⅝	10	50	Am. Beet Sugar pf	98	98	98	98	-⅜
9⅝	10	1,600	Am. Can	10¼	10¼	9⅝	9⅝	-⅜
84⅝	85	1,850	Am. Can pf	85¼	85½	84⅝	84⅝	-⅝
46½	47	400	Am. Car & Foundry	47½	47⅝	47	47	-½
51	52	500	Am. Cotton Oil	52	52	51½	51½	-½
20	21	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	20½	20½	20½	20½	-¾
17½	17¾	500	Am. Ice Securities	17½	17½	17	17	-1
8⅝	9	200	Am. Linseed	9¼	9½	9¼	9¼	-¼
27½	28¼	800	Am. Linseed pf	29¼	29¼	28¼	28¼	-1¼
105½	107	200	Am. Locomotive pf	106	106½	106	106½	+¾
4	4⅜	100	Am. Malt	4	4	4	4	-¼
39½	40	100	Am. Malt pf	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	-¼
67⅜	67⅞	14,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68⅜	68⅝	67⅛	67⅛	-1
102⅝	103	200	Am. S. & R. pf. x d	103¼	103¼	103	103	+1¼
84	84½	100	Am. S. & R. pf. B	84½	84½	84½	84½	-½
25¼	27	350	Am. Steel Foundries	28	28	27	27	-½
115	116	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	115½	115½	115½	115½	-½
134	134½	2,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	134⅝	134⅞	133⅞	134	-⅝
93	94½	500	Am. Tobacco pf	95	95	94⅜	94⅜	-¼
27½	28½	200	Am. Woolen	28	28	27½	27½	+⅛
88½	89	100	Am. Woolen pf	89	89	89	89	+⅜
101½	101⅝	11,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	102½	102⅞	101½	101⅝	-1½
101¼	101¾	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	101¾	101¼	101¼	101¾	-⅛
119	120½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	120	120	120	120	...
95½	95¾	3,500	Baltimore & Ohio	96¼	96⅞	95½	96	+¼
...	...	8	Bank of Commerce	202	202	202	202	...
28⅝	29¼	900	Bethlehem Steel	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	-⅜
72	73¼	3,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	73½	73⅝	72	73	-¼
130	134	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	130½	130¾	130¼	130¼	-¾
222¼	222½	16,080	Canadian Pacific	222⅝	223¼	221½	222⅜	-¾
22	22¾	280	Central Leather Co	22½	22½	22½	22½	-½
255	280	180	Central R. R. of N. J.	260	260	260	260	...
69⅞	70	5,425	Chesapeake & Ohio	71	71¼	69¾	70	-¾
16	23	50	Chicago & Alton	21	21	21	21	...
17¼	17¾	916	Chicago Gt. Western	17¾	17¾	17½	17½	-½
36½	38	219	Chi. Gt. Western pf	36	36	36	36	-½
110¾	111	9,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	112½	112⅝	110⅝	110⅞	-1½
140½	142½	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	143⅝	145¾	142½	142½	-2½
139¼	139½	400	Chi. & Northwestern	140	140	139⅜	139½	-½
195	205	12	Chi. & Northwest. pf	195	195	195	195	...
18⅝	18½	1,100	Chino Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	-½
27	28	800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28	28	27⅝	27⅝	-½
44	47	280	Colorado & Southern	44⅜	44⅜	44½	44½	-½
74	75	500	Col. & South. 1st pf	75	75	73⅝	73⅝	-6½
...	...	500	Comstock Tunnel	*21	21	21	21	...
131	131⅜	1,650	Consolidated Gas	133½	133½	130⅝	131	-1½
12¼	12½	1,500	Corn Products Ref	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¼	-⅜
77⅜	79	100	Corn Products Ref. pf	78	78	78	78	-2
94½	96	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf	95½	95	95	95	...
159½	160½	300	Delaware & Hudson	160⅜	160⅜	160	160	-⅜
21⅜	22	200	Denver & Rio Grande	22¼	22⅜	21⅞	21⅞	-¼
44¼	45	500	Den. & Rio Grande pf	46⅜	46⅜	44½	44½	-2½
30	30½	550	Distillers' Securities	31	31	30½	30½	-1½
29¼	29⅝	8,800	Erie	29⅝	29⅝	29½	29⅝	-⅛
45½	49	1,500	Erie 1st pf	49¾	49¾	49	49	...
39	40	300	Erie 2d pf	40	40	40	40	...
125	130	100	General Chemical	126	126	126	126	-2½
143½	149½	550	General Electric	151	151	149	149	-1½
39½	42½	100	General Motors	39½	39½	39½	39½	+½
5⅝	5¾	4,000	Goldfield Consol	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	...
121	122	4,450	Great Northern pf	122¾	122¾	120¾	121	-1½
43½	46½	800	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	46½	46½	46	46½	+1
134½	136	600	Illinois Central	135¼	135	135	135½	+¼
13⅞	14	1,400	Interborough-Met.	14⅛	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	-⅛
41⅞	41¾	600	Interborough-Met. pf	41⅞	41⅞	41⅝	41⅝	-⅝
103½	104½	1,830	Int. Harvester	105	105	104	104½	...
18¼	19½	800	Iowa Central	19⅜	19⅝	18½	19	...
36	38	50	Iowa Central pf	36	36	36	36	...
27	27½	100	Kansas City Southern	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	-1½
64	65	100	Kan. City South. pf	65	65	65	65	-½
152⅜	152⅝	26,200	Lehigh Valley	153⅜	154½	151⅜	152½	-⅝
138½	139	1,200	Louisville & Nash	140⅝	140⅝	138½	138½	-2⅛
134	136½	280	Manhattan Elevated	134⅝	134⅝	134½	134½	-½
14⅝	15⅜	398	Mercantile Marine pf	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	-½
18	18½	950	Miami Copper	18¼	18⅜	17⅞	18	-⅛
64	65	160	Minn. & St. Louis pf	64	64	64	64	-1½
28¾	29	1,400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	29¼	29¼	28½	29	-¼
64	65½	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	64½	64½	64½	64½	-1
33½	34¼	14,270	Missouri Pacific	36⅜	36⅝	33¾	34	-2
126	132	350	Nat. Biscuit Co	127½	127⅝	127	127⅝	-⅝
128	129	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	128	128	128	128	-1
48	48½	280	Nat. Lead Co	48½	48¾	48½	48½	-½
106	108	5	Nat. Lead Co. pf	106	106	106	106	...
16⅞	17	500	Nevada Con. Copper	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	-⅜
55	60	100	N. Y. Air Brake	56	56	56	56	-⅝
101⅜	101½	9,000	N. Y. Central	102⅝	102⅝	100⅜	101½	-1
128	128½	2,695	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	132	132	129½	128½	-3½
38½	38⅝	410	N. Y. Ont. & West	38⅜	38⅝	38½	38⅝	...
100¾	101¼	1,335	Norfolk & Western	101⅝	101⅝	100⅞	100⅞	-¾
65¾	67	1,400	North American	67	67	65⅝	65¾	-1⅛
113¼	113⅝	8,650	Northern Pacific	114¼	114⅝	112⅝	113⅜	-¼
29⅞	30¼	700	Pacific Mail	31	31	29½	30	-⅞
119	119½	15,500	Pennsylvania R. R.	120	120½	118⅝	119	-⅞
103	104	100	People's Gas, Chicago	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+¼
102	129	100	P. C., C. & St. L. pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	+2¼
17½	17⅝	100	Pittsburgh Coal	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-¼
80½	82⅞	490	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81	80½	80½	-⅝
27½	29	720	Pressed Steel Car	29¼	29¼	27½	27½	-2
13⅜	14	800	Ray Consol. Copper	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	-¼
27⅜	29⅞	600	R'way. Steel Spring	29⅞	29¼	27½	27⅝	-2½
137½	137⅝	112,000	Reading	139¼	139⅞	137	137½	-2½
91	92	40	Reading 2d pf	91	91	91	91	...
23½	24	1,520	Rep. Iron & Steel	24⅝	24⅝	23½	23⅝	-⅞
89	89½	405	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	89⅝	89⅝	89	89	-1
23½	23⅞	3,200	Rock Island Co.	24⅝	24⅝	23⅜	23½	-⅝
47	48	600	Rock Island Co. pf	47	47	47	47	...
60	62	120	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	60	60	60	60	-3½
39	39½	400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	40	40	39¼	39¼	-¾
29½	32	700	St. Louis Southwest	29¼	29¼	29½	29½	...
68½	69¼	100	St. Louis Southw. pf	68½	68½	68½	68½	...
132	136	225	Sears, Roebuck & Co	133½	133½	132	133	-4½
36	37	70	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I.	36	36	36	36	...
108	106⅜	8210	Southern Pacific	108	108	105¼	106½	-1⅝
26⅛	26⅞	2,100	Southern R'way ext.	26¾	26¾	25⅞	25⅞	-¾
32⅜	33½	1,150	Tennessee Copper	32½	33¼	32½	33¼	+¾
22	23¼	200	Texas & Pacific	23½	23⅝	23	23	+¼
16⅜	17⅜	110	Toledo, St. L. & W.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+1
40	42	370	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	41	42	41	42	+1
159½	159⅝	150,325	Union Pacific	162⅞	163	159¾	159⅝	-3⅜
80	90	300	Union Pacific pf	89	89¾	89	89½	-¼
108	108	230	United Dry Goods pf	104	104	103½	103½	...
30	33	200	United R'ways Invest.	32	32	32	32	...
56	58	100	United Rys. Invest.pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	...
...	95	300	U. S. Indus. Alco. pf	90	90¾	90	90	-5¾
36¾	37	200	U. S. Rubber	37¼	37½	36¾	36¾	-½
108½	109¼	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	109⅞	109⅞	109½	109⅛	+⅛
67	67½	139,100	U. S. Steel	68⅝	68⅝	68¼	67	-1⅝
114¾	115	1,634	U. S. Steel pf	115	115	114¾	114¾	...
42⅜	42¾	5,600	Utah Copper	43	43	42½	42½	-½
52⅞	53¼	500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	53	53	52¾	53	+⅞
117	118	300	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	117¾	117¾	117¼	117¼	+⅞
39⅝	41	100	Va. Ry. & Power	40	40	40	40	...
77	77⅜	200	Va. Ry. & Power pf	77⅜	77⅝	77⅜	77⅜	+½
13¼	12¾	310	Wabash	13⅜	13⅝	13	13	-⅛
26½	27	500	Wabash pf	27	27	26¼	26¼	-⅝
53¾	54½	800	Western Maryland	54¼	54¼	53¼	54	-½
74⅜	74¾	400	Western Union Tel.	74½	74½	74⅛	74⅛	+⅛
61	61¾	1,480	Westinghouse E. & M.	63⅝	64	61½	61½	-1⅝
2⅝	2¾	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	...
50	50½	300	Wisconsin Central	51	51	50½	50⅝	-⅛

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¼	100⅜
2s, c., 1930	100¼	100⅜
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102⅜
3s, c., 1918	101¼	102⅜
4s, r., 1925	113⅜	114½
4s, c., 1925	113⅜	114½
Jan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅜
Jan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	102½	102⅝
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	210	220
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101¼	...
A. B. S. & Pdy.	90	94
A. B. S. & Pdy. pf.	128	153
A. C. & F. pf.	113¼	116½
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Coal	60	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	212	216
A. H. & L.	3½	4½
Am. Locom.	34	34½
Am. Snuff.	225	230
Am. Snuff pf.	95	101½
Am. S. R.	115	116
A. T. & T.	70	83
Am. W. Pa. pf.	25	28
Ana. C. M.	33¾	34½
Ann Arbor.	20	40
Ann Arbor pf.	60	85
Asso. Oil	40	52
B. & O. pf.	85	87
Batopilas M.	1¼	1⅝
Beth. Steel pf.	58½	61
Bruns. Ter.	7½	8½
B. R. & P.	...	120
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
Buf., Co.	27½	30½
Canada So.	...	72¾
Cent. Leath. pf.	92	94½
C. & S. A. Tel.	115	118½
Chi. & Alt. pf.	30	45
C. & E. Ill. pf.	...	110
C., L. & S. pf.	60	80
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	133	...
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	145	155
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. stp.	1⅝	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. ctfs. st.	4¾	6
C., C., C. & St. L.	48	58
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Col. F. & I. pf.	104	...
Col. & So. 2d pf.	68	75
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12¼	14
Cons. Carpet	65	80
Cub. Am. S.	43½	...
D., L. & W.	510	540
D., M. & N. pf.	6	...
D. M. & Pf. pf.	51	53
Det. & M.	110	...
Det. & M. pf.	109	...
Det. U. R.	69	70
D., G. & A.	10	11
D., S. S. & A. pf.	29½	31
Dul. & Ir. R.	200	...
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	91	93
Pitts. St. Car pf.	95	98
Pub. S. C.	110	114
Pullman Co.	154½	156
Quicksilver	2	3
Quicksilver pf.	4	5
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	98	105
Rdg. 1st pf.	88	90
R., W. & O.	115	118
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf.	130	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	51	60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	...	130
Sears-Roeb. pf.	118¾	121¾
S.-S. & A. I. pf.	...	112
So. P. R. S.	80	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	106	110
So. Ry. pf.	65	65½
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	80	86
Stand. Mill.	5	16¼
Stand. Mill. pf.	...	80
Texas Co.	86	88½
T. P. L. Tr.	84	85
Third Av.	8¾	9
T. F. & W.	16	18
T. R. & L.	5	8
T. C. R. R. T.	104	105
Und. Typew.	88½	93
Und. Typew. pf.	109½	111
U. B. & P.	5	7
U. B. & P. pf.	51	53
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100¼	102½
Un. Dry G.	100	103
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	...	25
U. S. C. I. Pipe	13	15
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	45½	46
U. S. Exp.	89	93
U. S. R. & Impt.	66	68
U. S. R. & Ref.	2	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	...	18
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	70	75
W. F. Exp.	142	146
West. Md. pf.	72	80
Westinghouse 1st pf.	111¼	118
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	7	9
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3	8½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	4.90
Am. Cigar	5	Mar. 15,'12	99⅝	100⅛	4.42
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	99⅜	99⅝	4.52
Beth. Steel	5	Nov. 1,'14	100⅜	100⅝	5.73
Ches. & Ohio C.,H. & D. pur. money	4½	June 1,'14	98⅜	98½	4.95
	4	July 1,'13	98⅜	99	4.69
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99	99½	5.35
Chi. Elev. Ry.	5	July 1,'14	97¼	98	5.78
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'14	100¼	100⅜	5.64
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	98	98½	6.40
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'13	98¼	98½	5.50
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	98¾	99⅛	6.93
Int. Gt. Nor.	5	Aug. 1,'14	96	97¼	5.93
K. C. R. & L.	5	Sep. 1912	94	97	...
Lt. St. cv. deb.	5	Mar. 1915	92¼	92¾	7.43
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1913	93¼	93⅝	8.20
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	98¾	99⅛	5.38
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'13	98¼	98½	7.18
Nat. Ry. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98½	98⅝	5.44
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	99¾	100	4.50
Pan. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	99¾	100¼	4.70
Pere Marq.	6	July 1,'12	97	99	7.80
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1,'13	98	98⅜	5.87
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'12	97¼	98¼	5.76
Southern Ry.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99¾	100	6.00
Tidewater Co.	6	Dec. 1,'13	100¾	101¼	5.21
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'13	104	104½	5.27
West. U. & T.	5	Feb. 1,'12	101¼	101¾	4.90
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101¼	101⅝	5.01

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Sept. 12.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rcts., customs	$890,154	$8,653,126	$58,010,704
Internal revenue	848,760	9,222,033	66,621,080
Corporation tax		60,411	1,677,554
Miscellaneous	57,507	1,305,581	10,888,163
Total receipts	1,776,426	19,278,983	126,167,823
Expenditures	2,890,214	20,466,340	148,965,330
Surplus	*$813,777	*1,220,358	*22,797,511

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $83,-936,218; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $30,220,931.

The total of the general fund was $140,120,-

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

Total sales Sept. 13, 1911.. $2,208,000
From Jan. 1, 1911 59,927,500
Same period last year 454,153,500

Panama 3s	1,000	102½	
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts. full paid	2,000	97½	
	10,000	97¾	
	12,000	97⅞	
	6,000	97⅝	
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan	5,000	94¼	
Rep of Cuba 5s	1,000	103	
Jap Gov 4s, sterling loan	1,000	86⅞	
Va 4s, dcf. Brown Bros & Co ctfs	1,000	84	
N Y City 4s, 1958	5,000	100

STEEL TRADE SHRINKS.

New Business Less Promising Than That of July and August.

So far in September, according to trade authorities, the new business of the steel plants has not equaled that which came to them in July and August, and, in fact, made August the best month of the year in steel works and rolling mill operations.

The Iron Age, commenting on trade conditions, says:

It is hard for the trade to be satisfied with conditions under which the most certain thing about rolling schedules is that for a given week they can only be made up when the week arrives. The uncertainty about prices is one reason for this; there is also the fact that many consumers of steel have no assurance of continuing their own present rate of operations. As for some weeks, the structural steel trade holds out encouragement. There is not enough business pending, however, to encourage high hopes for the Winter—a fact that may explain the eagerness of large fabricating interests in going after recent contracts.

Railroad buying shows further shrinkage, with little promise of any change for the better. Continued weakness is shown in tin plates, sheets, wire products, and merchant pipe; in none of the last three lines has the buying this month been up to that of August. Plate mills can hardly maintain their present schedules, which are about 60 per cent. of capacity, unless unexpected demand for steel cars should spring up.

In the Pittsburgh district sheet bars have been quoted recently at $2 a ton below the $22 basis at which the majority of mills have aimed. The Eastern pig iron market is more active, and has a better tone than is indicated by reports from Chicago and the Central West. Alabama pig iron stocks were reduced 10 per cent., or by 26,000 tons, in August. Eastern Pig Iron Association figures, as well as those of the Buffalo district, show slight reductions also.

The Iron Trade Review says:

The Fall season has brought increasing activity to many industries in the West, but the outlook is that manufacturing will be done with smaller profits. This activity, due to the crop movement, has not been reflected in the iron trade. Business is quiet and price-cutting is more general, the degree to which this is carried varying in different districts. Specifications to the mills in the eastern territary especially, where structural activity continues well sustained, are not showing any marked depreciation, and mill operations are well maintained.

NEW INTERBOROUGH BONDS.

Company Applies for Authority to Make an Issue of $11,400,000.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company filed with the Public Service Commission yesterday an application for authority to issue $11,400,000 additional bonds. This issue will be under the $55,000,000 mortgage dated Nov. 1, 1907, which was authorized by the commission on April 24, 1908, under which up to the present $36,052,000 bonds have been sold.

The issue will be 5 per cent. forty-five-year gold mortgage bonds, and of its proceeds $10,000,000 will be devoted to liquidating a floating debt consisting largely of notes issued during the period of construction of the Subway. The other $1,400,000 is to be used for the completion of outstanding contracts, the installation of centre side doors on local trains, and the purchase of additional machinery for the main power station.

The notes to be paid off were issued on April 29, 1911, to discharge corporate indebtedness previously incurred, and are for one year at 4½ per cent.

STEEL CONCERN MAY BE SOLD

Railway Steel Spring Co. Is Rumored to be Bidding for Inter-Ocean Co.

Offers to purchase the stock of the Inter-Ocean Steel Company, advertised yesterday, brought forth the rumor that the Railway Steel Spring Company is negotiating for the purchase of the company's plant. This report could not be confirmed at the offices of the Railway Steel Spring Company, although it was sufficiently definite to state that the purchase money would be secured by the issue of $3,500,000 bonds.

The Inter-Ocean Company is not described in the standard financial reference works, and no information was obtainable from officials of the Railway Steel Spring Company of the extent of the plant, which is located at Chicago Heights, Ill.

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Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N.Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits.....163,000,000

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New York & Harlem Dividends.

The New York & Harlem Railroad declared semi-annual dividends of 2 per cent. yesterday on both classes of stock, out of the rental received from the Fourth Avenue surface lines. An additional 10 per cent. per annum is paid from the proceeds of the rental of the steam road to the New York Central. The street railway division of the New York & Harlem was leased to the Metropolitan Street Railway in 1896 for a rental equivalent to 4 per cent. on the company's stock. After the Metropolitan receivership, suit was brought to compel the receivers to repay to the company $400,000 for back franchise taxes which Judge Lacombe ordered done on the ground that the New York & Harlem should have paid these taxes. Pending settlement of the litigation, the Harlem dividend was omitted for two years, and on Oct. 1, 1910, the company resumed payments on a 3 per cent. basis. The accumulated undistributed rental has been held in reserve to protect the company against an adverse decision as to its liability for the franchise payments.

***

Writing Off Bad Debts.

At 34, the closing price for Missouri Pacific yesterday, the stock has declined 29 points since the high price of this year. Wednesday's slump took two points more from its price. In connection with the recent weakness, Wall Street evolved a new theory yesterday. It was that the company's forthcoming annual report would show that fixed charges were not earned last year by about $3,000,000. It is learned that the forthcoming report will make a bad showing in this respect, but largely because of a change in bookkeeping. When President Bush took office he determined that the company's accounts should be cleaned up in order that the new administration might start with a clean slate. To this end it was necessary to charge off upward of $1,500,000 of old accounts. This could have been spread over a period of several years, but it is understood that the bankers favored the President's suggestion that the entire amount be marked off at once, in line with the drastic revision of the Western Union's balance sheet under similar circumstances a few years ago.

***

Mellen and New Haven.

The view generally accepted now in regard to the story of the early retirement of Charles S. Mellen from the Presidency of the New Haven is that some one in New Haven blundered in making the announcement. The next meeting of the Directors is to be held in Boston on the 21st of this month, but it is not expected that Mr. Mellen's resignation will be offered then. At the same time, Wall Street is wondering how Mr. Mellen can reconcile his assertion that there is no reason to look for a reduction of the New Haven's dividend with the decline in the road's earnings. In only one of the last four years has the company had a surplus large enough to care for the 8 per cent. payment on the stock. In the year recently closed there was a deficit of probably $800,000 after dividends. In 1910 the road had a balance of $1,037,000 left after the payments on its stock, but in 1909 there was a deficit of $453,613 and in 1908 of $2,516,693. The dividend question will not come up again for action until early in December, and it is said by a member of the board that there has been no disagreement or discussion over the suggestion that the rate be lowered to 6 per cent.

***

Large Loses in Inactive Issues.

Although yesterday's sharp decline produced a large number of low records for the year, thirty-two stocks reaching lower prices than at any time hitherto, not all of the more important stocks went below the levels previously established. Union Pacific and United States Steel made low records, the former at 159¼ and the latter at 66⅝, but Reading at 137, the lowest price yesterday, was still ⅛ above the previous low record and Southern Pacific at $165½ was ¼ above its lowest.

As has frequently been the case since the downward movement began in August, the largest declines yesterday were in stocks which are comparatively inactive, the losses reflecting the general recessions in the market since the last previous sales. New York Air Brake, for instance, at 56 was 8⅛ points down; United States Industrial Alcohol preferred was 5⅞ points down at 90; Sears-Roebuck was 4½ points down, and Colorado Southern 1st prefcrred was 6¼ points down.

***

Taking Advantage of Tax Exemption.

Day by day the receipts of the State Controller through the payment of the tax of ½ of 1 per cent. on "evidences of secured debt" have been increasing, and yesterday something like $4,000,000 of bonds secured by mortgages not registered within the State were presented to the Deputy Controller's Office in this city for registration. As the knowledge of the exemption from future taxation anywhere in the State during the life of the securities registered becomes more general among small investors the Controller's Office expects the daily receipts from the tax to climb higher.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet, with the tone easy. Tin was weak at a decline of nearly 1c in the bid and 1½c in the asking price. Copper was unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper—	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.95	12.05	11.95	12.05
September	11.95	12.05	11.95	12.05
October	11.95	12.05	11.95	12.05
November	11.95	12.05	11.95	12.05
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.90	6.00	5.90	6.00
Tin	39.10	39.40	40.00	40.80

The following table gives the range of prices on the London Metal Exchange yesterday for transactions in spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Tuesday's last:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, Spot	55	7	6	55	3	9
Copper, futures	56	1	3	55	17	6
Pig tin, spot	180	0	0	182	12	6
Pig tin, futures	177	15	0	180	3	6

The market ended weak. Spanish pig lead was firm at an advance of 1s 3d, to £14 10s. Spelter was unchanged at £27 15s. Cleveland warrants were a shade higher at 46s 9d.

More Capital for Chicago Edison.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—At the Friday meeting the Directors of the Commonwealth Edison Company are expected to adopt a resolution voting a 15 per cent. increase in the capital stock. The present outstanding capital is $32,721,897, and the increase to be voted will be $4,908,284, bringing the capital up to $37,630,182. The stock will be sold at par to shareholders paying the entire subscription at once, or in quarterly installments beginning Nov. 1. The additional capital will be used to meet general expansion in business and to enlarge the plant.

Rubber Concern Doubles Its Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. was declared yesterday on the stock of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company, a subsidiary of the United States Rubber Company. This is double the dividend declared three months ago, when the rate was reduced from 2 per cent., paid in the first quarter of the year, to 1 per cent. The regular dividend of 1¾ per cent. was declared on the preferred stock. Both dividends are payable Sept. 30 to stock of record Sept. 16.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Directors of the Mutual Alliance Trust Company have elected H. A. C. Clinkunbrooner Treasurer and Frederick J. Leary Secretary.

The Directors of the Coal and Iron National Bank of the City of New York have elected Frank D. Wilsey to the Directorate to fill the unexpired term of the late W. S. Rodie.

V. C. Williams, former Eastern Superintendent of the Star Union Line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has been appointed Division Freight Agent of the New Jersey Division to succeed the late William W. Wilmot.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Local Stocks Hold Well, Despite Shrinkages in Prices of Arbitrage Issues.

BOSTON ISSUES ARE HEAVY

Declines in That Market, Though Philadelphia and Chicago Report Local Issues but Little Affected.

In the face of the declines in the shares which are listed in New York and take their prices from the larger market, there was some show of firmness among purely local securities.

Sears Roebuck continued heavy in Chicago, easing off to more than a point under Tuesday's close after an earlier fractional rise. Other issues in many cases were firm. Commonwealth Edison added a fraction, as did also Can common. Can preferred, selling ex-dividend 1¼ per cent., was only ½ under yesterday's close, a net gain of ¾.

The further drop in quotations for the so-called arbitrage group in Philadelphia and the establishment of new, low levels for the year in such leaders as United States Steel, Reading, Lehigh Valley, and Pennsylvania failed to materially affect purely local issues on the Philadelphia Exchange. Here and there a few shares of stocks had to be sacrificed to take care of the big shrinkage in values of the New York list, but nothing like the promiscuous selling in progress in Wall Street was witnessed.

Selling orders predominated in the Boston market and prices went lower all around as a result of the day's trading. New Haven was under particular pressure and suffered a decline of about 4 points, and Boston & Maine broke par. There was also heavy realising in United Shoe Machinery, this issue declining to 40⅝. The general list closed irregular at but little above the low prices for the day.

Trading was quiet in Baltimore, and while prices were easy changes were of no improtance.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Con. Power pf.	99½	99¼	90½
10	Fidelity & Deposit	151	151	151
745	Houston Oil	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
420	Houston Oil pf.	73½	73	73½
25	Maryland Trust pf.	117	116¾	116¾
50	Seaboard Co.	22	22	22
105	United Railways	17⅝	17½	17⅝

BONDS.

$1,000	United Rys. fdg. 6-5s.	85	85	85
17,000	Un.t. Rys. notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	Unit. Rys. inc.	62½	62½	62½
6,000	Unit. Rys. 4s	86	86	86
4,000	Wabash equip. 5s	100	100	100
7,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1928	93¾	93¾	93¾
2,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1940	93¾	93¾	93¾
1,000	City & Sub. 5s, (Wash.)	104	104	104
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	96½	96½	96½
8,000	Con. Power 4½s	86¾	86¾	86¾
10,000	Fairmont & Cl. Tr. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
18,000	G. R. Brew. 4s	42	42	42
1,900	Seaboard adj. 5s	75¾	75¾	75¾

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Boston & Albany	221	221	221
8	Boston & Lowell	217½	217½	217½
267	Boston & Maine	101	99¾	100
53	C. J. R. & S. Y.	162	162	162
30	Concord & M., Class 1	160	160	160
6	Concord & M., Class 4	161	160	160
9	Fitchburg pf.	127	127	127
85	Mass. Elec.	18	17¾	18
110	Mass. Elec. pf.	88	87¾	87¾
4	Northern of N. H.	142	142	142
5	Northern Texas E.	95	95	95
591	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132½	128½	128½
7	Old Colony	187½	187	187
108	Rutland pf.	35	35	35
1,043	Union Pacific	162¼	159¼	159¾
7	Union Pacific pf.	90	90	90
6	West End pf.	100½	100	100½

TELEPHONES.

1,513	American	135	134	134¼
22	New England	148	146	147½
88	Western pf.	96½	96½	96½

MISCELLANEOUS.

133	Am. Agr. Chem.	53¾	53¼	53¾
10	Atl., G. & W. I. pf.	17	17	17
440	Am. Pneu. Serv. com.	3¾	3¾	3¾
210	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	14½	13½	14½
68	Am. Sugar Ref.	115¾	115	115
15	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116	116	116
182	Am. Woolen pf.	89½	88¾	88¾
38	Eastern S. S.	91¾	91¾	91¾
59	Georgia Ry. Elec.	157	157	157
25	Georgia Ry. Elec. pf.	92	92	92
107	General Elec.	151	150	150
163	Mass. Gas	91¼	90¾	91
50	Mass. Gas pf.	96¼	96	96
14	Mergenthaler	226	226	226
15	N. E. Cotton Yarn	110	110	110
130	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	108½	108½	108½
18	Pullman	156½	155	155
20	Reece Buttonhole	13½	13½	13½
100	Reece Folding M.	4½	4½	4½
100	Fubber 1st pf.	109	109	109
109	Swift & Co.	109¼	109¼	109¾
30	Torrington, Class A	30	29½	30
10	Torrington pf.	28½	28½	28½
35	United Fruit	185½	184½	184½
2,643	United Shoe Mach.	41¼	40⅝	41
168	United S. M. pf.	28	27½	28
4,022	United States Steel	68¾	66⅝	67
2	United States S. pf.	114½	114½	114½
5	Conn. & Pass. pf.	143½	143½	143½
10	McElwain 1st pf.	103	103	103
25	Portland Elec.	65¼	65¼	65¼

MINING.

160	Algomah	3 9-16	3½	3½
1,085	Amalgamated	57⅛	55⅜	55⅝
20	American Zinc	23	23	23
540	Arizona Coml.	70c.	50c.	70c.
339	Butte Coalition	15¼	14¼	14¼
215	Butte Balaklala	4¾	4¼	4½
312	Cal. & Arizona	50	48¾	49
10	Cal. & Hecla	415	410	410
210	Centennial	8¼	8¼	8¼
141	Copper Range	51½	51	51
15	Daly-West	5¾	5⅜	5⅜
170	East Butte	10¼	10	10
310	Franklin	7	6⅝	6⅝
150	Giroux	4 1-16	4 1-16	4 1-16
45	Granby	29	29	29
100	Greene-Cananea	6 1-16	6 1-16	6 1-16
30	Hancock	18½	18¼	18½
120	Indiana	6¾	6⅝	6⅝
90	Island Creek com.	33	32½	33
40	Island Creek pf.	85¼	85	85¼
125	Isle Royale	18	12¼	12¼
225	Kerr Lake	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
50	Keewenah	2¼	2¼	2¼
400	Lake	24¼	24	24
185	La Salle	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Mass	5½	5½	5½
125	Miami	18¼	18	18
25	Michigan	2	2	2
150	Mohawk	39	38	38
235	Nevada	17	16¾	16¾
152	Nipissing	7⅞	7¾	7¾
501	North Butte	24	22¾	23
185	North Lake	4½	4½	4½
35	Ojibway	5	4¾	4¾
110	Old Dominion	37½	37	37
11	Quincy	64	64	64
100	Ray Cons.	14	14	14
75	Santa Fe	90c.	90c.	90c.
35	Shannon	8¼	8¼	8¼
50	Shattuck Arizona	16½	16½	16½
50	Superior	24	24	24
750	Superior & Boston	2¾	2¾	2¼
200	South Utah	60c.	60c.	60c.
130	Trinity	3¼	3	3
130	U. S. Smelting	32¼	32¼	32½
28	U. S. Smelting pf.	46¾	46¼	46⅜
50	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
230	Utah Cons.	12	12	12
130	Utah Copper	42⅝	42½	42½
350	Winona	5	4¾	4¾
10	Wolverine	100	100	100
323	Chino Copper	18⅝	18¼	18⅜
15	Insp. Mining	6¼	6 7-16	6 7-16
100	Union Copper L. & M.	75c.	75c.	75c.

BONDS.

$3,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90	90	90
500	Cent. Vermont 1st 4s	90	90	90
3,000	Westn. Tel. & Tel. 5s	98	98	98

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Can	10½	10¼	10¼
125	Am. Can. pf., ex div. 1¼	84¼	84	84
43	Am. Radiator pf.	130	130	130
50	Booth Fisheries	44	44	44
165	Chicago Pneu. Tool	45½	45	45
75	Chicago Subway	2¾	2¾	2¾
24	Chicago Telephone	122	122	122
615	Com. Edison	136½	135½	135½
112	Diamond Match	104	104	104
30	Illinois Brick	32	32	32
20	Inter. Harvester	104½	104½	104½
45	K. C. Ry. & L. pf.	40¾	40¾	40¾
65	McCrum-Howell pf.	92	92	92
20	Nat. Carbon	100	100	100
55	Nat. Carbon pf.	117	117	117
25	People's Gas	103½	103¼	103½
10	Quaker Oats pf.	107	107	107
805	Sears-Roebuck	134¾	133¼	133½
15	Sears-Roebuck pf.	130	130	130
50	Street's Stable Car.	8¾	8¼	8¾
150	Swift & Co.	100¾	100¾	100¾
325	U. S. Steel	68⅛	68⅛	68½

BONDS.

$3,000	Chicago Rys 4s, B.	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	Com. Electric 5s	102½	102½	102½
20,500	Com. Edison 5s	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Alliance Insurance	12½	12½	12½
910	Am. Milling	1⅝	1½	1½
2	American Rys	44	44	44
5	Baltimore & Ohio	96½	96¼	96¼
10	B. R. T.	72	72	72
496	Cambria Steel	43⅞	43¼	43½
100	Erie	29¼	29¼	29¼
10	Electric Co. of Am.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
198	Electric Storage	52	51¼	51½
300	General Asphalt	31½	31	31½
150	General Asphalt pf.	71¾	71	71½
35	H. & B. T. pf.	14	14	14
17	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
410	Lake Superior	22½	22	22
4	Lehigh Nav. t. ctfs.	85½	85½	85½
463	Lehigh Valley	77	76 3-16	76¼
200	Missouri Pacific	34	33¾	33¾
11	North. Penn	97	97	97
720	P. R. T. t. ctfs.	22⅝	22¼	22¼
2,024	Penn. R. R.	50½	50½	50⅝
5	Philadelphia Co	50½	50½	50½
10	Philadelphia Co. pf.	42½	42½	42½
443	Philadelphia Electric	16¾	16¾	16¾
2,120	Reading	69⅝	68 13-16	68 13-16
685	Tonopah Belmont	6 9-16	6¼	6 9-16
500	Tonopah Mining	6¼	6⅛	6⅛
1,053	U. G. Imp.	85¾	85	85
1,105	U. S. Steel	68½	68⅜	67
20	Union Pacific	163½	159½	159½
485	Union Traction	50½	49⅝	50⅛

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Crucible Steel	11	11	11
810	Crucible Steel pf.	81	80½	81
20	Fireproofing pf.	25	25	25
10	Ind. Brewing	4½	4½	4½
150	Mfrs. L. & H.	23⅜	23⅜	23⅛
72	Ohio Fuel	41	41	41
10	Oklahoma Gas	61¼	61¼	61¼
800	Pitts. Brewing	17½	17	17½
100	Pitts. Coal	18	18	18
245	Pitts. Coal pf.	80¼	80¼	80⅝
100	Pure Oil	8½	8½	8½
780	River Coal pf.	33	32⅞	33
40	Union Switch	86¼	85	85
490	Westinghouse Elec.	32	31	31½

BONDS.

$2,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	101½	101½	101½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.30
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.10
Andes	.08	Kentucky Con.	.07
Belcher	.58	Mexican	3.55
Best & Belcher	.17	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.07	Ophir	1.62½
Caledonia	.38	Overman	.30
Challenge Con.	.16	Potosi	.18
Chollar	.12	Savage	.22
Confidence	.60	Sag Belcher	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	.80	Sierra Nevada	.38
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	1.85
Crown Point	.80	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.05	Yellow Jacket	.40
Hale & Norcross	.18		

TONOPAH.		Gold'd Con. Min.	3.75
Belmont	6.62½	Goldfield Merger	.25
Jim Butler	.24	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.18	Jumbo Extension	.23
Midway	.29	Lone Star	.06
Montana	.78	Red Hills	.02
North Star	.18	Sandstorm Kendall	.04
Tonopah Extens'n	.91	St. Ives	.30
West End	.59	Silver Pick	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.25
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.16	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Comb. Fraction	.09	Gold Bar	.01
Booth	.09	Homestake King	.01
C. O. D.	.09	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Florence	1.27½	Tramps Cons.	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	5⅞	Jackpot	5½	6⅛
Elkton	60½	61	McKinney	42	43
El Paso	56	57	Old Gold	8	8⅜
Findlay	8½	8	Portland	91	95
Gold Dollar	14⅜	15	Vindicator	72⅜	75
Isabella	8½	9	Jen. Samp.	5	8

NATIONAL BANK SHOWING.

Loans, Discounts, Deposits, and Specie All Exceed Those on Sept. 1, 1910.

Between the call of the Controller of the Currency for reports of the condition of the National banks as of June 7 and the latest call, that of Sept. 1, the figures compiled by the Clearing House show a decrease of $18,688,300 in loans and discounts, a decrease of $61,229,800 in gross deposits, and a decrease of $27,707,400 in specie. Securities held other than United States and other bonds to secure United States deposits show a decrease of only $2,650,500.

Compared with the call of Sept. 1, 1910, loans and discounts have increased $1,566,600, gross deposits have increased $95,042,800, specie has increased $6,180,800, and securities held for deposits have increased $55,836,800.

The figures of the statement, according to the compilation made public by the Clearing House yesterday, makes these comparisons with the statement of June 7, 1911, and that of Sept. 1, 1910:

RESOURCES.

	Sept. 1, '11.	June 7, '11.	Sept. 1, '10.
Loans and disc.:	$905,454,400	$924,142,700	$892,887,800
U. S. bonds on hand:	6,197,600	1,787,200	3,447,800
U. S. bonds to secure circ.:	52,498,500	49,733,600	50,519,200
Bonds for U. S. deposits:	2,875,200	2,754,000	3,828,600
Other stks., bds., and mtgs.:	212,428,000	215,078,500	156,586,200
Premium on U. S. bonds:	589,900	522,000	1,052,100
Real estate, furn., and fix.:	33,466,900	33,402,200	32,570,800
Due from banks and bankers:	78,587,100	71,871,600	72,082,700
Exchanges for Clear. Houses:	186,725,600	194,628,700	177,258,500
Cash items and banknotes:	10,901,500	9,865,700	12,878,100
Specie:	53,986,100	54,027,500	49,317,300
Legal tenders:	53,986,100	54,027,500	49,317,300
Overdrafts:	259,600	123,300	105,300
Total:	$1,802,746,500	$1,868,207,500	$1,702,827,800

LIABILITIES.

Capital:	$124,252,000	$124,202,000	$122,702,000
Net profits:	169,179,600	175,228,400	169,294,500
Circulation:	51,549,000	47,845,000	47,598,100
Gross deposits—			
Due banks and trust companies:	654,085,600	704,530,100	603,735,500
Due other depositors:	795,792,700	806,577,500	750,300,500
Bonds borrowed:	7,887,600	9,826,500	8,697,200
Total:	$1,802,746,500	$1,868,207,500	$1,702,827,800

At the time of the June call there were fifty-eight National banks reporting in New York City. On Sept. 1 there were fifty-seven banks reporting.

SETBACK FOR TOBACCO TRUST

Motion to Strike Conspiracy Charge from Locker & Co.'s Complaint Denied.

Judge Noyes denied yesterday in the United States Circuit Court the application of the American Tobacco Company to strike from the complaint of L. Locker & Co. certain paragraphs setting forth the conspiracy of the American Tobacco Company to monopolize the tobacco business and the names of the concerns they had acquired since the formation of the Trust in 1890. L. Locker & Co. are suing for $300,000 damages from the Tobacco Trust on the ground that it destroyed their business, and that they are therefore entitled, under the Sherman act, to triple compensation.

Charles Dushkind, who appeared for the plaintiffs, argued that as all the facts which the defendants wished stricken out had been considered by the Supreme Court as sufficiently proved to serve as a basis for the condemnation of the Trust, the only object of the defendant's motion was to bring about further delay in the hearing of the action.

Judge Noyes gave the American Tobacco Company twenty days in which to file an answer.

SECURED DEBT FEES $20,000.

Deputy State Controller Reports Registration Under the New Law.

Yesterday's fees under the registration requirements of the new secured debt law, according to the daily report of the Deputy State Controller, amounted to $20,000. Among the largest amounts of bonds registered were:

Charles A. Sherman, for a client, $114,000; Rush Taggert, for a client, $162,000; Herzog & Galsler, $180,000; J. Henry Schmidt, $36,000; Charles Moran, $362,000, Spencer Trask & Co., $33,000; George M. Bodman, $112,000; estate of Henry Graves, $100,000; Ladd & Wood, $169,000; Day & Heaton, $91,000; A. Iselin & Co., $433,000; Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, $274,000; estate of Russell Sage, $56,000; Fisher A. Baker, $349,000; United States Trust Company, $60,000; E. E. Thomas, $135,000.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review is the best newspaper for investors. Clear and concise reports of financial conditions to enable investors to follow the course of their holdings. Full and accurate lists of quotations for reference. earnings of a hundred railways brought up to date, the situation in steel and copper and important movements on foreign Exchanges. A complete guide to the Bond, Stock, and Money markets. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Handsome binder to hold The Review, one dollar.—Adv.

SUGAR TRUST DENIES CAUSING HIGH PRICES

It Shares the Interest of Householders, It Says, and Explains Its Present Policy.

ADVANCES HURT BUSINESS

Refiners Must Pay Increased Rates for Raw Sugar—Domestic Harvest May Cause a Fall.

To explain its position toward the recent sharp advances in the price of sugar, the American Sugar Refining Company yesterday issued a statement deploring the rise, for which it disclaims any sort of responsibility. As a mere matter of business the rise, it asserts, is a bad thing for the sugar refiners in that it tends to check consumption.

The American Sugar Refining Company, the statement says, produces 42 per cent. of the refined sugar produced in this country, and, theref

NOT A GOULD FIGHT IN SOUTHWESTERN

F. J. Gould's Bankers Ridicule Story That a Social Slight Was Back of His Activity.

WORKING FOR STOCKHOLDERS

He Believes the Minority Should Have More Say in Board, but Is Not Attacking the Management, They Assert.

Middendorf, Williams & Co., a Baltimore banking house which has represented Frang Jay Gould in Missouri Pacific and other matters, gave out a statement through their New York office last night, answering a story printed in yesterday's World, that Frank Gould was conducting a war of reprisal on his brothers, George J. Gould, formerly President of the Missouri Pacific, and Edwin Gould, President of the St. Louis Southwestern, as a result of social slights inflicted on his wife by George Gould. Frank Gould married Edith Kelly, a chorus girl in "Havana," about a year ago.

For the forthcoming annual meeting of the St. Louis Southwestern Frank Gould is soliciting proxies in support of a ticket in opposition to the regular proxy committee named by Edwin Gould The opposition committee contains the names of R. Lancaster Williams of Middendorf, Williams & Co., and George F. Taylor. This was the statement given out by C. T. Williams:

"The motives attributed to Frank Gould for his recent activities in connection with properties in which he is largely interested are entirely unworthy of serious consideration by business men.

"Since the Missouri Pacific annual stockholders' meeting new strong financial interests who are not identified with competing lines have entered the board. The floating debt has been paid off, cash has been placed in the company's treasury covering the expenditures for improvements and betterments at the rate of $6,000,000 per year for the next three years. An active practical operating President has been installed with full powers, and already substantial and satisfactory progress has been made in effecting economies and building up its business. Soon the effect of President Bush's administration will be reflected in the monthly statements of earnings. The results will speak for themselves, and we believe will be very satisfactory to the minority stockholders who asked for representation on the board.

"Our present activities in the St. Louis Southwestern are in the interest of all minority stock and are not actuated by any motives other than a belief on our part that the best interests of minority stockholders require representation in the management of the property, particularly at this time.

"This movement is not intended to be a fight upon the present management of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company or any officer or any interest therein. Those interested in the movement are substantial holders of the securities of the company, and believe that its prosperity will be better promoted by having representation upon the board by the minority interest in the property. They believe that the policy of having the Boards of Directors selected from or by the controlling interest has not been satisfactory in the administration of large public service properties of this kind in the past, and that representation upon the board should be so widely distributed as to form a board representative of all stockholders.

"The conditions surrounding the administration of great railroad properties have greatly changed within the past few years, and it is the belief of those interested in this movement that the Boards of Directors having control of such properties should be selected with some reference to this change in conditions. It is necessary both to the intelligent administration of these properties and to the maintenance of property relations between these large public service corporations and the various agencies of government that all the stockholders should take a more direct interest in their properties and that every interest in the company should be, as far as possible, represented in its managing board. In this way alone can the opinion of the stockholders find direct expression in the management of the property and the administration of the property brought to conform to the growth and development of public opinion.

"A policy of this kind would tend to bring the stockholders more closely in touch with the management, to increase their interest in the company and its securities, and would bring about better public service relations.

"Representation from diverse interests would tend to broaden the views of the management upon questions presented, and would in every way be beneficial to the company as a whole, as well as to the minority stockholders. We have only the interest of the property at heart, and believe that that interest will be advanced by the movement which they have inaugurated and by representation on the board of the minority stockholders."

FRANK GOULD FINED $1,000.

Judge Hough Follows Judge Archbold's Precedent Reluctantly.

Frank J. Gould, as President of the Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works of Richmond, Va., appeared yesterday before Judge Hough in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court and pleaded "nolo contendere" to the indictment found against him last June for a breach of the Sherman Anti-Trust act. With the other members of the Horse Shoe Manufacturers' Association, he was indicted for his connection with the Steel Wire Trust, and like them did not wish to put in a defense.

Following the precedent set by Judge Archbold toward the other defendants, Judge Hough fined Mr. Gould $1,000 and accepted his plea. However, the court made it clear that it did not consider that an answer of "nolo contendere" should have ever been accepted. When Assistant District Attorney Knapp made no objection to the plea, he said:

"During my time there have been quite a number of applications made for the plea of non vult in this district. So far as I know, it is not within the memory of living man that the plea of non vult has been accepted in New York. The reason for that is, I think, quite obvious on an examination of two or three of our State statutes.

"I wish it to be understood, so far as I am concerned, that the acceptance of the plea of non vult in this case is based upon its acceptance by the Judge who first heard it, for there is no reason here that I can see to change what has been done in this particular cause, but this action is not to be regarded as a precedent in my administration of the criminal law."

On behalf of Mr. Gould, his counsel, T. S. Fuller, declared that his client's connection with the illegal pool was in no way a deliberate act on his part, and was formed on the advice of counsel that it contained nothing illegal.

"During the periods when the Iron and Nail Company was a member of the association," said Mr. Fuller, "Mr. Gould never attended a meeting of the association or had anything whatever to do with the rules of the association or its management in any way—his sole connection being that of nominal President of the Old Dominion Company."

Mr. Fuller pointed out that already more than seventy of the eighty defendants had pleaded guilty to the indictment, and had paid the fines imposed by the court. At the time the indictment was found Mr. Gould was in Europe and only returned two or three weeks ago.

New York Billiard Tourney.

The opening game of the competitive billiard season in New York will be played next Monday night at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy; when the first contest of the Greater New York Billiard Tournament will be decided. The purpose of the tournament is to decide, one might say, the billiard championship between New York and Brooklyn.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Decorative Lanterns Not "Toys"—Snuff Boxes Not Ornaments.

George Borgfeldt & Co. failed yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers to secure a reduction on the assessment made by Collector Loeb on small lanterns, composed of colored glass and metal, suitable for decorating verandas, lawns, &c. They were all classified as manufactures in chief value of metal with duty under the present tariff act at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem. It was alleged by the importers that the articles should be allowed to enter this country at 35 per cent. on the value as being "toys."

In overruling the protests Judge Fischer says that the goods are evidently not playthings for children and are not subject to the duty rate provided by the "toys" paragraph. According to the decision the protestant offered no proof to show that articles of this kind are dealt in and considered by the trade as toys. The decision reaches the conclusion that on the record in this case the protests must be overruled and the classification of the Collector affirmed.

In passing upon the classification of snuff boxes the board holds that they are not articles intended for purposes of ornamentation, but used for utilitarian purposes. The issue arises under the act of 1909, the importers being Alfred Anderson & Co. The boxes are composed of brass, nickel plated, and German silver. The Collector returned the merchandise as articles of personal adornment or intended for ornamentation, whereas the importers contended that the articles should be classified as merely "manufactures of metal" with duty at the rate of 45 per cent. Judge Sharretts agrees with the importers and holds that the merchandise is not to be worn or carried for the purpose of ornamentation. The protest is sustained and the Collector's decision reversed.

The board reversed the customs authorities at Baltimore in their classification of a statue made in chief value of metal, and entitled "Gloria." It was assessed for duty at the rate of 45 per cent. under the metal schedule of the present tariff, and claimed dutiable as sculpture at the rate of 15 per cent. It was imported by W. H. Masson. The statue represents a soldier in armor with flagstaff and sword, the face and hands being of ivory, and the remainder of the figure bronze. It was shown at the trial of the case that the statue is the work of a professional French sculptor. While the manner of its production is not shown by the evidence before the board to be as satisfactory as might be desired, the tribunal decides that it falls within the provision for sculptures. The lower rate is accordingly granted and the Appraiser reversed. The statue is reported to be valued at several thousand dollars.

SEEK STAY FOR DIEGLE.

Convicted Sergeant-at-Arms Is Writing Statement of Bribery Cases.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Rodney J. Diegle, former Senate Sergeant-at-Arms, convicted of complicity in legislative bribery and sentenced to serve three years in the penitentiary beginning next Monday, is in Dayton to-day, according to his counsel.

"Diegle is writing a statement," said Attorney Belcher, "but it is not going to be in the form of a confession. This statement is being prepared as much for our use as for any other purpose. He will give points which will assist in defending others of these cases."

Application for a further stay of execution of the three years' sentence in the penitentiary will be made by Diegel's attorneys before the Circuit Court in Dayton Friday.

Attorney John A. Egan of Dayton, authorized the statement that Diegle would make a "full confesion" by next Monday. Belcher and Conner, of counsel for the defense in Columbus, have persistently denied any intention on the part of their client to make a confession. Belcher's only digression from this stand was made to-day when he admitted that Diegle was writing a statement, but added that it was upon advice of Columbus counsel and for their use.

JUDGE USES SIGN LANGUAGE.

Helps Lawyers to Examine Mute—Learned It When 12 Years Old.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—John H. Geary, deaf and dumb, was suing on a breach of contract in the Municipal Court today. No translator of his sign language was present, and his attorneys were in despair.

"What is it you want to ask him?" asked Judge Scully.

The question was told, the Judge lifted his hand and moved his fingers rapidly before the mute. Geary followed with an equally bewildering finger movement. The question had been asked and answered.

"I learned to do that when I was 12 years old," said the Judge, "but never have had to use it on the bench before."

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Promotions of Cavalry Officers.—From Lieutenant Colonel to Colonel—W. L. Finley, to First Cavalry; J. C. Graham, to Fourteenth Cavalry. Major to Lieutenant Colonel—H. C. Benson, to Fifth Cavalry; G. H. Sands, to Thirteenth Cavalry. Captain to Major—C. A. Hedekin, to Fifteenth Cavalry; F. J. Koester, to Twelfth Cavalry. First Lieutenant to Captain—C. W. Cole and E. R. Tompkins, to Fifteenth Cavalry. Second Lieutenant to First Lieutenant—W. C. F. Nicholson, to Ninth Cavalry; G. Dillman, to Tenth Cavalry; P. J. R. Kiehl, to Eleventh Cavalry.

Major C. Lynch, Major J. H. Allen, and Capt. A. W. Williams, to Scranton, on official business.

Col. M. W. Day, Cavalry, unassigned, attached to Sixth Cavalry.

Special orders, July 11, relating to Col. H. S. Bishop, Cavalry, unassigned, revoked.

Lieut. Col. E. P. Brewer, assigned to Fourteenth Cavalry.

Lieut. Col T. J. Lewis, assigned to Thirteenth Cavalry.

Major R. G. Paxton, Eighteenth Cavalry, transferred to Tenth Cavalry.

Major N. F. McClure, Twelfth Cavalry, transferred to Fifth Cavalry.

Lieut. Col. L. M. Brett, Cavalry, unassigned, assigned to First Cavalry, Vice Lieut. Col. W. A. Shunk.

Promotions of Infantry Officers.—Lieutenant Colonel to Colonel—C. P. Terret, unassigned; J. B. Jackson, to Twenty-sixth Infantry. Major to Lieutenant Colonel—E. A. Root, unassigned, H. C. Hale, to Twenty-sixth Infantry. Captain to Major—T. O. Murphy, to Fifteenth Infantry; W. H. Hertsch, to Third Infantry.

Major G. H. Penrose, Quartermaster, from Walter Reed General Hospital to Fort Snelling, Minn.

First Lieut. K. S. Perkins, transferred from First to Second Field Artillery.

First Lieut. H. E. Marr, transferred from Second to First Field Artillery.

Major E. E. Persons, Medical Corps, detailed a member of the Examining Board, Army Building, New York City, during absence of First Lieut. H. Beeuwkes.

The following Second Lieutenants of the Coast Artillery, attached to company specified, and will report for temporary duty at post designated, thence to Fort Monore, Va., for course of instruction: F. E. Gross, One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Company, Fort Jay, N. Y.; W. T. Boyd, Jr., Thirty-fifth Company, Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; L. A. McLaughlin, Forty-first Company, Washington Barracks, D. C.; G. R. Meyer, Fifty-eighth Company, Washington, D. C.; H. A. Bagg, Sixty-ninth Company, Fort Jay, N. Y.; A. L. Pendleton, Jr., Seventy-third Company, Fort Monroe, Va.; L. H. Brereton, One Hundred and Eighteenth Company, Fort Jay, N. Y.; C. Newton, Jr., Sixth Company, Washington Barracks, D. C.

Special orders, Sept. 6, relating to Capts. C. E. Babcock and J. P. Spurr, Quartermasters, revoked.

Capt. C. E. Babcock, Quartermaster, from San Francisco to Seattle.

Capt. S. S. Ross, Coast Artillery Corps, detailed to pay department Vice Capt. E. A. Greenough, Paymaster, who will be assigned to Sixty-third Company, Coast Artillery Corps, Fort Worden, Wash.

First Lieut. J. A. Pearson, Eleventh Cavalry, to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., temporarily, thence to Fort Riley.

Special orders, Sept. 9, relating to Capt. W. R. Eastman and First Lieut. H. Beeuwkes, Medical Corps, revoked.

The Navy.

Lieut. V. K. Coman, to home and wait orders.

Lieut. M. Milne, to Naval Academy, Annapolis.

Lieut. W. W. Smith, to the Neptune.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

ARRIVED — Washington, Perkins, Sterett, Walke, Smith, and Flusser, at Newport; Virginia and Nebraska, at Boston; Salem, at Navy Yard, N. Y.; Monaghan, at Navy Yard, N. Y.; West Virginia and Colorado, at Mare Island Light; Solace, at Tompkinsville; Vermont and South Carolina, at Norfolk; Georgia, at Southern Drill Grounds; New Hampshire, at Hampton Roads; Celtic, at Lynn Haven Bay.

SAILED—Drayton, McCall, Ammen, Terry, from Newport for Hampton Roads; Tripp, from Newport for full-power run; Justin, from Cartigto for Annapolis; Aecomac, from Penacola for Boston; Prometheus, from San Francisco for San Diego.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; F. Speer, misses' coats and skirts, children's coats and dresses; Miss Kalesky, veilings; Miss Horan, petticoats; Mrs. Nudd, infants' dresses; Miss Grisdin, children's underwear; Mr. Koenig, coats and walking skirts; Miss Schlager, costumes; Miss K. Coakley, merchandise manager; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss K. Maloney, infants' wear; 454 Broome Street.

Shartenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; Miss A. C. Murray, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets; 75 Spring Street.

Donaldson, L. S., Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; G. E. Amluxen, woolen dress goods and silks; 2 Walker Street.

Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; B. M. Thomas, jewelry and leather goods; 223 Fourth Avenue.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; C. W. Davis, dress goods; W. A. Clark, waists; J. Walker, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; C. W. Warnock, corsets, waists, and underwear; B. McDonald, representing; 55 White Street.

Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; P. F. Lellich, ginghams; 72 Leonard Street.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. E. May, ladies' neckwear, (retail); 104 Worth Street.

Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; L. W. Rosskopf, cloaks, suits, furs, millinery, shawls, ladies' underwear, infant's wear, and corsets; 2 Walker Street.

Weil, R., Company, San Francisco, Cal.; W. Shore, domestics; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; I. Talman, dress goods; 72 Grand Street.

Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. Goldenberg, silks; Hotel Albert.

Dimond L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; W. H. Mulcahy, domestics; 70 Franklin Street; Hotel New Amsterdam.

Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. F. Beckman, furs, childrens' wear and suits; 51 Leonard Street.

Frank, B., & Co., Montgomery, Ala.; M. Kahn, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; D. H. Rosen, men's clothing; Hotel St. Denis.

Steiger & Co., Springfield, Mass.; A. M. Burton, domestics; Hotel Cadillac.

Smith, Murray Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. M. Clark, gloves, laces, ribbons, and neckwear; 55 White Street.

Thompson, Gibson Company, Williamsport, Penn.; E. E. Schleh, upholstery goods; 315 Fourth Avenue.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. B. Slocum, furs; F. L. Loftus, rugs and carpets; Mr. Scott, representing; 41 Union Square.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss F. Tatarsky, waists and underwear; A. Levy, cloaks and suits, (basement;) 15 East Twenty-second Street.

Dernberger, J., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Dernberg, furs; 142 Fifth Avenue.

Jordan, Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; F. T. Shurtleff, worsteds and art embroideries; Miss Nolan, veilings; Mrs. M. Morton, infants' wear; Miss Gurney, representing; Miss Daly, representing; 31 Union Square.

Beacon, The, Cambridge, Mass.; Miss Maloney, Misses', children's, and boy's wear and petticoats; 41 Union Square.

Payne, E. A., Rochester, N. Y.; dressmaker; Hotel Latham.

Eddy, H. E., Jamestown, N. Y.; dressmaker; New Grand Hotel.

Caskey, R. E., Jamestown, N. Y.; dressmaker; New Grand Hotel.

Barry, Mrs. Mary, Jamestown, N. Y.; dressmaker; New Grand Hotel.

Meehan, E. L., Jamestown, N. Y.; dressmaker; New Grand Hotel.

Mulligan, A. E., Cleveland, Ohio; gowns; D. C. Mulligan, gowns; Hotel Prince George.

Mann, R., Warsaw, N. Y.; M. S. Knapp, dry goods; 601 West 156th Street.

Dischamps, M., Oswego, N. Y.; modiste; 218 West Fourteenth Street.

Duncan-Ferguson Company, Stratford, Ontario; Ada Gee, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Schafer & Voas, Buffalo, N. Y.; Louise Voas, dressmaker; Gertrude Windisch, dressmaker; Hotel Victoria.

Patterson, W. H., Fulton, N. Y.; dry goods and millinery; Hotel St. Denis.

Scott, James, Hamilton, Canada; A. H. Bray, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.

Harold, M. A., Rochester, N. Y.; dressmaker; Park Avenue Hotel.

Silberberg Brothers, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; L. G. Silberberg, clothing; 489 West 123d Street.

Jasper Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; B. Jasper, woolens; Hotel Albert.

Frear, W. H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.

Dowell-Helm Company, Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Sisir, millinery; Hotel Victoria.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; A. Rosenthal, notions, jewelry, and leather goods; Hotel Grand.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; F. F. S. Hesser, furs, fancy goods, and embroideries; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Brostell.

Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; T. Loefenberg, dress goods and silks; Hotel Latham.

Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silverman, domestics; Hotel Latham.

Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; B. M. Thomas, stalker, L., Baltimore, Md.; general merchandise; The Elks.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, and silks; The Elks.

Good, L. S., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; L. S. Good, cloaks and suits; 600 Broadway.

Tiedtke Brothers, Toledo, Ohio; E. Tiedtke, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; R. W. Butler, neckwear; G. Baxter, knit underwear; 454 Brome Street.

Filene's, William, Sons, Boston, Mass.; Miss F. Van Allen, costumes; F. W. Phillips, coats, capes, and skirts; Miss M. L. Jackson, waists; Miss Moore, underwear; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Doyle, children's wear; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Rice, S. M., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; A. M. Rice, millinery; The Elks.

Bunstyn, H., Company, Easton, Penn.; H. A. Latham, dress goods and silks; H. Buntyn, cloaks and suits; Hotel Gregorian.

Thomas, A. S., Meriden, Conn.; J. J. Killeen, notions and furnishing goods; 81 Union Square.

Coons, J. S., & Co., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; J. S. Coons, millinery; The Hermitage.

Corbin, F. A., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; woolens; Hotel Collingwood.

Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks and suits; Hotel Gregorian.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; C. R. Brennan, representing; Miss Norwood, fancy goods; 53 White Street.

Stone & Thomas, Wheeling, West Va.; C. W. Maxon, clothing; 41 Union Square.

Miller, D., Company, Baltimore, Md.; C. Schott, cloaks, suits, and waists; 43 Leonard Street.

Taylor, John, Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. Myers, cloaks, suits, and waists; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Stevens, C. A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. H. Winkler, waists and petticoats; 40 East Twenty-second Street; The Breslin.

Schultz Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; P. Schultz, wrappers; The Breslin.

Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. H. Buckery, cloaks, skirts, and furs; 238 Church Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; O. O. Niswanger, general merchandise; Hotel Imperial.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; R. C. Cope, linens and handkerchiefs; Broadway and Tenth Street; Hotel Broztell.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; H. A. Dutton, silks; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Broztell.

Butler, W. S. & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss L. White, underwear; 53 White Street; Hotel Broztell.

Scruggs, Vandevoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. G. Hoover, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.

Sterrett Brothers Dry Goods Company, Charleston, West Va.; C. F. Sterrett, ladies' garments; Hotel Grand.

Myers, John G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; W. H. Harris, silks; 31 Union Square; Hotel St. Denis.

Hartman, S. L., Lyons, N. Y.; dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Diver, Pomeroy, & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; H. Eisenberg, notions, laces, and leather goods; Miss A. Lambert, toilet goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.

Kaufman, D., Harrisburg, Penn., coats; 114 Fifth Avenue.

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"The Fashion Authority."

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All Models for Sale. Also Sketches and Patterns.

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Chicago House Wrecking Co., Chicago, Ill.—A. Goldberg, ladies', misses', children's, infants' outer garments, muslin underwear, knit goods. J. Kulp, general merchandise, 114 5th Av.

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Special offer.—Silk messaline petticoat, $1.75; exceptional value. S. Bresler, 22 East 21st St.

Want good side line or specialty for city and vicinity. Box B 4 Times.

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One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.98; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.50.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES. Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 129 5th Av.

CUT GLASS SPECIALS. Louis Leven, Cut Glass Co., 33 Murray St.

MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings. Hauser & Davis Mfg., 50 East 8th St.

MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite (Peerless Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Pendleton, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Cohn. 2—Diamond v. Levine & Co. 3—In re Levine & Co. 4—Albert v. Albert. 5—De Groff & Son v. Collins. 6—Davy v. Kempner. 7—Freeman v. Miller. 8—Rhinelander R E Co v. Harbater. 9—Werner v. Oppenheimer. 10—Law Reporting Co v. Niver Coal Co. 11—White v. Johnson. 12—Warranty Plumbing Co v. Freishner. 13—Beard v. Schaeffer, Jr, & Co. 14—Phelan v. Bell. 15—Autographic Register Co. v. Sells. 16—Allen v. Gold Car Heating Co. 17, 18—Fischer v. Kalcher. 19—Vedder v. Jones. 20—Shatz v. Shatz. 21 to 23—Cahill v. White Co. 24—Schwartzreich v. Kashowitz. 25—Eukone v. Buckles. 26—Nugent v. Nugent. 27—Kaplan v. Kronenblatt. 28—Bobish v. Bobish. 29—Sayers v. Shevlin Const Co. 30—Johnson v. White. 31—Rees v. Hilton. 32—Powell v. Jenkins. 33—Wilson v. Levy. 34—Greenstein v. Greenstein. 35—Coughlin v. Carhart. 36—Foskett v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 37—Allen v. Oddee. 38—Brown v. Hoffmann. 39—In re Cosgrove. 40—In re O'Neill. 41—Yorkville Bank v. Legal R & M Co. 42—Rosenwasser v. Winchewski. 43—In re Gehrman. 44—In re same. 45—Watson v. Blumenthal. 46—In re Hyams. 47—Hart v. Adelstein & Greenstein. 48—Dooley v. Dooley. 49—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 50—Elline v. Eline. 51—In re Klapha Signa House Co. 52—Mott v. Freestone. 53—Wallace v. Kearne. 54—Perkins v. Perkins. 55—Kinsey v. Machinski. 56—Met Trust Co v. Kinney. 57, 58—Kingsland v. Martin. 59—Neustadter v. Mador. 60—Milazzo v. Mussaro. 61—Roche v. Gerken. 62—In re Hyatt. 63—Gillett v. 135 Christopher St. 64—Wilcox v. Bauer. 65—Abrams v. R P Murphy Hotel Co. 66—Marshall v. Welsh Machine Works. 67—Cohen v. Katz.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gavegan, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Arthur E. Chapman, Annie De Vine, Harriet E. Godeffray, Elizabeth Phillips, Mary A. Lytle, Michael Goldberger, Paul Gross, Lizzie D. Lockwood.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Stanford v. Castle Square Opera Co.—Abraham G. Meyer. Younker v. Moses—Benjamin Bulmer.

CITY COURT—Delehanty, J. Jackson v. Seekamp—Santiago P. Cahill.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Margerite P. Lawrence v. Intl. Products Co.—Sigmund Wechsler.

CITY COURT—Delehanty, J. Paul Brans v. Frederick Bette—Albert Blumenstell.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Pensioned—Foreman David H. McClymont, Engine 149, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $1,250 per annum.

Ordered to School of Instruction—Ununiformed Fireman Stephen J. Moran, Engine 21, for thirty days test.

Detail—Fireman John J. Falls, Hook and Ladder 28, to Chief of Sixteenth Battalion as driver.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

Appeals to Every American

The interest and beauty of the Hudson appeal to every American. You can see this world famous river in all its autumnal glory from the decks of the finest and best operated river line in the world.

Our big, fast steamers, "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton" and "Albany," are luxuriously appointed and ably run. You will enjoy the trip. Be sure to take it this Autumn.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

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Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. daily, except Sunday, at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ALBANY" or rail. 50

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

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CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy

Str. C. W. Morse (even dates Sept.) and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday included). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.

New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included); Yonkers, 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.

Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York and Albany. Seventh Annual Outing to Lake George, Saturday, Sept. 16. Round Trip $4.00. Phone 0490 Spring

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WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail... 2.00
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BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
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From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES. Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., foot of Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. and W. 129th St., 7:00 P. M., daily except Sunday for CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE and intermediate landings.

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A pretty good prescription—

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Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.

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Around the World
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TWO GRAND CRUISES

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REGULAR SERVICES

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BLUECHER.....Sept. 19, 2 P. M.
CINCINNATI.....Sept. 23, 11 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Sept. 28, 10 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN.....Oct. 3, 9 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.

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$S. S. HAMBURG.....Sept. 26, 1 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....Oct. 12
‡S. S. CLEVELAND (World Cruise).Oct. 21
‡Will have accommodations for limited number of passengers, to ITALY via MADEIRA and GIBRALTAR.
$Will NOT call at Algiers.
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Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.

Cedric, Sept. 14, 12:00 Noon
New York, Sept. 16, 9:30 A. M.

Kroonland, Sept. 16, 10:00 A. M.
Majestic, Sept. 16, 12 Noon

American Line — Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
New York.....Sept. 16 | Philadelphia.....Sept. 30
St. Paul.....Sept. 23 | St. Louis.....Oct. 7

White Star Line — Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic...Sept. 16, noon | OLYMPIC (new).Sept. 30
Oceanic...Sept. 23, noon | Majestic.....Oct. 7
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric.....Sept. 14, noon | Celtic.....Sept. 28
Baltic.....Sept. 21, noon | Adriatic.....Oct. 5
New York & Boston

Atlantic Transport — Pier 58, N. R.
New York—London Direct.
Minnehaha..Sept. 16, 11:30 A.M. | Minneapolis..Sept. 30
Minnewaska.Sept. 23, 10:30 A.M. | Minnetonka..Oct. 7

Red Star — Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland.....Sept. 16 | Vaderland.....Sept. 30
Finland.....Sept. 23 | Lapland (new).....Oct. 7

To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, and Naples.
Cretic.....Sept. 20, noon | Canopic.....Sept. 30

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Tuesday, Sept. 19 A.M. 10

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

TUESDAYS 10 A. M. THURSDAYS

Kronprinzessin Cecilie....Sept. 19 | George Washington..Sat., Sept. 16
Kaiser Wm. der Grosse..Sept. 26 | Grosser Kurfuerst.....Sept. 28

Gibraltar—Algiers—Naples—Genoa
SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.
Prinzess Irene.....Sept. 30
Berlin (new).....Oct. 21

BALTIMORE-BREMEN Direct, WEDNESDAYS—One Class (II) Cabin Steamers
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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Lexington Avenue Property Showing Evidences of Activity —$250,000 Deal Near Southwest Corner in 23d Street—$1,250,000 Lease from Astor Estate on 33d Street—Brooklyn and Suburban Deals

Lexington Avenue and the immediate vicinity held the centre of interest in the realty market yesterday, revealing clearly the heightened interest now being attracted to that locality, due to actual work in building the new Lexington Avenue subway.

Of chief interest was the sale of two old four-story buildings, altered for business, at 128 and 130 West Twenty-third Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue. The plot is 50 by 100. It was sold by Charles Laue, through the brokerage firm of E. H. Ludlow & Co., to a client of Karl Finestone. It was acquired last March by Mr. Laue from Cornelia Prime, and the seller has been holding it at $250,000. Mr. Finestone intends to make extensive alterations for the new owner.

Considerable activity has recently been shown in the vicinity, a sixteen-story loft being under construction directly opposite, on the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street, by Charles Kaye, the ground floor of which has been leased by the Fifth National Bank, while a smaller business structure is being erected on the northeast corner. Mrs. Dora Keith Wheeler is also erecting a twelve-story loft at 115 and 117 West Twenty-third Street, having a fifty-six-foot frontage.

It was also reported that the Bradley Construction Company, which is building most of the Lexington Avenue subway line, has bought two houses on the east side of the avenue, between Sixty-ninth and Seventieth Streets, from James McCabe for about $40,000.

The building at 459 Lexington Avenue, on the northeast corner of Forty-fifth Street, has been leased from Mary A. Ahearn, through L. L. Parker, by a brewing company, and it will be altered into a café. The lease is for fifteen years at an annual rental of $6,000. George Ehret recently bought the four-story building on the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-fourth Street for $75,000, the plot being 18.9 by 70.

$1,250,000 Lease on 33d Street.

A lease in Thirty-third Street from the William Waldorf Astor estate, which forecasts another big commercial improvement, has just been taken by Edward Margolies on the property at 27, 29, and 31 West Thirty-third Street, adjoining the Astor Court office building. This is a part of the property, including the Thirty-third Street side of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, which was recently transferred by William Waldorf Astor to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in trust for his son Waldorf. Three five-story buildings now cover the plot, which has a 75-foot frontage by 98.9 feet deep. Mr. Margolies has leased it for twenty years, with the privilege of two renewals, the aggregate for the first period being $1,250,000. He said yesterday that in the near future the plot would be improved with a high-class business structure.

Fifth Sale Since June.

The four-story private dwelling at 53 East Seventy-third Street has been resold by Potter & Brother. The house has figured very actively in the realty transactions during the Summer, the present deal being its fifth sale. In June it was bought by Biloon & Ostroff from Sophie Blaut. Early in August it was sold to Ramsay Hoguet, who sold it soon after to Mrs. Florence T. Van Buren, and she sold it recently to Potter & Brother, the present sellers. The house is between Madison and Park Avenues, on lot 17.6 by 102.2.

Amsterdam Avenue Sale.

Ennis & Sinnott have resold to an investor, through Porter & Co., 1,783 Amsterdam Avenue, a two-story business building, on lot 25 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of 148th Street. The sellers acquired the property in July.

Tenements in Demand.

J. B. English has sold for Sarah E. Loder to John Meliff the four-story flat 338 East 120th Street, on lot 20 by 100.

The five-story tenement at 222 East 103d Street, on lot 25 by 100, between Second and Third Avenues, has been sold by Jennie Karlinsky to a Mr. Sonken.

Bronx.

The two-family house at 872 Macy Place has been sold by Alexander Selkin and J. Schoen for Mrs. N. Stanton to a client.

Brooklyn.

The three-story dwelling at 485 Fourth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, on lot 20 by 95, has been sold by Burrill Brothers for Titus Blatter to a client for occupancy.

The block front on the south side of Hoyt Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, covered by two five-story flats, has been purchased by the Brown Realty Company. The plot has a frontage of 191 feet and is 34 feet deep. The broker in the deal was F. Suhr.

The Kings and Westchester Land Company has sold two of its Kinko duplex houses of the Prospect Park group, on Third Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, namely, 614 to William Hadwen Starbuck and 634 to Merrill Bishop, both for occupancy.

Staten Island.

Fifteen lots fronting on Danube Avenue at Fingerboard Terrace, Grasmere, S. I., have been sold by the Cuozzo & Gagliano Company for the St. George Realty and Construction Company to the Caesar Realty and Construction Company. The buyers will erect five bungalows, each on a lot 60 by 100.

Suburban.

William P. Langevin, as executor of the estate of R. Rooney, has sold a plot of several acres, with dwelling house and outbuildings, on Conklin Avenue, Woodmere, L. I., to Garrett Brower and Lewis L. Brower, who own the Brower estate, adjoining the Rooney property.

Mr. Langevin has also sold through the agency of Hugh J. McGinley of Nyack the Rooney homestead, situated on the River Road at Nyack, with private dock and riparian rights, to William N. Emery of Nyack.

Leases.

Senior & Stout have leased the four-story dwelling at 29 West Forty-fifth Street for the Century Holding Company to Elvira Jansson for a term of years, and also 76 West Forty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling, to Marie Ollitrault for a term of years.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased for the Duross Company the top loft at 147 and 149 West Twenty-fifth Street to The Newton Company for a term of years.

Webster B. Mable & Co., as agents for 28 and 30 West Twenty-fifth Street, have rented the first loft in that building, through George W. Barney, to Henlein & Greentree, a commission house dealing in cloaks, suits, and dresses.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has leased for Eliza Downing the four-story and basement private dwelling at 151 West Eighty-first Street for a term of years.

J. B. English has leased for Maurice and Leon Alland the four-story dwelling at 232 West Fifty-second Street for a term of years; also for Mme. Walter Costuming Company the store at 238 West Fifty-second Street.

Heil & Stern have leased for the Empire Holding Company the seventh loft in the new building they are erecting at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-second Street to Eugene Zaiss & Co.; for Henry C. Lytton the eighth loft at 20 West Twentieth Street; for the estate of Charles F. Hoffman the eighth loft at 19 to 23 West Eighteenth Street; for the Broadway Improvement Company the seventh loft at 841 and 843 Broadway to the Greenstein Clothing Company, and for H. G. Coogan the fourth loft at 604 and 606 Broadway.

New Atlantic Theatre.

Plans have been filed for the new Atlantic Theatre to take the place of the historic Atlantic Garden, for many years a landmark of the Bowery. The new structure will be located on the west side of the Bowery, 50 feet south of Canal Street, running through to Elizabeth Street. It will have a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 200.3½ feet. An office building will be erected in conjunction with the theatre, which will be eight stories high and through which will be the entrance to the theatre proper, which will be four stories high. The façade will be of brick, limestone, and terra cotta richly ornamented with carvings over the entrance arch. The total seating capacity will be 1,770. W. H. McElfatrick, the architect, has estimated the cost at $325,000.

Removing Broadway Encroachments.

Plans have been filed for removing the encroachments and setting back the show windows of the Albemarle Hotel, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Twenty-fourth Street, for the Francis S. Kinney estate, at a cost of $10,000. W. F. Hemstreet is the architect. Similar alterations will be made to Shanley's restaurant at 1,204 to 1,210 Broadway to allow for the widening of Broadway. This will cost Edith L. Schley, the owner, $3,960.

Notes.

The Governors of the Real Estate Board of Brokers, at the monthly meeting held on Tuesday, unanimously adopted a resolution disapproving of the proposed new Charter for the city. At the same meeting Frederick Pflomm was elected a member of the board.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will hold a meeting at 147 East 125th Street this evening. The tenth anniversary of the association will be held on Oct. 31.

A regular meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association will be held this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street. The Charter Revision Committee will report upon special features of the proposed Charter.

Carl Ebbighausen is the purchaser of the three lots on the east side of Plympton Avenue—two 125 feet north of 172d Street and one 75 feet north of 172d Street—sold recently by W. J. Huston & Son for a client.

Pickslay & Co., dealers in diamonds at 570 Fifth Avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Street, have renewed the lease of the store and basement for ten years, from May 1, 1911, at a rental of from $15,000 to $30,000 a year.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Greenwich St, 760, w s, 99.4 ft s of Bank St, 17.6x34x1.10x72.5 to 108 and 110 Bank St; x31.5x irregular; vacant; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Sept. 27.

Greenwich St, 762, w s, 82 ft s of Bank St, 17.6 x33.5x irregular, vacant; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Sept. 27.

119th St, 305 East, n s, 75 ft e of 2d Av, 19.3x 100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, of Alexander Tofts, a party in interest, for $11,450.

By Joseph P. Day.

133d St, 48 East, s s, 140 ft e of Madison Av, 20x99.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Mary E. Dobbins, $5,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Manhattan Av, s w corner of 115th St, 27x82, five-story tenement; Sheriff's sale of all rights, title, &c., which George Herring had on June 30, 1911, or since, to Emma E. Wickenheiser, $10,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Bowery, w s, 50 ft s of Canal St, for a four-story theatre and an eight-story office building, 100x200.3; to Elizabeth St; William Kraemer Sons Realty Co., 50 Bowery, owner; W. H. McElfatrick, architect; cost, $325,000.

Starling Av, s e corner of Sand St, for six two-story dwellings, 20x55; Cecilbert Realty Co., 1 West 34th St.; Frederick Eckstein, President, owner and architect; cost, $36,000.

Washington Av, e s, 130.39 ft n of 172d St, for two six-story brick stores and tenements, 50x94.9 each; L. and S. Construction Co., Isaac Leader, 1,850 Clinton Av, President, owner; Charles M. Straub, architect; cost, $80,000.

183d St, s s, 27.16 ft w of Prospect Av, for a three-story brick store and tenement, 32x95; Giuseppe Taumura, 2,737 Decatur Av, owner; Frederick Gaeger, architect; cost, $15,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

Broadway, n w corner of 24th St, to a seven-story and basement hotel; Francis S. Kinney estate, 22 William St, owner; W. F. Hemstreet, architect; cost, $10,000.

Greene St, w s, 100 ft s of Bleecker St, to a six-story building; J. Tishman, 25 West 30th St, owner; C. B. Myers, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 102.10 ft n of 184th St, 25x94; John Gallagher to Annie Gallagher, his wife, 2,392 the Concourse, Sept. 12..$100

BLEECKER ST, 207 and 209, n e corner of Barrow St, 26 and 28, 39x irregular x65x75; Abraham H. Levy to Rosa Levy, 239 West 115th St. (mtg $76,500,) May 19; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St.....$100

BRIGGS AV, e s, 355.5 ft s of 194th St, 19.7x 95.10; William T. Quinn, referee, to Frederick A. Knoechel, Villard Av, at Hollis, Borough of Queens, Aug. 29; attorney, J. P. Horren, 38 Park Row.....$7,000

BROADWAY, n s, 188 ft w of Terrace View Av, 25x100; Nellie M. Mahaney to City Real Estate Company, 176 Broadway, Sept. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT AV, n e corner of Jennings St, 25x 90; Adela M. Harrington to Joseph and Patrick J. Toye, 1,215 Vyse Av, (mtg $22,000,) Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

DE MILT AV, n s, 68.2 ft w of Pell Place, 34.1x121.4; De Milt Av, n s, 102.3 ft w of Pell Place, 34.1x95; Julius Lewine to Edward J. Cahill, 1,531 Vyse Av, (mtg $7,000,) Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

GRAND ST, 290, n e corner of Eldridge St, 25x57.6; Barnet Klar to Samuel Klar, 1,164 47th St., Brooklyn, and another, (mtg $30,000,) Sept. 12; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100

GRAND ST, n e corner of Eldridge St, 25x 87.6; Isidor Lewkowitz to Barnet Klar, 1,164 47th St., Brooklyn, and another, (mtg $30,000,) Sept. 12; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100

HUGHES AV, 2,410, e s, 25x87.6; Russo-Barba Realty Co. to Alfonso Esposito, 2,410 Hughes Av, (mtg $13,500,) Aug. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 148, map of Mapes estate, Bronx; James Kearney, referee, to William Elchmann, 334 East 90th St, Sept. 13; attorney, Frank Elchmann, 360 East 72d St.....$3,100

LOTS 71, 72, 117, and 118 of map of Russel estate; Alfonzo Esposito to Russo-Barba Realty Co., 625 East 11th St, Sept. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MONTICELLO AV, e s, 250 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100; Adolph Brauner to Adam H. Lotz, 2,441 Stryker St., Brooklyn, Sept. 12; attorney, C. Brandt, Jr., 189 2d Av.....$1

PARK AV, e s, 162 ft s of 183d St, 72x143.1; Kitchen Improvement Co. to Dr. Clinton Mackey, 25 8th Av., Brooklyn, or 5 Nassau St., N. Y. (mtg $7,500,) July 12.....$100

ROGERS PLACE, e s, 350.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x80; Rogers Building Co., to Rachel Kantor, 227 West 132d St, (mtg $43,028,) Sept. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 34x58, e s, 75x100; Frances Glanckopf to Jacob Glanckopf, 867 Hunt's Point Av, (mtg $88,200,) Aug. 31; attorney, A. S. Aaronstamm, 63 Park Row.....$1

TIEBOUT AV, 2,486, e s, 31x100; Wakefield Park Realty Co. to Home Site Realty Co., 314 Madison Av, (mtg $15,000,) May 8..$1

TIEBOUT AV, 2,478, e s, 31x100; same to same, (mtg $19,000,) May 8.....$1

VYSE AV, 1,215, w s, 20x100; Patrick J. Toye and another to Adela M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av, Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w s, part of Lots 93 and 94, map of Washingtonville, 40x irregular; White Plains Road, w s, 139.4 ft n of 239th St, runs w 59.2x n 12.11x e 64.2 to beginning; William H. Field to William W. Penfield, at Wakefield, quitclaim, Sept. 13, 1907; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

8TH AV, 290, e s, 24.8x100; Hugh Roberts to 8th Avenue Mission, 290 8th Av, (mtg $33,000,) Aug. 21; attorneys, Edwards & S., 1 Exchange Place.....$100

88TH ST, s s, 350 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Helena M. E. Lindemann to Katherine F. Lindemann, at Yonkers, N. Y., Sept. 12; attorney, W. S. Brown, 160 Broadway.....$1

75TH ST, 327 and 329 East, n s, 56.8x102.2; Muriel V. Spencer to William L. Hayward, at Wyncote, in Jenkintown, Penn., (mtg $27,000,) Aug. 10; attorneys, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St $1

88TH ST, 165 West, n s, 16.2x100.8; Nellie Macklin to Mary L. Keveney, 165 West 88th St, (mtg $15,500,) Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

115TH ST, 31 to 35 West, n s, 74.5x100.11; Form Realty Co to Dean Holding Co, 378 Grand St, Aug. 16, (mtg $100,000;) Dean Holding Co, 378 Grand St.....$100

137TH ST, n s, 285 ft w of 5th Av, 160x99.11; William E. Jackson to Elizabeth Realty Co, 27 William St, Sept. 11; attorney, Edward W. Isaacs, 27 William St.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BATES, Lillian E., to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 57th St, s s, 191.8 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x100.4, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorneys, Miller, K. L. & T., 80 Broadway.....$15,000

BAUER, Clara, to Charles Dorn, 361 5d Av; 121st St, 244 East, 25.3x100.11, Sept. 12, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway $12,000

BIEGELEISEN, Dora L., to Wm. W. Buckley, executor, 104 Montague St, Brooklyn; 7th St, 235 East, 18.1x48.9, July 1, 5 years; attorneys, Charles P. Buckley and another, 141 Broadway $7,500

SAME to same, same property, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorney, same.....$6,000

BOZMANN, Herman, to Edward P. Simma, Montclair, N. J.; 64th St, n s, 250 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5, Sept. 13, due Nov. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Andrew L. Onderdonk, 71 Wall St.....$8,000

CHURCH OF ST. MARGARET to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Riverdale Av, s e corner of Beech St, 125x—, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorney, W. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St.....$25,000

CIPRIANI REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Clarence Tucker et al., trustees, at Mamaroneck, N. Y.; Cambreling Av, n e corner of 188th St, 95x50, Sept. 13, due Nov. 1, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$38,000

COBERG, Julia, individually and as trustee to Isabella S. Hale, 480 South Main St, Geneva, N. Y.; 9th Av, e s, 41 ft of 50th St, 22.4x 80, Sept. 13, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$5,000

DAGOSTINO, Gerardo, to Gustav Faulhaber, Far Rockaway, L. I.; Lot 40, map 170 lots Siems estate, 25x100, due as per bond, Sept. 12; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,200

EDMONDSON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Harry C. Muller, 152 East 92d St; Tiebout Av, w s, 123.1 ft n of 182d St, 18.7x89.2, Sept. 18, 3 years; attorney, S. S. Terry, 66 Broadway.....$4,000

SAME to Alexander Laurendean, 2,546 7th Av; Tiebout Av, w s, 145.8 ft n of 182d St, 18.5x70.7, Sept. 13, 3 years; attorney, same.....$4,000

ERICKSON, Erick P., to Ellen Erickson, 17 Monticello Av; Monticello Av, e s, 275 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100, Sept. 1, due July 1, 1916, 4½ p. c.; attorney, John V. Sheridan, 4,102 White Plains Road.....$1,000

FRASER, Lucile, to E. & J. Marrin, 520 East 18th St; 49th St, 67 West, n s, 120 ft e of 6th Av, 17x100.5, Aug. 10, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, William F. Kimber, 121 Broadway.....$3,748

FURRER CONSTUCTION CO. to Arnold Thayer, at Port Washington, N. Y.; Crotona Av, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St, 50x100, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorney John F. Coffin, 5 Beekman St.....$74,000

HARRINGTON, Adela M., to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; Vyse Av, w s, 171.4 ft n of Home St, 20x100, Sept. 12, due as per bond; address, 200 Broadway.....$6,500

HESS, Charles, to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av; 84th St, 107 West, n s, 40x102.3, prior mtg $40,000, Sept. 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward M. Burghard, 120 Broadway $5,000

HINTON, Thomas, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 17th St, 240 West, s s, 17.6x84, Sept. 11, due as per bond; address 176 Broadway.....$8,500

JOEL REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 146th St, s s, 215 ft w of Brook Av, 2 lots, each 51.3x 100, 2 mtgs, each $37,000, Sept. 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address 160 Broadway.....$74,000

KANTOR, Rachel, to Ruth Rosenberg, 53 Henry St; Rogers Place, e s, 350 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x20, Sept. 12, due Nov. 27, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. H. Oppenheimer, 170 Broadway $1,528

KEAR, Barrett, and Samuel Kamlet to Isidor Lewkowitz, 40 East 67th St; Grand St, n e corner of Eldridge St, 87.6x25, prior mtg $30,000, Sept. 12, due Sept. 12, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. Huhner, 5 Beekman St..$36,000

KEVENEY, Mary L., to Nellie Macklin, Moriasy, N. Y.; 88th St, 165 West, n s, 250.6 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.2x100.8, Sept. 12, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, L. & A. U. Zinke, 200 Broadway $15,500

KRACKE, Friedrich, to Arnold J. D. Heins, Upper Montclair, N. J.; 163d St, s s, 25 ft e of Jackson Av, 25x72, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 12; attorney, Salter & Sr., 140 Nassau St.....$2,000

LEOPOLD, Pauline E., to Edward J. Owens, 7 Coles Place; Valentine Av, n e corner of Garfield St, 25x100, Aug. 25, 3 years; attorney, Charles B. McLaughlin, 165 Broadway.....$2,500

MAHER, William J., to Saranac Realty Co., 50 Pine St; West St, 173, leasehold, Sept. 12, demand 6 p. c.; attorneys, Shiland & H., 50 Pine St.....$3,500

SAME to James McKee, 774 East 19th St; same property, Sept. 12, installment 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rabe & K., 258 Broadway..$8,000

McDERMOTT, John J., to Margaretha Schwind, 970 Boston Road; Clay Av, 1,353, w s, 20x82.5, prior mtg $4,000, Sept. 12, due as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

MOLESCHOTT, Minnie, to Charles Dorn and another, 361 3d Av; 121st St, 246 West, 25.3x 100.11, Sept 13, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway.....$10,000

SAME to same, same property, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorney, same.....$4,500

NEIER Charles E., to Harris D. Colt and others, trustees, 14 East 60th St.; 57th St, 245 and 247 East, 33.4x100.5, Sept. 8, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Curtis, M. P. & C., 30 Broad St.....$22,500

PENFIELD, William W., to William H. Field, Portchester, N. Y.; White Plains Av, n w s, part of Lots 93 and 94, map of Washingtonville, 40x—, Sept. 18, 5 years, 6 p. c.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$900

REINER, Agatha, to Eliss H. August; Courtlandt Av, 602, e s, 10.8x80, Sept. 18, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St..$5,000

SAME to Bungay Co., 2,706 3d Av, same property, prior mtg $5,000, due March 18, 1912, Sept. 15, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$2,000

ROTTERDAM HOLDING CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Beck St, n s, 100 ft w of Avenue St. John, 45.1x—, Sept. 12, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$34,000

SAME to same; Beck St, n s, 145 ft w of Avenue St. John, 72.6x—, Sept. 13, 5 years; same attorney $31,000

SLOSS, Carrie, et al., to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; 12th St, 713 and 715 East, 50x103.5, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William Street $12,500

STONINGTON REALTY CO. to Albert Deutsch, 62 East 93d St; 139th St, 518 East, 37.6x100, prior mtg $25,000, Sept. 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & Co., 35 Nassau St.....$2,000

WALPOLE, Mary, to Milton S. Ginterman, 58 Central Park West; Lot 190, map of 309 lots of Hunt's Point Realty Co., Sept. 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$11,750

SAME to same; Lot 191, same map, Sept. 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, same.....$11,000

WELLER-NECKER REALTY CO. to Abraham Saffir, 219 Pulaski St, Brooklyn; Lafontain Av, w s, 112.6 ft n of 178th St, 37x 100, Aug. 30, due as per bond; attorney, S. T. Stern, 41 Park Row.....$5,000

ZINGALES, Gaetano, to Tinit Kerschner, 230 West 126th St; West Farms Road, n w corner of Freeman St, 56.5x137x54.8x88.10, Aug. 28, due as per bond; address, 230 West 126th St $3,500

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS, n e corner of 104th St, 106.7x159.1x99.11x121.10, May 6, 1911; Octav Land Co., owner, 41 Park Row, to Newton Holding Co., 147 Nassau St; E. B. Gethin, 41 Park Row.....$10,000

AVENUE, B, e s, 250 ft s of Irving St, 25x 100, Sept. 16, 1909; Annie Smith to Fanny McCay, 55 West 127th St; Whalen & Dunn, 203 Broadway $2,000

BLEECKER ST, 220, mortgage on fixtures, March 24, 1911; Michele Coppuccio and James Riccio to Alexander Lesser; Morris Conner, 233 Rivington St.....$200

BROADWAY, formerly Kingsbridge Road, n s, 151 ft w of Isham St, runs n 164 x w 50 x s 159 to Broadway x e 50.4 to beginning, May 8, 1905; Richard R. Maslen to George, Arthur, and Bettie Wise, executors of Nathan Wise, deceased; owner, Edward J. McGuire, 30 East 81st St; Title Insurance Co., 185 Broadway $10,000

COMMONWEALTH AV, 1,240, e s, 21x50, Aug. 15, 1910; Irving Realty Co. to Israel Wiesenthal; F. M. Hill, 391 East 149th St..$1,000

DIVISION ST, corner Clinton St, mortgage on fixtures, &c., Aug. 5, 1911; I. Finkelstein to Isaac Schulman, 171 Broadway.....$1,078

EAGLE AV, s e corner of 150th St, 100x52.8, April 21, 1900; Charles Trueman and Johanna to Charles E. and Edgar S. Appleby, trustees; owner, John Hollahan, 490 West 130th St; A. H. Wagner, 202 Broadway, $5,000

SAME PROPERTY, April 20, 1906; same to same; owner, same; C. E. Appleby, 56 Liberty St.....$2,000

GOUVERNEUR ST, n e corner of Madison St, 74x37.1x53.9x37.1, July 26, 1904; Abraham C. Weingarten and another to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$14,000

JEROME AV, e s, 372.4 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x100, July 3, 1909; Pomeroy Burton, owner, London, England, to Charles Dickinson; Stimson & Williams, 2 Rector St.....$1,630

KELLY ST, w s, 90 ft s of 167th St, 75x100, Feb. 28, 1910; R. & S. Realty Co. to Jacob Blaustein; F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$5,750

LOTS 3 and 9, Map 1,422 of New York Catholic Protectory, Van Nest Station, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., June 8, 1910; Timothy Sullivan, 4,001 3d Av, to N. Y. Catholic Protectory; John T. Ryan, 149 Broadway $870

LOTS 6 and 8, map of land in Yonkers belonging to Cleveland & Rosenthal, begins s s of Beach St, 50x100, Dec. 29, 1894; the Church of St. Margaret of the Twenty-fourth Ward to Joseph L. Rusling, Paterson, N. J.; John F. Brennan, Warburton Building, Yonkers.

LOTS 81 and 82, map of Coster estate, Nov. 1, 1907; Angelo Muretti to Hudson P. Rose Co., 32 West 45th St.....$675

LOT 492, e ½ of, map of Wakefield, begins s s of 9th Av, (now 223d St,) 50x114, Sept. 28, 1910; Goldfein Realty and Construction Co. to Alfred Frankenthaler; Frankenthaler & K., 55 Nassau St.....$550

LOT 536, Map 371 of Van Nest Park, Aug. 24, 1908; Maria Farago to Sarah G. Higgs, trustee of Hy. Lloyd, deceased; owners, Mary A., Catharine, and William J. Donnelly, 624 Meade St; T. E. Clocke, 2,023 Boston Road $4,000

MORTGAGE ON PERSONAL PROPERTY, Dec. 3, 1910; Alexander Ungerer to Jacob Brodie, address omitted; Leo Schafran, 116 Nassau St.....$50

PARK AV, 961, mortgage on personal property, March 14, 1910; Alexander Rothenberg to Flora Blaustein $950

POND PLACE, w s, 168.9 ft n of 197th St, (formerly Rose Place,) 18.9x125, Dec. 30, 1901; Thomas Watson and Elizabeth, his wife, owners, 2,783 Pond Place, to Agnes Booth and Anna E. Biehn, executrices of Samuel Booth, deceased; Deyo & Bauerdorf, 111 Broadway.....$4,000

VYSE AV, w s, 175 ft s of Jennings St, 50x 100, Sept. 9, 1909; Blue Ridge Construction Co., owner, 1,465 Hoe Av, to Irving H. Eckstein; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,500

WEST END AV, 739, mortgage on personal property, July 27, 1910; Edward J. Wehrenberg to Ehler F. Wehrenberg; Elfers & Aberley, 277 Broadway.....$3,000

7TH ST, n s, 71.8 ft e of Avenue C, 18.1x48.9, July 2, 1906; Lillie Berger and Dr. Tobias, her husband, to Emma Jackson and others; Gross & Sneudans, 309 Broadway.....$7,500

10TH AV, (Amsterdam,) n w corner of 214th St, 37.6x100, Dec. 21, 1908; Dorbar Realty Corporation to Harry Tompkins, 738 West End Av; Max Marx, 128 Broadway,...$7,042

17TH ST, 240 West, s s, 17.6x84, Sept. 10, 1906; Martha Hinton to James L. Griggs, executor, &c., of Annie M. Snyder; owner, Thomas Hinton, on premises; McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St.....$7,000

23D ST, 315 West, mortgage on personal property, Sept. 19, 1910; Nellie Brennan to Jeanne Pharisien $550

39TH ST, 60 West, s s, 21x98.9, July 2, 1901; Albertina C. Wilkins, owner, 109 West 45th St, to Walter E. Bunnell; Harris & Towne, 258 Broadway $10,000

65TH ST, 150 West, mortgage on personal property, Jan. 4, 1911; Catharine Michel to St. Bartholomew's Loan Association, a corporation $198

114TH ST, 131 East, n s, 238 ft e of Park Av, 17x100.10, May 25, 1904; Leonard Haberstadt and Emma, his wife, to Seymour Realty Co., 25 Broad St; owner, Rudolph Guldman, 707 St. Nicholas Av; Kurzman & Frankenheimer, 25 Broad St.....$6,000

121ST ST, s s, 105.3 ft w of 2d Av, 25.3x100.11, Feb. 16, 1903; Clara Bauer, (nee Bimberg,) owner, 300 6th St, to same.....$6,000

SAME PROPERTY, June 25, 1903; same to same; Jacob J. Dorn, 141 Broadway..$12,000

121ST ST, 246 East, s s, 25.3x100.11, Jan. 6, 1902; Minnie Moleschott, owner, 300 6th St, to Charles Dorn and Jacob Schnitzer; 361 3d Av; J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway.....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 31, 1901; same to same $4,500

182D ST, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 20x 99.11; 132d St, n s, 300 ft w of 4th Av, 20x 99.11, Sept. 15, 1908; Mount Gilead Baptist Church to Isaac Sossnitz; Steindler & H., 299 Broadway $4,750

218TH ST, s s, 105 ft e of Bronxwood Av, (formerly 5th St.) being w ½ part of Parcel 174, map of Wakefield, 25x113.3, May 1, 1907; Adelaide Burlando to Morgan J. O'Brien, 729 Park Av and 2 Rector St..$500

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 25, 1909; Melrose Realty Co., 4,380 3d Av, to Nicola Galante, 508 East 187th St; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$250

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 22, 1909; same to Luther E. Murphy, Potsdam, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y. $250

234TH ST, s s, 340.11 ft w of Kingsbridge Road, 17.10x49.11x76.1x50x114.6, Jan. 12, 1909; William A. Riley and Mary E., his wife, owners, at 234th St and Barnes Av, (no street number.) to Louise Balser; Conrad Mueller, Jr., 299 Broadway.....$1,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

BABCOCK, Sherrill, to Nathan Wise..$10,000

COMBINED REAL ESTATE INTERESTS to Harry Tompkins $7,042

CONGER, Margaret L., to Albert F. Hagar, trustee $1

ECKSTEIN, Irving H., to Morris Lederman. $5,500

FLANAGAN, De Witt C., and another, trustees, to Clausen-Flanagan Brewery.....$1

FORTY-SEVENTH STREET MORTGAGE CO. to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.....$100

FRIEND, Banned, to Annie Forman.....$1

GLEASON, William F., to Mary Lytolf..$500

GLEASON, William F., to Fannie McGay. $8,000

SAME to Felix Lussier.....$800

JACKSON, Stephen H., to John W. Strayer. $1,250

SAME to same.....$1,250

LLOYD, William, executor, to William Lloyd, trustee $4,000

SAME, trustee, to Sarah G. Higgs, trustee..$1

MANHATTAN MORTGAGE CO. to Guarantee Mortgage Co.....$6,500

MILLER, Harry C., to Isadore Schmitzler, ½ part $1,000

MINER, Allen T., to Hermine Debrossky. $22,000

PFISLER, Frederick A., to New York Mortgage and Security Co.....$3,000

ROSENBERG, Ruth, to Whipple Security Co. $1,528

SHATZKIN, Hyman, to Gasper Polz.....$1

SHATZKIN, Hyman, to Alfred Frankenthaler.....$1

STANDARD TRUST CO. to William C. Cox. $100

STANG, Morris R., to Frank W. Bruns..$100

STEWART, Mary C., to Elizabeth J. Webb. $10,000

TENNEY, Levi S., and another, trustees, to Albino P. Woodworth.....$40,000

TITLE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK to Ellen F. Scott and another, trustees..$14,000

URIS, Harris H., to Gasper Polz.....$300

URIS, Harris H., to Alfred Frankenthaler.....$1

WEIL, Samuel, to Max Tanzer.....$1,200

WILLIAMSON, Smith, to John Bussing, Jr. $5,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,701, store and cellar; Martin Ungrich to Charles Holscher, 478 West 140th St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Duff & Brown Co., 1,715 Amsterdam Av.....$1,000

AUDUBON AV, 317, store; Frederick G. Hobbs to Joseph C. Herbig and another, on premises, 7 4-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$1,500 and $1,600

GREENWICH ST, 188 and 190, store and basement; Levi A. Fessenden to William D. Stilson and another, 561 West 179th St, 5 9-12 years, from Aug. 1, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway.....$2,400

MADISON AV, 1,471, store, &c.; Joseph L. B. Mayer to E. Stapleton, 1,541 Madison Av, 4 11-12 years, from Aug. 1,

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

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Oppenheim, Collins & Co.

34th Street---West

Desirable, Well Lighted Offices.
Best Location in New York.
Convenient to All Transportation Lines.
Suitable for Any Line of Business or Profession.

Moderately Priced.

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Booths and Operators in Main Corridor. Ground Floor.

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LARGE LOFT, 25x90; GOOD LIGHT; ALSO STUDIOS AND SUITES OF 3 ROOMS AND KITCHENNETTE AND BATH; SUITABLE FOR BUSINESS.

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LARGE STORE, 22x95; GOOD LIGHT.

381 Fifth Avenue

Large Loft, 25x60; with skylights. APPLY TO AGENT, ON PREMISES.

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'PHONE MAD. SQ.—3257. 381 5TH AV.
Or Your Own Broker.

Store, Basement and Floors

In New 12-Story Fireproof Bldg.,
71 & 73 MURRAY ST.

Near West B'way. Most attractive floors ever offered in lower section of city. Lot 50x100. Ready for immediate occupancy. No interior columns; light on three sides, automatic sprinkler, two passenger and one freight elevator. Insurance rate 10 cents.

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Elevator Running. Agent on Premises.

42 & 44 West 39 St.

Large Studio
with North Skylight,
Also a Few Offices, $240 up.

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Broadway Studio Building,
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STEAM HEAT AND ELEVATOR SERVICE.
VERY DESIRABLE NEIGHBORHOOD.
Subway Station Same Block.
Apply on premises, Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

Store—Broadway & 79th St.

Store and Basement, 2,233 Broadway, west side, near 79th St.; Subway station on the corner. Most desirable part of Broadway for high-class retail business. Steam heat. Apply Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

TO LEASE.

Four-story building, corner 19th St., Av. B; windows both streets; 46x107; electric elevator; also adjoining three-story building, 46x95.6 ft.; also adjoining 4½ vacant lots; also stable, 62 stalls, 508 E. 20th. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall St.

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AT REASONABLE RATES.
Suitable for Photographers and Artists.
WINDSOR ARCADE,
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HARRIS & VAUGHAN, 1,416 B'way. Tel. 31 Bryant.

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HARRIS & VAUGHAN, 1,416 B'way. Tel. 31 Bryant
1ST LOFT, 5,000 SQUARE FEET.
In the Heart of the Theatrical District.
Will Divide.

Doctor's or Dentist's Office

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JAMES E. BALL, MANAGER.

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Exceptionally light, cheerful offices; modern fireproof building; from $15 month upward. 100 Broad St.

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A corner building, new six-story and basement, 50x75; perfect light. Apply 549 Greenwich St.

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Fifth Avenue and 45th Street

A Limited Number of Unfurnished Apartments by the year with Full Hotel Service.

Rooms and Apartments Furnished, with Bath, permanently or transiently. Every bedroom has a bath with outside window.

Restaurant and Cafe with Superior Cuisine and Moderate Prices.

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Northwest Corner
58TH ST. AND PARK AV.
APARTMENTS

Hotel Renaissance

512 Fifth Ave., cor. 43d St.
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HOTEL ST. LORENZ,
135-133 East 72d, bet. Park & Lexington Avs.
Large, Light, Airy Rooms.
2 to 6 Room Suites.
Moderate Rates.

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Standish Arms

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Near Pierrepont St. Fireproof Construction.
IN EVERY DETAIL THE LEADING APARTMENT HOTEL OF BROOKLYN.
Splendid View of Harbor

Situated in the most aristocratic section of Brooklyn. Subway to Wall Street 6 minutes. Apartments furnished or unfurnished. Single room and bath $300 to $450 per year. Two rooms and bath $420 to $900 per year. Larger suites in proportion.

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CLUB BREAKFASTS.
ARTHUR H. MYERS, MANAGER.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

FURNISHED Apartment, 99th St., 312 West, adjoining Riverside Drive.—Eight large, beautiful, light rooms, two baths; newly furnished; immediate possession. Apply to superintendent, on the premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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PAYSON McL. MERRILL,
481 5th Avenue. Telephone 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent from October 1st, single and duplex apartments in the following buildings:

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925 PARK AVE., N. E. Cor. 80th Street. 11 rooms, 4 baths. $4,500.
629 PARK AVE., S. E. Cor. 76th Street. 4 to 9 rooms, 2 & 3 baths. $2,000 to $3,600.
923 PARK AVE., at 75th Street. 5 rooms and 4 baths, $4,000 to $5,500
120-4 EAST 67TH, S. E. Cor. Lex. Av. 6 to 7 rooms and bath $900 to $1,600.
1,192-8 PARK AVE., S. W. Cor. 94th Street. 5 to 7 rooms and bath. $300 to $500.
585-9 PARK AVE., Adj. Cor. 62d Street. 7 and 8 rooms and bath. $720 to $1,200.
18 EAST 57TH ST., Bet. 5th and Mad. Ave. 2 and 3 rooms and bath. $1,000 to $1,200.
62 WASHINGTON SQUARE SOUTH. 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Rent, $900.

WEST SIDE

112 WEST 47TH ST. Bachelor Apartments. 2 and 3 rooms and bath. Rents $720 to $900.
140 WEST 57TH ST. 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath. $900 to $1,200. Studio, $780.
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502-8 WEST 113TH ST. 4, 5, 6 rooms, $480 to $720.

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60 West 10th; high class; elevator, all-night service; prettiest four-room apartments in city; tiled kitchen; convenient, exclusive; $50-$55; lease only; references required. Apply Manager, premises.

GOTHILDE APARTMENT,

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Exceptionally light, airy, finely decorated 5 rooms; telephone service; clean, well kept, new-law house; L, Subway station; $480; adult families.

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BROADWAY TO AMSTERDAM AVENUE

Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Street

¶ A tour of inspection through the Belnord is a revelation.

¶ It is the largest in existence and encloses the largest court, a miniature park.

¶ Every room in the Belnord is an outside room and each suite includes every known modern device for extra comfort and convenience.

¶ There is no noise or vibration, because the engine rooms are located under the central court and not under any part of the building.

¶ Apartments contain from 7 to 11 rooms at yearly rentals from $2,400 up. Reservations can now be made for October 1st. Inspection by interested parties is cordially invited.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents
Office on the Premises
2364 Broadway, at 86th St. *Telephone 10400—River.*

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BROADWAY, 73D TO 74TH STREET,

HAS GREATER FACILITIES FOR CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT THAN ARE TO BE FOUND IN ANY OTHER APARTMENT HOUSE OR HOTEL IN THE WORLD.
If you are contemplating a change of residence the following is offered for your consideration:—

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
WITH HOTEL FACILITIES.
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EITHER OF THESE WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE.
HOTEL CHAMBERMAID SERVICE AND LINEN.

The accommodation and service of a Hotel:—Restaurant and Grill, Hotel Office, Bell Men, Floor Clerks, Night Watchmen, Billiard Room, Parlors for entertaining; Barber Shop, Drug Store, Physicians, Dentists; Markets and a Housekeeping Department for Cleaning Woman or Man, for Lady's Maid, Chambermaid, or Vacuum Cleaning Service, as desired.

No one who has not kept house with these advantages knows the ease of it, and with all the quiet and refinement of one's own home.
Conclusive reference required. May a diagram be sent you?
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South of Central Park
New 12 Story Fireproof Apartment House

THE OREGON

S. E. Cor. 54th St. and 7th Av.
Large Light HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS of
5 and 6 rooms
Extra Servants' Rooms
at attractive rents,
$1,200 to $1,800 per annum
Open Evenings.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES,
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AMIDON,
83d St., (n. w. cor.,) B'way, 7 rooms and bath; exceptionally large, light rooms; all outside apartments; $1,300 to $1,400; all improvements.

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2,647 B'way, (101st St.;) 6, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; all night elevator; 'phone and hall service; $67.50 to $80.

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Two, Three, and Four Room
APARTMENTS,
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on terms that will surprise you.
Two doors from Riverside Drive. Near Express Subway station. Convenient for elevated and surface lines.
Maid service included.
Restaurant in building.
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New 8-Story Fireproof Building
Ready for Occupancy Sept. 1.
7 & 8 Rooms—3 Baths
$1,500 to $2,200
Apply Supt. on premises or
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HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
TEN ROOMS AND THREE BATHS
RENTS $2,000 TO $2,820.
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Corner Apartments, six large rooms.
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One apartment of seven rooms, first floor, corner; chance for doctor; immediate possession.
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2 Rooms and Bath

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BUT IF YOU WANT
A Homelike Apartment
5-6 or 7 Rooms Rent $50-$65
WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS IN REFINED NEIGHBORHOOD. Apply
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Block from Subway Express Station.

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Absolutely Fireproof.
88th St. and Broadway, S. W. corner
7 and 8 rooms and foyer. Generous closets; private laundries and steam drying rooms; complete house service.
NO CHARGE for electric light.

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High-class elevator apartments, 7 and 8 large, light rooms, with 2 baths; very attractive; convenient location; rent $1,200 to $1,500

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Attractive apartment of seven, large, light rooms; elevator, telephones, all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Ave.

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Unfurnished apartment, 3 rooms, bath; also one of 2 rooms and bath, from Oct. 1.

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Just Completed
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6, 7, 8 Rooms with 2 Baths. Principal Rooms have southern exposure.
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Absolutely fire and sound proof. Every improvement. Renting Agent on premises, or

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Absolutely Fireproof
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9 to 14 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000
Special Suites of 16 rooms and 4 baths, $8,500
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BUILT AS AN INVESTMENT, NOT A SPECULATION

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Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.
10 Story Fireproof
Most unique in appointment.
Suites of 6, 8 and 9 rooms, Rents $1,100-$2,100.
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Only two apartments on a floor. Entertaining space unequalled for size and arrangement. Large closets. Four to six servants' rooms. Nearly every room in the building faces the street. Floor plan upon request. Inspection invited.

14 Large Rooms, 5 Baths.
$6,500 and $7,500.
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NEW, 12 STORY, FIREPROOF.
9 Rooms and 3 Baths, $2,400 to $2,500.
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EXCEPTIONAL VALUE.
In detail of finish and location the best house on the west side.
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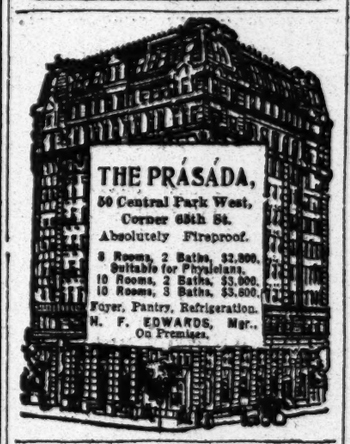
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Foyer, Pantry, Refrigeration.
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A new twelve-story fire and sound proof building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. A few of the 10 and 11 room apartments left. Rent from $2,800 to $3,500.
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Latest Fireproof Construction.
7 AND 8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS;
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$600 to $1,800

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The Saxony, 250 W. 82d St.	6 Rooms and 2 Baths
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Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
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Between Broadway and West End Av.
7 Rooms.....$900
8 Rooms.....$1,000
ALL NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
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63 West 106th Street,

Five to seven rooms.....$45-$70
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All convenient locations. All modern improvements. Elevators, electricity, steam heat, vacuum cleaner. Liberal concessions on apartments rented now. See Superintendent.

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High-class elevator apartments near Riverside Drive, two minutes from 96th St. Subway Sta. Front apartment, 8 rooms & bath, $46 to $52.50. Front apartment, 8 rooms and bath, $65.00. Large rear apartment, 5 rooms & bath, $40 to $42.50.

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DIAGONALLY OPPOSITE ANSONIA HOTEL.
A most beautiful
12 Rooms and 3 Baths Apartments
Absolute Fireproof Building.
Only two apartments in the house.
Every room exceptionally large and light.
Every known modern convenience.
Open for inspection.

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BROADWAY AND 95TH ST.
MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN TOWN.
Apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; exceptionally large, light rooms, with high ceiling, decorated to suit; superior hall and elevator service. Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Also 1 furnished apartment of 3 rooms and 1 baths.

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Open fireplaces; steam heat; meals served in apartments; 2 rooms and bath; rents $600 up.
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One flight, light sunny corner rooms, two bathrooms, kitchen; rent $2,000. Apply on premises.

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Broadway, N. E. Corner 107th St.
7 Rooms, Corner, $1,300.
8 Rooms, $1,000 to $1,300.
Large rooms. Best service.

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VERY ATTRACTIVE HOUSE.
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $30 TO $33 PER MONTH, OR
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$25 TO $45 PER MONTH.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

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222 WEST 59TH ST.
DUPLEX STUDIO TO LEASE.
Also apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

9 WEST 35TH STREET.

Very Attractive
8 Rooms and Kitchenette
in Private House. Rent $780.
J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO.,
105 WEST 40TH ST.

44 WEST 77TH STREET.

LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS.
Half Block from Central Park.
Suites of 9 & 10 Rooms, with 3 baths
APPLY TO OWNER ON PREMISES.

THE NETHERLANDS,

340-346 WEST 86TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
12-Story Fireproof Apartments, 5 and 6 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Superintendent on Premises or Realty & Commercial Co., 50 Church St.

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320 West 84th St.
Beautiful elevator Apartments; 3 rooms and bath; fine private house block near Riverside Drive; rents $1,000-$1,300. LOUIS KEMPNER, 1,416 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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316 West 97th ST.
Near Riverside Drive.
A modern elevator apartment house, convenient to express Subway and near beautiful Riverside Drive.
6 Rooms and Bath....$780 to $900
7 Rooms and Bath....$840 to $1,080
FRANK L. FISHER CO., Agts.
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N. E. Cor. 164th St. & B'way.
New high-class elevator apartments;
6 and 7 large, light rooms.
Every modern improvement; decoration to suit; rents reasonable.
Superintendent on Premises.

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Broadway, N. E. Corner 107th St.
7 Rooms, Corner, $1,300.
8 Rooms, $1,000 to $1,300.
Large rooms. Best service.

THE KENMORE,

353 West 57th St. (Wide street.)
Attractive 8-room and bath apartments at very moderate rents.
All improvements.
$950 to $1,250.
HENRY D. WINANS & MAY, Agents.
749 5th Av., near 58th St.

THE AYLSMERE,

60 West 67th St.
Seven and eight large, light Rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

INVERNESS,

200-210 WEST 81TH ST.
Handsome extra large, light corner apartment eight rooms and bath; the only one left; all modern improvements; Rent $2,400; possession Oct. 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

76 WEST 94TH STREET

Charming 8-room Apartment; private house block; rents $35-$45. LOUIS KEMPNER, 1,415 Broadway.

133-135 West THE IOWA 104th St.

High-class elevator apartments of 6 and 7 rooms; rental $720 to $900. Owner on premises.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

AUDREY HALL

MAJESTICALLY SURMOUNTING
N. E. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. & 172d St.
FACES WEST, SOUTHWEST & SOUTH, GIVING TENANTS THE MOST UNOBSTRUCTED VIEWS & FINEST BREEZES & SUNLIGHT IN EVERY AP'T.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Baths
AT
Very Moderate Rentals
Every Conceivable Improvement.
Elevators & Vacuum Cleaners
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

RIVIERA

Riverside Drive
156TH TO 157TH STREET
Largest 12 Story Fireproof Apartment House on the Drive
JUST COMPLETED
Suites of 5 to 10 Rooms
Very Attractive Rentals
Every Room an Outside Room
Resident Management
TEL. 5400—AUDUBON.

Heathcote Hall

609 West 114th Street
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive
Nine story, high class modern Apartment, just completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of
3, 4 and 5 Rooms
3 Room Apartments Have Kitchenettes
Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.
Rents from $45 Up
Inspection Invited
Manager on Premises

HILLCREST

APARTMENTS
430 West 116th St.
One block from 116th St. and Broadway Subway Station.
8 very large rooms
2 and 3 baths
Living rooms.....18x23 feet
Dining rooms.....14x19 feet
Bedrooms, southern exposure..13x16 feet
Spacious foyers. Wide halls. Ample closets.
RENTS $1,500 TO $2,000.
Open for inspection until 10 P. M.

HOTEL WOODWARD

HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX
Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.
CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.
Furnished If Desired
'Phone 5000 Columbus.

45 FIFTH AVENUE,

Between 11th and 12th Sts.
Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession October 1st.
RENT, $1,250.
Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
327 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

The HAMPTONS

201-203 WEST 117TH ST.,
occupying Junction 117th St., Seventh and St. Nicholas Avs.
Completely Remodelled and Renovated.
Superior Service.
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.
All Large and Light.
Rent from $900 to $1,200
Renting agent on premises.

Hendrik Hudson Annex

Broadway & Cathedral Parkway (110th St.)
12-Story Fireproof Building at Express Subway Station.
6, 7, 8 Rooms and 2 baths. 9 Rooms and 3 baths.
RENTS.....$1,300 to $2,500
Manager on premises. 'Phone, 4303—Morningside.
AMERICAN REAL ESTATE CO., Owner,
527 Fifth Avenue.

THE MINERVA,

365 WEST 118TH ST.
8 rooms, baths; elevator; improvement; $950 yearly.

ST. ORIMAND

417 WEST 114TH STREET.
CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT, 6 ROOMS.
Personally managed by owner. Rents $720-$780.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

See These Before Renting

High-class elevator apartment, all improvements; night service; convenient to all car lines.
$75.00 7-room Apartment.....$57.50
$65.00 6-room Apartment.....$52.50
Superintendent, Rosemont, 120A W. 127th St.

SHELBURNE HALL,

90 Morningside Drive, Cor. 121st St.
Elevator Apartments; excellent service.
6 Rooms, $60 to $70.

THE NORTHERN and BELVEDERE.

181st & Northern Av. 180th St. & Edgecombe Av.
Elevator apartment, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 2 baths; rents $50 upward. Apply premises or S. Feinberg, 174th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

465 West 159th Street

5 rooms, $32.....7 rooms, $40-$42
Every modern improvement; near Subway & "L"

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on Page 19.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN. West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Just the Apartment You've been Wanting is Here—

The Audubon Section of Washington Heights

Is the ideal home section. Quick transit facilities—good shops, plenty of fresh air, an abundance of play room, cosy, modern apartments at reasonable rents—these are reasons why YOU should live here.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
to lease from Oct. 1.
No Free Rents—Apartments Leased on Net Basis—and you are assured of fair treatment.

Knowlton Court
3810 Broadway, cor. 159th Street
This building is as fine as there is on the Heights.
4-5-6-7 and 8 Rooms, $40 to $85.

Balmoral Court
Cor. Broadway and 163d St.
2 and 3 Rooms, $27.50 to $35.
4 and 5 Rooms, $40 to $55
6-8 and 10 Rooms, $60, $80 and $110.

Charleston Court
3905 Broadway, cor. 163rd St.
Only One 5 Room, Three 6 Room and One 7 Room Apartment to rent, $45 to $70.

The Florida
N. W. cor. 163rd St. & St. Nicholas Av.
Block East of Broadway.
4 and 5 Rooms, $40 and $45. **6 and 7 Rooms, $60 to $75.**
All rooms face on street.

Crystal Court
555 West 160th St., cor. Broadway.
Only three apartments to lease
One 4 Rooms, front—$36
Two 5 Rooms, front—$40

Bonny Castle / Highland Court
191st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave. at 191st St. Subway Station.
A few 3-4-5 & 8 Room Apartments, $30 to $80

The Golden Rod
508 West 178th Street
One 3, One 4 and One 5 Room Apartment to rent, $25, $30, $35.

The St. Nicholas
475 W. 159th St., cor. St. Nicholas Av.
Three 5 Room apartments at $35

These houses under management of
NORMAN DENZER
3816 Broadway, at 159th St.
Who specializes in Washington Heights Real Estate. See him or representatives on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN. West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Stadium View & Shore View
445-448 Riverside Drive.
North of 116th St., One Block from Subway Station.
New Twelve-story Fireproof Apartment
Two Apartments on a floor.
9 large, light rooms
with foyer and three bathrooms, $1750.
Also 6 and 8 rooms and 2 bathrooms, $1200—$1700.

Concord Hall
Riverside Drive, Cor. 119th St.
High-class fireproof Apartment House in the most attractive location on the Drive.
Suites of 7, 8 and 9 rooms
with 2 bathrooms and extra lavatories.
$1200—$1600.

The Cherbourg
1 West 92nd St., Cor. Central Park West.
One Block from "L."
Excellent location, overlooking Park.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
All large, sunny, outside rooms.
9,10 rooms & 2 baths, $1600—$2400

Cathedral Court and Parkview
229-237 West 110th St.,
Opposite Central Park;
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
7 rooms and 2 baths.
Rent $1000.

The Gainsborough
112 Riverside Drive, Near 84th St.
Ideal location, overlooking the river; high-class elevator apartment of unusually large rooms;
7 & 8 rooms, 1 bath & 2 toilets, $1300 to $1700.

Apply to Superintendents on premises or
McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.
444 Columbus Ave., near 81st St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN. West Side. Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Huston & Spraker Co.
25 Liberty St. **Telephone 5827 John**

The Mayfield
15 East 10th St.
Just off Fifth Ave., exclusive neighborhood, accessible location, convenient to L, subway, surface and 'bus. Extra servants' rooms if desired.
5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms and bath.
Rents, $1,050 to $1,800.

Clarendon
605-9 West 112th St.
Bet. Broadway & Riverside Drive.
Unusually large rooms; southern exposure; 6 and 7 rooms and bath.
Rents, $900 to $1,200.

La Touraine
115th St. and Morningside Dr.
Superb outlook over Morningside Park and city from every apt. choice neighborhood; one block from Columbia University and Barnard College.
6 rooms and bath.
Rents, $780 to $900.

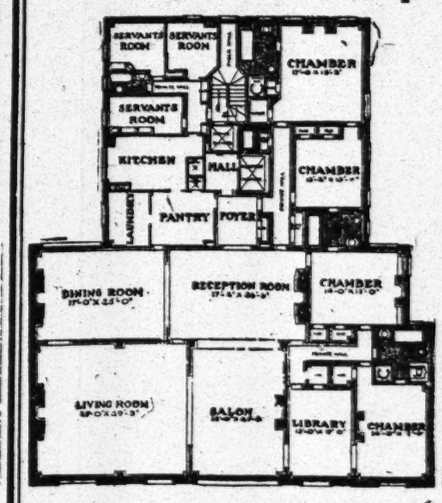
Maranamay
611-17 West 112th St.
Near Riverside Drive.
Exceptionally large rooms; southern exposure; 6 rooms and bath.
Rents, $720 to $840.

The Campolyn and The Wenonah
521 West 112th St. **523 West 112th St.**
Two new 8 story fireproof apartment houses, 5 and 7 rooms; 1 and 2 baths; attractively arranged; extra lavatories and large closets; immediate possession; concessions to October.
Rents, $770 to $1,400.

All these houses are on north side of street and have southern exposure. The apartments are open for inspection throughout the day and evening.
Phone and our representative will gladly call.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN. East Side.

12 East 87th Street
ADJOINING FIFTH AVENUE
New Fireproof and Soundproof Apartments



An Unusual Building Replete With Unusual Features

Very large living rooms and bedrooms overlooking Phipps Mansion and Bradley Martin Gardens, 2,000 sq. ft. available for entertaining. Filtered water throughout. Permanent refrigeration and vacuum cleaning. Laundry with steam dryer in each apartment. Separate servants elevator and stairway. Unsurpassed facilities for housekeeping.

Each Apartment Occupies an Entire Floor
Herein is secured the exclusiveness and privacy of a separate dwelling, combined with the comfort and luxury obtainable only in the highest type houses.

15 Rooms and 4 Baths, $5,500-$8,000

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents
340 Madison Avenue, (43d St.) Telephone 6200 Bryant.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN. East Side.

The SCHERMERHORN
Madison Av., 82d to 83d St.

Close to the 5th Avenue residential section. The building immediately adjoins private dwellings, so that the view of City and Park is unobstructed.

Suites contain 8 and 9 rooms, with 3 baths. Large rooms and closets. Most complete water filtering system in the city

Rents from $2,850 to $4,250

FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS, Agents
79th Street and Broadway
Representative on Premises Tel. 9700—Schuyler

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. BRONX.

VENICE COURT
Tremont Ave. & Southern Boulevard
3 Blocks from 174th St. Subway Station.
The Leading Elevator Apartment
IN EVERY DETAIL.
in the healthiest location of the Bronx.
HIGH ELEVATION AND SITUATED
on the Parkway 200 feet wide.
NONE BETTER ON RIVERSIDE.
ONLY FEW SUITES LEFT;
6 Rooms, Rents, $48 - $56
7 Rooms, Rent, $65
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, including Sanitary Kitchen Floors, filtered water, wall safes and
ROOF GARDEN.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

JUST COMPLETED
BAINBRIDGE & BEDFORD COURTS
Cor. Bainbridge Ave. & Bedford Park Boulevard or 200th St.
IN THE HEART OF THE FINEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION OF THE CITY
Surrounded by Beautiful Parks.
5 min. to "L" and Bronx Park stations.
4-5-6 Elegant large rooms, beautifully decorated; every modern improvement. **$27-$45**

1408-1414 Franklin Av.,
2 blocks East 169th St. 3d Av. "L" Station, 1 block to park and school.
LARGE, LIGHT APARTMENTS OF 4 AND 5 ROOMS.
New building, equipped with steam heat, electric light throughout; modern plumbing and hardwood trim.
Rents $20 to $26.

ANDERSON APARTMENTS,
ANDERSON AV. AND 162D ST.
JUST COMPLETED
2-3-4-5-6 rooms, $22-$40.
Near 1 5th St. West Side L Station.
High class; latest improvements; private telephone; electric light; near park athletic grounds, boat clubs.
Meckes, Ogden Av., 162d. Tel. 1538 Melrose.

MORRIS AV. SOUTH OF TREMONT AV. — **READY OCT. 1ST**
3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms. Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

BOSTON ROAD 1024, nr. 165th.
Elegant 5-6-7 rooms; all improvements; electric light, parquet floors, telephone, etc.; reasonable rent.

193d Street and Marion Avenue.
The Willow Apartments, just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

2,650 Marion Av., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

AUCTION SALES.

The very latest importation of one of the most prominent importers of this city, comprising very high cost

MILLINERY SUPPLIES

Ostrich Feathers and Plumes, Fancy Feathers, Wings, Birds, Silk Flowers, Ornaments, Chiffons, Veilings, Silk Ribbons, Malines, Braids, etc.; Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Silk and Satin Shapes, Felt Shapes, all in the most approved up-to-date styles.
D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,
sells to-morrow, Friday, Sept. 15, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., in salesroom,
8 GREENE ST., NEAR CANAL ST.
The above exceptional and very choice stock of Millinery and Millinery Supplies, and consisting of the most modern productions, adaptable to the requirements of the very finest millinery trade. Your attendance is invited. This being an excellent opportunity to secure high-cost, up-to-date Millinery Merchandise at unreserved auction sale. Will be sold in advantageous trade lots. For further information telephone 4299 Spring.

EXHIBITION—Friday and Saturday from 10-4
LIQUIDATION SALE $80,000 WORTH OF
Diamonds, Watches,
Gold Jewelry, Silverware, etc.
Being the entire stock of the well-known concern formerly S. & G. BRANN of 231 8th Ave.
CHAS. SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
sells, commencing Monday, Sept. 18, at 10:30 A. M., at 23 Walker St., N. Y., above large, well-selected stock.
P. S.—This stock should interest wholesale, jobbing and retail trade. Will be sold in large lots.

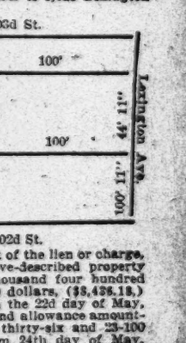
FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin. | 10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—VAN DYCK ESTATE, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL AUGENBLICK et al., Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 24th day of May, 1911, and pursuant to an order made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of August, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of September, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Lexington Avenue, distant 100 feet 11 inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said westerly side of Lexington Avenue and the northerly side of 102d Street; running thence northerly along said westerly side of Lexington Avenue 44 feet 11 inches; thence westerly parallel with said northerly side of 102d Street 100 feet; thence southerly parallel with said westerly side of Lexington Avenue 44 feet 11 inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line of the block and again parallel with said northerly side of 102d Street 100 feet to said westerly side of Lexington Avenue, at the point or place of beginning. Being part of the same premises conveyed to C. N. & S. A. Construction Company, by Reid L. Carr, referee, by deed dated July 30th, 1909, recorded July 31st, 1909, Liber 150, Section 6, P. 90.
Dated New York, Aug. 24, 1911.
LOUIS B. HASBROUCK, Referee.
CHARLES P. NORTHROP, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 1,628 Lexington Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is eight thousand four hundred and thirty-six and 18-100 dollars, ($8,436.18,) with interest thereon from the 22d day of May, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to four hundred and thirty-six and 23-100 dollars, with interest from 24th day of May, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and ninety-six dollars and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) and accrued interest thereon at the rate of five per cent. (5%) per annum from March 1, 1911.
Dated New York, Aug. 24, 1911.
LOUIS B. HASBROUCK, Referee.

AMESBURY HALL,
610 West 113th Street,
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive,
Nine story, high class modern Apartment Just Completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of
3, 4 and 5 Rooms.
3 ROOM APARTMENTS HAVE KITCHENETTES.
Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.
RENTS FROM $42 UP.
Manager on premises, or
Braisted Goodman & Hirshfield
2901 BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 113TH ST.

SOUND VIEW
Northwest Corner
140th St. & Convent Ave.
Convenient to Subway and Elevated
Restricted Private House Neighborhood
Just Completed, 10-Story Fireproof Building
3, 4, 5 AND 6 ROOMS
Rentals, $540 to $1200 Yearly
Every Improvement, Including Mail Chute, Filtered Water and Vacuum Cleaner. Laundry and Steam Clothes Dryers. Outlet for small electric stove in every kitchen.
Unobstructed View in All Directions.
Opposite St. Nicholas Park and City College Campus.
Phone 6157 Audubon.

THE ROXBURY
SOUTHEAST CORNER
Broadway and 122d St.
FIREPROOF.
A new, modern building, equipped with every convenience.
Newly decorated; parquet floors throughout; all large and light rooms
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath, $600 to $900.
Representative on premises, or
WM. P. SHERIDAN, Riverside Drive & 127th St.

The Whitestone
609 WEST 127th ST.
2 AND 3
Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
FOR RENT FROM OCTOBER 1, $32.50 TO $37.50.
All up to date improvements, including elevator. Can be seen now.
EXCEPTIONAL VALUE.

KINGDALE AND KINGLAND
515-521 WEST 187TH ST.
between Audubon and Amsterdam Avs.; couple minutes to 191st Subway.
Exclusive residential surroundings.
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
of the Most Modern Type
6-7-8 Rooms and Bath
Lowest Rents in City
OWNER, ON PREMISES.
Open for inspection until 9 P. M.

NATHAN HALE
Fort Washington Ave. & West 181st St.
Three blocks from 181st Broadway Subway.
5-6-7-9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rents $600 to $1,500
Individual needle spray shower baths, sunken sanitary Roman tubs, vacuum cleaning, service elevator and entrance, and all the minor improvements.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

MONTALVO COURT
NORTHWEST CORNER
146th St. and St. Nicholas Av.
Near 145th St. "L" and Subway Stations.
Elegant corner Apartments, four, five and six rooms; every modern improvement; continuous elevator service; rent $456-$720 per annum. Apply to Superintendent.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and phone service.
APARTMENTS, $900 to $1,500.

Evelyn Court, 611-19 W. 114th St.
8 exceptionally large, light rooms, 2 baths; all night elevator service; Subway station, 116th St. Rentals $1,100 to $1,600; unexcelled service.

Annamere Court, 609-15 W. 115th St.
7 and 8 unusually large and airy rooms, 2 baths. Rents $900 to $1,300; all night elevators and telephone service.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE OREGON,
28 WEST 127TH ST.
8 rooms, baths, elevator; parquet floors; modern improvements; rent $950 yearly.

AMESBURY HALL,
610 West 113th Street,
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive,
Nine story, high class modern Apartment Just Completed. Tastefully arranged in suites of
3, 4 and 5 Rooms.
3 ROOM APARTMENTS HAVE KITCHENETTES.
Accommodations include uniformed hall attendants, continuous telephone service, steam clothes dryers, vacuum cleaners, day and night service. All the apartments are beautifully finished and decorated.
RENTS FROM $42 UP.
Manager on premises, or
Braisted Goodman & Hirshfield
2901 BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 113TH ST.

THE MICHIGAN, THE ILLINOIS, THE LOUISIANA,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
507-517 W. 113th St.
2, 4, 5 & 6 ROOM SUITES.
High-class appointments and finish;
ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
ELEVATOR, HALL AND TELEPHONE } SERVICE Day and Night.
RENTS $540-$1,000
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE RIDGEFIELD
629-631 West 135th St.
Near Riverside Drive.
4, 5 and 6 Large Rooms & Bath,
Elevator, telephone and all latest improvements.
$37.50 to $60.00
2 blocks from Subway. Riverside and 5th Av. stage passes door. Supt. on premises.

THE RIGA COURT
534-536 West 152d St.
Near Broadway.
4, 5 and 6 Large Rooms & Bath
Elevator, Phone, Mail Chute and all latest improvements.
$37.50 to $60.00
Representative on Premises.

Seeing Them Means Renting
CLIFFCREST
938 St. Nicholas Ave.
Southeast Corner 157th St.
Best located elevator apartment house on Washington Heights.
A few choice apartments,
4-6-7 and 8 Rooms
Rentals $40 to $80
Convenient to "L" and Subway stations, (two blocks to either,) overlooking Colonial and Jumel Parks, Speedway and Long Island Sound.

"Grinnell"
157th St. and Riverside Drive
Subway station within 200 feet of bldg.
DISTINCTIVE FIREPROOF BLDG.
JUST FINISHED, FACING THREE STREETS, HENCE
All Apartments Are "Outside"
Of 82 apartments, there are remaining only FIVE, consisting of 5, 8 and 9 Room Suites and 1 9-Room Duplex, every one of which are CORNER apartments with engaging outlooks, mostly on Riverside Drive. These apartments are unusually commodious, rooms attractively grouped and of exceptional size, meeting the requirements of those accustomed to private dwellings.
Rentals 30% less
than the Middle West Side.
FINE APARTMENT FOR PHYSICIAN

THE HILLHURST
160 EAST 91ST STREET
LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS. TASTEFUL DECORATIONS. POLITE ATTENDANTS.
UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
TO LET FOR OCCUPANCY OCT. 1.
1 of 3 rooms and bath.....$28.00
2 of 4 rooms and bath.....$32.00 & $34.00
2 of 5 rooms and bath.....$35.00 & $38.00
MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
TWO OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATORS.
Free private 'phone in each apartment.
Night and day service.
MEALS SERVED IN HANDSOME DINING ROOM IF PREFERRED.

Murray Hill Apartments,
S. W. Cor. of Lexington Av. & 34th St.
7 & 8 rooms and bath.
Large rooms, all conveniences.
Rents $1,400 to $1,600.
Also corner doctor's apartment.

The Berwyck,
65-69 West 54th St.
Bachelor apartments, two rooms and bath.
Rents $600 to $840.
Also very desirable doctor's office.

Van Dyck Studios,
939 Eighth Ave.
Musical studios on first floor.

624 Fifth Ave.,
Cor. 50th St.
Large non-housekeeping apartment, 3 baths. Also small apartment, 2 baths.
HERMAN L. R. EDGAR,
Tel. Cort. 4641. No. 81 Nassau St.

MOOYER & MARSTON
477 FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 41ST ST.
515 Madison Ave., Cor. 53d St.
Handsome light corner apartment, 11 rooms and 3 baths. Rent $3,800.
9 West 46th St.
New, light, attractive apartments, 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette. Occupancy Oct. 1st. Will decorate to suit. Rent $75 per month.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

The WILBRAHAM
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 30th St.
Opposite Holland House
Two, Four or Six Rooms with Baths.
Southern Exposure—Fireproof Bldg.
FRED'K FOX & CO.,
1,313 B'way. Phone 6786 Murray Hill.
Supt. on Premises.

THE RAMONDO,
S. W. Cor. Park Av. and 74th St.
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Opposite Central Park.
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J. J. JEFFRIES FOUND.

Pugilist and Brother Learn in Alaska of Their Mother's Illness.

SEWARD, Alaska, Sept. 13.—James J. Jeffries, former champion heavyweight pugilist, and his brother, who are hunting big game on the Lower Kenai River, have been found by a guide who carried to them the dispatch announcing the serious illness of their mother in Los Angeles.

They will return to Los Angeles immediately. A search of two weeks was made before the brothers were heard from, and fears had been expressed for their safety.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SAMUEL MEVORACH.—Judge Hough has appointed Herman H. Oppenheimer receiver for Samuel Mevorach, manufacturer of kimonos, at 102 Allen Street; bond, $500.

SOLOMON GOLDENBERG.—Solomon Goldenberg, dealer in plate and window glass at 803 East Fifth Street, has made an assignment to Samuel B. Pollak. He has been in business several years.

ARONOWITZ BROTHERS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Aronowitz Brothers, manufacturers of embroidery, as the Grand Pleating Manufacturing Company, at 169 Mercer Street, show liabilities of $4,332 and assets, $5,245, consisting of stock, $1,200; machinery, $1,200; accounts, $300; claims for damages, $2,500, and gas deposit, $45.

COHEN BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Pincus and Ephraim Cohen, who compose the firm of Cohen Brothers, clothiers of 127 Canal Street, by these creditors: S. Stein & Co., $500; Austin McNeal, $161, and Frederick R. A. Stiefel, $25. It is alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments of $500, and removed a large part of their property. Liabilities are $16,000 and assets $2,000. They began business on July 17, 1909.

WILLIAM E. AND GRACE CRAWFORD.—William E. Crawford, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 779 Eighth Avenue, and his wife, Grace, filed separate petitions in bankruptcy yesterday. His liabilities are $6,838, and assets $1,509, consisting of stock, $1,200; accounts, $300, and insurance, $109. Among his creditors are the United Shirt and Collar Company, $2,227; Miller, Alkenhead & Co., $907, and C. Edgar Sutphen Company, $550. He bought the business in February, 1907, for $3,600, and became embarrassed in May last, when Henry A. Alkenhead took charge as trustee for creditors. Mrs. Crawford's liabilities are $1,550, on two notes with Mr. Crawford to two creditors, the United Shirt and Collar Company, $1,000, and C. Edgar Sutphen Company, $550.

FRANK T. KEE.—Frank T. Kee, builder, of 165 Audubon Avenue, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Jan. 27, by Olin J. Stephens, Inc., a creditor, has failed to file his schedules. Yesterday Roderick Stephens, Vice President of Olin J. Stephens, Inc., filed a list of creditors, as near as he could ascertain, as he stated that Mr. Kee is absent from the city and cannot be found in this district. The secured creditors amount to $183,000, as follows: Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., $135,000; Manhattan Mortgage Co., $24,000; Bank of Washington Heights, $18,000, and Helena A. Banks, $6,000. There are eleven unsecured creditors, amounting to $20,972, the largest being the Audubon Bank, $9,001; Northern Bank, $2,026; B. J. Shipman, $5,665, and Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $3,055.

MELDA MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Judge Gavegan of the Supreme Court has appointed Leonard J. Obermier receiver for the Melda Manufacturing Company, manufacturer of costumes and waists at 48 and 50 West Twenty-first Street, bond $10,000, in proceedings for the voluntary dissolution of the company by David L. Davis, the Treasurer. Melville M. Dinkelspiel, the President, and Mr. Davis have equal voting power in the company, and the two men have been at loggerheads over the management of the business for some time. The business was started on June 15, 1908, by the firm of Sol. Gross & Co., who wer succeeded on Dec. 1, 1910, by Dinkelspiel & Davis, and they incorporated the present company on Feb. 17, 1911, with capital stock of $50,000. The liabilities are about $11,500, nominal assets $23,370, and Mr. Davis estimates the actual assets at about $10,500. It is said that the name Melda is made up of three letters of Melville and two letters of Davis.

Discharges From Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

JOHN M. FROMER, grocer, Tannersville; liabilities, $7,103.

OSCAR J. GREGORIOUS, manufacturer of moldings, 324 East Twenty-third Street; liabilities, $24,160.

MARCUS LEFF, salesman, 132 East 112th St., formerly liquors; liabilities, $2,000.

ARTHUR C. ROLWAGEN, gentleman, 112 West Seventy-first Street; liabilities, $9,200.

A. ROSENER & CO., tailors, 846 Westchester Avenue; liabilities, $3,231.

RUDER & SCHOENAN, 67 St. Mark's Place; liabilities, $23,163.

ROSENTHAL & COHEN, wholesale clothing, 712 Broadway, from debts incurred after April 15, 1905; a petition was filed against them by creditors on that date, they did not apply for a discharge, and a few days ago Judge Hough ruled that they could not get a discharge from the debts scheduled in that petition by filing another petition on Dec. 27, 1909.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aren, Joseph L.—Adams Brothers' Co., $109.
Averbach, Philip—B. Brom, $110.
Brinn, Solomon and Max—Stern & Fineman, $154.
Bayles, Harry—Gordon & Watkin, $160.
Bloodgood, Harry L.—H. Kaempfer, $147.
Brady, Cophia—E. D. Carradine, $14,161.
Baker, Hyman D. and Wm. S., et al.—Maxwell & Dempsey, $177.
Crowley, Wm. F.—O. J. Muller, $121.
Same—F. J. Cavanaugh, $353.
Deuelers, Walter—J. F. Cronin, $131.
Fyfe, Charles E.—Emil Calman & Co., $427.
Fiordlin, Marcellus, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Grosbeck, Wm.—T. Diamond, $141.
Gottler, Hillel—F. Blum, $414.
Gregory, Mrs. Anna S.—I. Lanson, $184.
Hand, Stanley W.—S. Seiden, Jr., $128.
Harrigan, Thomas F.—N. Siegel, $181.
Held, R. Johnson—Sydenham Corperation, $390.
Hall, Charles M.—Witherbee Real Estate and Improvement Co., $862.
Klein, Charles—Manhattan Commercial Co., $113.
Kemp, Charles—M. Kurtz, $1,258.
Lichawitzky, Moses—M. Wellin, $178.
Lasperches, Salvatore—C. S. Nagler, $166.
Lovieno, Luigi—P. J. Heaney Co., $982.
Lazarowitz, Emanuel—Alfred Wolff & Co., $245.
Mattern, Albert A.—Isaac W. Carr & Co., $175.
McNaughton, Robert M., et al.—J. S. Gold, $2,385.
McNaught, Katherine F., et al.—J. S. Gold, $2,385.
Mitchell, John—Bernard Greenwood Co., $138.
Manehakis, Antonius G.—T. Monahan et al., $264.
Same—Same, $136.
Miller, Henry M.—Roycrofters, $175.
Nieberg, Benjamin, et al.—Getler Sand Co., $431.
Levine, David, et al.—S. Friedlander, $103.
O'Neill, Nicholas—T. D. Browning, $140.
Peagel, Walter P.—S. J. Fuller, $168.
Pell, Nicholas—T. Cuveo, $143.
Quinlan, Raymond F.—O. J. Muller, $121.
Robinson, Charles L.—R. A. McKee, $134.
Reilly, John—Cahn Belt Co., $361.
Ruken, Bernard, et al.—S. Friedlander, $103.
Shea, John—New York Herald Co., $302.
Smith, Robert L.—International Gas and Electric Fixture Co., $211.
Steinberg, Jacob—G. Kahn, $174.
Rossow, Thomas, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Schultz, Bernard and Martha, et al.—A. Kahn, $759.
Sick, Florence, et al.—Same, $759.
Schwartz, Adolph, et al.—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $219.
Steiner, Simon, et al.—Same, $219.
Talsky, Morris and Graf, (not summoned)—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $250.
Zolositzer, Manuel—M. Rabinowitz, $128.
Sun Construction Co et al.—Getler Sand Co., $431.
C. N. & S. A. Construction Co.—Getler Sand Co., $230.
Grain Shippers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association—J. & C. Greer, $785.
Electrical Audit and Rebate Co.—Cannorized Music Co., $229.
Independent Order Sons of Jacob—P. Lehrer, $1,401.
George P. Calogera & Co.—J. F. Fargo, $520.
Same—Same, 416.
Young Realty Construction Co. et al.—Maxwell & Dempsey, $177.
Roller Bearing Co. of America—Garrison Realty Co., $373.
Levenson Wrecking Co.—New York Contracting Co., Pennsylvania Terminal, $145.
Sun Construction Co. et al.—E. H. Rambow, $270.
Wexler Realty and Construction Co. et al.—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $219.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

Campbell, John V.—J. M. Hillery, April 27, 1908, $575.
Heath, George E.—E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Powder Co., March 3, 1911, $214.
Horton, Thomas A.—A. Rowell et al., June 28, 1907, $139.
Independent Royal Hat Co.—H. Bovin et al., May 17, 1911, $119.
Kahn, Joseph—L. Friedheim et al., Jan, 2, 1906, $136.
Ludins Plumbing Contracting Co.—M. Malbin, Sept. 12, 1911, $343.
Levin, Saville—M. Loewinthan, Feb. 10, 1908, $194.
Halcomb, Walter J.—City of New York, July 21, 1911, $140.
Same—Same, Jan. 13, 1908, $120.
Hussman, William S.—B. Peckelman, Aug. 10, 1911, $321.
Tuchman, Herman and Philip H.—Van Nest Wood Working Co., March 20, 1911, $244.
Watkup, Baldwin & Co., Maurice De Lecante, and Rubin S. Baldwin—Prospect Park Bank of Brooklyn, May 24, 1911, $374.
Wareham, Luyphene—J. B. Crommette, Aug. 1, 1911, $217.
Steckerl, David—Copland-Raymond Co., Sept. 8, 1911, (vacated,) $2,370.
Starned, Sophia P.—A. H. Lea, July 6, 1911, (vacated,) $196.

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HOME AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Regular and Special Studies, Music, Art, Languages. Individual care. Physical culture, outdoor exercise. European travel. Helen M. Scoville, 2,042 Fifth Av.

THE DAVIDSBURG BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Kindergarten and Elementary department for boys and girls. Special advantages for girls under 14.
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FOR GIRLS OVER FIFTEEN.—School Course or Special Studies; English branches, Latin, French; thorough work. Instructress A 152 Times.

Miss Jenny Hunter's KINDERGARTEN TRAINING SCHOOL will reopen Sept. 25 at 15 West 127th St. Apply at 2,079 5th Av.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M.-51 Park Row, N. Y.

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A SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Membership Limited to Five Hundred. Special Afternoon Session for Delinquent Boys.
Fifty-eighth Year Begins Tuesday, September 19th.
Applications received daily from nine until five.
Fred W. Atkinson, Ph.D., President. Alvan E. Duerr, Headmaster

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Offices open 9-12 A. M. on and after Sept. 5. Fall Session of the COLLEGE (including NORMAL SCHOOL and ART SCHOOL) begins Sept. 25. Fall Session of the ACADEMY begins Sept. 18.
EUGENE C. ALDER, M. A.
Prin. of Academy.
CHARLES H. LEVERMORE, Ph. D.
Pres't of College.

Pratt Institute Fall Term Begins Sept. 25 Evening Classes, Sept. 27

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Tarrytown-On-Hudson, New York.
Twenty-five miles from New York in the beautiful, historic "Irving" country. Established 1837. New site and buildings 1904. Twenty years under present Head Master. Prepares for all colleges and technical schools. Individual as well as class instruction. Athletic field. Swimming pool. New gymnasium under construction. Address J. M. Furman, Head Master, Box 524.

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A Home School, especially designed for young girls from 5 to 15 years; out-door life, manual training, music, languages; moderate terms.

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CLASSES FOR BUSY WOMEN
Dressmaking, Millinery, Cooking, Elocution, Music, Painting
BUSINESS COURSE
Gymnasium Boarding Home
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.
NEW TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 28.
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Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Civil Service and Academic Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
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PACE & PACE, 50 Church St., N. Y.

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Register in Sept. Ask for prospectus.
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Office hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., 7 to 9 P. M., Sat. afternoons and eves. excepted.

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Bright pupils not retarded and backward pupils not embarrassed or discouraged by classes. Pupils cover thoroughly 2 and 3 years' work in one. Lessons at home or School. Finely equipped laboratories.

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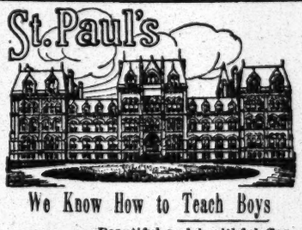
140 Nassau St., N. Y. Hours, 4:15 to 6:15 P. M.
Reopens Sept. 28. PAUL FULLER, LL. D., Dean.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

St. Paul's

We Know How to Teach Boys
Location: Beautiful and healthful Garden City, Long Island, 18 miles from New York.
Equipment: Fireproof buildings; gymnasium; swimming pool; 30 acres of athletic fields.
Instruction: Both class and individual instruction given. Prepares for any college or scientific school. A lower school for younger boys.
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St. Mary's School,
Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.
A school for girls, 18 miles from New York. Excellent advantages in music and art. General and college preparatory courses.
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Boarding school for boys, $350. No "extras."

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Boys, 7 to 15. Formerly Jr. Dept., Blake Country School. 15 miles from New York. Individual attention for every boy. Classes limited to 6 boys. Boys all live with the family of the Headmaster. Prepares for all leading boarding schools. Limited to 40 boys. Swimming pool. For illustrated catalogue address W. Wellington Massee, Ph. D., Headmaster. 'Phone 257 Bronxville.

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A Home School for GIRLS in the Real Country under care of Friends. Separate Junior Dept. for both sexes under 12 years, in care of a Home Mother. 41st year; 25 miles from N. Y.; 70 acres, 500 ft. elevation. Most Beautiful and Healthful Surroundings. Preparatory and Finishing Courses. Music, Art, Domestic Science, Manual Training, and Commercial Depts.; Gymnasium. Catalog.

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Kindergarten and primary training classes; academic, Regents, collegiate preparatory, professional and business courses, social secretaryship, tutoring, domestic and nautical sciences, basketry, manual training; resident pupils; catalogues.

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CASCADILLA
SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Ithaca, N.Y.
Has prepared over 1000 Boys for Cornell University
"One of the best preparatory institutions in the country."—President Schurman.
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Large faculty; small classes; health conditions perfect. Farm 150 acres. Every facility for outdoor and indoor sports. Registration 1907-11 from 49 States and 10 foreign countries.
Terms $660 to $760. Year opens Sept. 26.
C. V. PARSELL, A. M., Principal.

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Mount Pleasant Academy OSSINING-ON-HUDSON.
98TH YEAR OF THIS FAMOUS SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
For Rate Without Extras
CHARLES FREDERICK BRUSIE, Box 830.

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WORRALL HALL Academy for Boys
Peekskill, N. Y.
Ideal location. College Preparatory. Spec'l Junior Dept.

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Mackenzie School 21 miles from city. Fall term Sept. 20.
Inspection, conference, and correspondence invited.

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St. David's Hall, Scarsdale, N. Y.—Unsurpassed preparation of boys for college or business. Number limited. Ideal surroundings. Revd. WM. T. EVANS, M. A.

NEW ENGLAND—Connection.

INGLESIDE—A School for Girls
Founded by Mrs. Wm. D. Black,
New Milford, Litchfield, Co., Conn.
School year opens Tuesday, Oct. 3d, 1911.
MRS. WILLIAM BLACK PELL, Patroness.

The Taconic School FOR GIRLS
Lakeville, Conn. Overlooking a beautiful lake in the Berkshire Hills. Girls taught how to study.
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College Preparatory.
George E. Carmichael, Headmaster.

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Berkshire Hills Schools
FOR BOYS 7 TO 18.
GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.
A school estate of rare beauty and value, covering 1,400 acres. A limited number of vacancies for the coming year. Opens Sept. 20.
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Pennsylvania Military College, Chester, Pa.
50th year begins Sept. 20. Degrees granted in Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Arts. Also Preparatory Courses of Study. Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry. Our Aim—The Development of Character to Secure Greatest Efficiency. Catalogues of Col. CHAS. E. HYATT, President.

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SCHOOLS.

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An Endowed Preparatory School
ITS ENDOWMENT MAKES POSSIBLE: A faculty of university men who are specialists in their departments;
¶ School buildings and grounds representing an investment of $1,500,000.00;
Swimming Pool, Gymnasium, Athletic Fields, Golf Links, Quarter Mile Track, Batting Cage, Tennis Courts.
¶ Enrollment limited to boys of high character. Tuition, $700.
A completely equipped Lower School for little boys.
Elaborately Illustrated Book on Request.
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Offers medical students unsurpassed clinical and other advantages. Modern equipped building. unsurpassed laboratories. Lying-in Asylum. Hospitals, etc. 40th Annual Session begins Oct. 2. For catalogue address Chas. F. Bevan, M. D., Dean, Calvert and Saratoga Sts., Baltimore, Md.

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STEVENS SCHOOL
Stevens Institute of Technology.
River St., bet. 5th and 6th Sts., Hoboken, N. J.
REOPENS SEPT. 11TH, 1911.
Registration day Sept. 5th.
Examination for admission Sept. 6, 7, 8.
Courses of study preparatory to Universities, Colleges, Schools of Science, Law, and Medicine. The rate of tuition is $150 per year.

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Blair Academy
BOYS Blairstown, N. J. GIRLS
In the healthful highlands. Beautiful lake. Magnificent buildings. 100-acre campus. Two gymnasiums. Indoor swimming pool. New athletic field. 1-4 mile running track. Offers a general course, or preparation for any college or technical school. Before you choose a school send for illustrated catalogue and "know" Blair Academy.
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MONTCLAIR ACADEMY, MONTCLAIR, NEW JERSEY.
Orange Mountains; fifteen miles from New York; thorough preparation for college or business; gymnasium, swimming pool, large athletic field; 25th year; opens Sept. 20th. Catalogue. J. G. Mac Vicar, 47 Waldin Place.

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Kingsley School, ESSEX FELLS, N. J.
College preparatory. Separate house for young boys; 22 miles from New York; 500 ft. elevation; individual teaching in small classes; large gymnastium; high standards in scholarship and character training. Write J. R. CAMPBELL, Head Master, Box 33.

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Kindergarten to college. 56th year begins Sept. 20th.

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FOR GIRLS, Washington, D. C. (Suburbs.) A real school providing education, health, happiness. All features that appeal to careful parents. Advantages of Washington. For Booklet address Box E, Forest Glen, Md.

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SMALL PIANOS
Rented very low; some $3 month. Bargains in Grand, Player, and Upright Pianos. Used Aeolian Player-Piano.....$375
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FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT,
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brauerei
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.
48 W. 27th St., bet. B'way & 6th. SEIDEN'S Dinner, 40c. Also Ala.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of ISAAC KUNIN and HENRY L. ROSENTHAL, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of KUNIN LITHOGRAPHING CO., Bankrupts.
By order of this court the assets of the above-named bankrupts will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, official auctioneer, on Sept. 14, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at the bankrupts' place of business, fourth floor, No. 231 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The property for sale consists of lithographing presses, machinery and equipment, lithographing stones and dies, stock of paper, fixtures, and good will of business, if any, and can be inspected at the above premises between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. on Sept. 12 and 13, 1911.
The property will be sold subject to chattel mortgages and other incumbrances on same.
Further information can be had from the undersigned.
FRANK J. WALDEYER, Receiver.
SIMON H. KUGEL, Attorney for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of GEORGE DUMRAUF, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Sept. 21, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 626-630 German Place, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ice boxes, ice houses, butchers' fixtures, lumber, marble, safe, typewriter, fixtures, &c., together with all right, title, and interest of the Receiver in and to the lease of said premises which expires Dec. 31, 1915.
FRANK J. WALDEYER, Receiver.
HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS COHEN, trading as the ECLIPSE COAT FRONT PAD CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Sept. 14th, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of trimmings, machinery, fixtures, safe, etc.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 366 Broadway, New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—JOSEPH H. HOLMES, complainant, against DELAWARE & EASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, defendant.
Upon reading and filing the annexed petition of WALTER B. TROWBRIDGE, duly verified the 8th day of September, 1911, and upon all the papers and proceedings had herein, and on motion of JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, solicitors for the receivers, it is
ORDERED: That all persons, firms, or corporations having any claim against Andrew M. Moreland and Walter B. Trowbridge, the receivers appointed by this Court of the railroad, properties, and

Business Assistants

¶ Whether it is a manager, bookkeeper, or office assistant for routine work that is needed, the whole business reflects the kind of employe put in the position.

¶ Intelligence, accuracy and reliability are indispensable to employers seeking the greatest efficiency from their business assistants.

¶ The readiest way to find the Right Helper is through an advertisement in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times. Go to any advertising agency or te'ephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

60c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1 40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Large antique ring, different colored stones, from 33d St. Subway station to 168th Subway, up 172d St. to 155 Audubon Av. Liberal reward. 20 West 33d St. days, 155 Audubon Av. nights. Rosenthal.

LOST—Monday night, at Liberty Theatre, or going to Knickerbocker Hotel, large diamond horseshoe pin with 3 rows of diamonds; liberal reward for return. Field, 125 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—A liberal reward will be given for the return of furs stolen Saturday of Edgar Lehman & Co., 106 West 32d St.; no questions asked.

LOST—Diamond crescent, Monday; reward. Return to H. C. Ommerle, 306 West 94th St.

LIBERAL REWARD.—Lost, Tuesday, diamond bar pin, 6 solitaires, between 56th St. and Park Av. and Knickerbocker Hotel, or between Knickerbocker and Playhouse, 48th St., 6th and 7th Avs. Dreicer, 560 5th Av.

Found

60c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times

FOUND, Sept. 12.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Camera plate, spectacles, purse, cigars, gloves, cap, keys, umbrella, suit case.

FOUND, Sept, 13.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City—Package, box, coat, two combs.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Umbrella, purse, two tires, coat, dress suit case, book, grip, package.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Derby hat, child's hat, umbrella, two packages.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—Two umbrellas, four packages, hat.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Book, coat, two dress suit cases, two umbrellas, package, storm coat, dress suit case, handbag.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Package wood black, nail box, dress suit case, gloves, book, package of shoes, three umbrellas, satchel, pocketbook fountain pen, package of laundry, umbrella, matchbox, razor, rubbers.

FOUND, Sept. 13.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—Picture, pajamas, cap, razor, book, overcoat, two umbrellas, shoes, book, hat, umbrella, package, umbrella.

Business Opportunities

60c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

A manufacturing company in New England is making an article as a side line that can be used in every household, and which will retail at ten cents; it will be handled by the jobbing trade, and our profits will be over 100 per cent.; we desire to meet with capable party having sufficient financial ability to take and introduce this part of our business. Address Specialty, X 20 Times.

HIGHLY INDORSED DESIGNER AND SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION, WIDE EXPERIENCE, DESIRES INTERVIEW WITH PARTIES WHO CONTEMPLATE BUILDING; SUBSTANTIAL SAVING GUARANTEED. ROOM 299, ONE BROADWAY.

Manufacturing corporation wants a young man to invest $1,200 in staple established business which has large future, to take position of retiring officer; receives big interest and $25 weekly; references exchanged. Opportunity, 123 Times Downtown.

Good opportunity for private capitalist, good industrial stock to extent required as collateral for loan wanted of $1,000-$2,000, twelve months; will give good bonus; no brokers. Apply A 98 Times.

Commercial School—Well-established, well-paying; must be sold immediately because of sickness; great sacrifice; price, $2,000. A 257 Times Downtown.

An opening presents itself for a smart man of literary ability with $5,000, to join an advertising agency; references required. A 128 Times.

Business Notices

60c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

PAC-SIMILE typewritten letters, that cannot be distinguished from actual typewriting; reproduced promptly, in any quantities desired; filling in, addressing. Continental Carbon Co., 150 Nassau. 'Phone Beekman 4317.

Printing.—Bond letterheads, billheads, envelopes, cards, 1,000, $1.50; 500 multigraph typewritten letters, $1.50; 1,000, $2. Royal Letter Company, 15 East 14th St.

ESCHEN, 363 W. 17TH ST.
PAINTER AND DECORATOR,
GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
Telephone Chelsea 1737.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT.—Require in our Alteration Workroom an experienced and competent presser. Apply to Manager of Workroom, Fifth Floor, Central Building.

ALSO,
SALESWOMEN.—Several thoroughly experienced and competent saleswomen required for our Perfumery Department. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

BEST & CO.,

1 WEST 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED HANDS ON MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S TAILORED AND FANCY COATS.

HAND SEWERS.—Experienced hands on fancy work; also work given home. Kursheedt Mfg. Co., 148 West 19th St.

SALESWOMAN.—Lady, over 21, of good education and address, as traveling saleswoman; guarantee and commission. George L. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

STENCIL CUTTERS.—Publishing house has good opening for several accurate stencil cutters. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary expected, B. & S., Station V, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Specialist, nose, throat, and ear, will exchange services with stenographer. A 126 Times.

YOUNG LADIES.—We have good opening in our subscription department for a number of young ladies having had some clerical experience; those having been in the employ of a publishing house preferred. Apply Buttrick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT.—Require in our Alteration Workroom an experienced and competent presser. Apply to Manager of Workroom, Fifth Floor, Central Building.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of education and good appearance are desired as salesmen for one of the highest class established residential developments in the city; best season is just opening and an aggressive advertising campaign is planned; liberal commissions paid and personal assistance given; previous experience not necessary; splendid returns for hard workers. Call to-day before 11 A. M., Mr. Green, 334 5th Av., Room 217.

BILL CLERK.—Plumbing supplies; state experience, age, salary. A 266 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in fire insurance office; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, education, previous experience if any, and salary expected. A 265 Times Downtown.

COMPOSITORS and PROOFREADERS; state wages. A 262 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER wanted for ladies' cloaks and suits in large Philadelphia popular price suit house; reference required. Address Cloaks, P. O. Box 1,592, Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMAN.—A high-grade salesman wanted by well-known, successful suburban development company; must be gentleman able to meet fine class of people and have most unusual successful experience in this line.
Address Position, Post Office Box 866,
New York City.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. Apply all day Room 18, 217 West 125th St.

SALESMAN wanted by a prominent cloak house for Middle West or New York State and Pennsylvania; only those of record need apply. X 3 Times.

Special offer.—Silk messaline petticoat, $1.75; exceptional value. S. Bresler, 22 East 21st St.

WANTED—By a New York Stock Exchange house, experienced man as manager of their foreign department; best of references required. Address A 263 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—A neat boy in law office. Address, own handwriting, stating reference, age, experience, and salary expected. A 267 Times Downtown

YOUNG MAN, understanding operation of machinery, to sell concrete machinery and supplies New York and vicinity; straight commission basis. B 5 Times.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS wanted to sell Electric Sign Projector; out it, $4; quick sales; big profits. Apply before noon. Room 301, 105 West 40th St.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

EMPLOYER'S REFERENCE SERVICE AGENCY.
144 WEST 23D ST.
Many good positions open; your full fee returned if not placed; stenographers, male, female, $10, $12, $15; bookkeepers, bill clerk, shipping clerk, packer, hosiery and underwear, bank messenger, cashier, young lady, cafe manager, office boys, (8.) Other positions written on our bulletin board at the above address.

Domestic.

A. A. Hofmayer 320-322 5th Av. Telephone 4527—Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help. Emergency help furnished at short notice.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AS LITERARY ASSISTANT.—Understands French, reads manuscript and proof. American, A 151 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Dr. George C. Houghton desires to recommend an experienced, practical housekeeper; she would serve as private secretary if desired; is a finished reader. Address Josephine Brockaway, care of Dr. Houghton, 1 East 29th St.

HOUSEKEEPER or mother's helper, by refined young woman; experienced; excellent sewer; instruct in elementary studies and music; references. A 268 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced housekeeper of refinement desires position. Address D. R., 263 West 125th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Sunny disposition; experienced; kindergarten; Swiss; 23; America one year; reference. A 125 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY seeks employment with business or professional man requiring services of an unusual order and offering adequate salary; applicant is expert stenographer, with excellent general education and long experience as office manager; would be especially useful as literary assistant and German translator; references first-rate. Address A 100 Times.

SECRETARY, young English gentlewoman, used to best English society; experienced secretary, knowledge stenography; highly recommended by medical man and editor; requires superior post; salary about $25. Miss T., 509 5th Av. Telephone 5955 Bryant.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; spells and punctuates well; typewrites neatly and accurately; understands office work; references; salary, $9. Weller, 145 West 143d St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent; take dictation rapidly, transcribe accurately; six years' business experience. S. I., 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; several months' experience. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 060—East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Nine years' experience; fire insurance preferred. E. Hurley, 245 3d St., Jersey City.

UNDERGRADUATE, 8 years' steady experience, desires position with semi-invalid; no objection to traveling. Miss Deaver, 60 West 10th St.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

AM CONNECTED with rental and management department of large real estate firm; desirous of obtaining evening employment of similar character in hotel. A 138 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' experience general ledger and cost work; correspondent; excellent references. A 53 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER.
Double entry; young man, 26 years of age, married; payroll; trial balances and financial statements rendered; credits; expert at figures; good penman; salary, $20 to $25 weekly. H. H. Gallo, 5 Sutton Place, City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up balances, audits books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 216 Canal.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 24, experienced; desires position; reliable; neat penman; moderate salary. A 260 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, auditor, expert accountant; modern methods; accurate, rapid; highest references. Reliable, 264 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man, willing to work hard. Bookkeeper, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

CABINETMAKER, good on small furniture, wants a position; willing to work on any kind of work. A 168 Times.

CARETAKER, Superintendent, country seat, institute, estate; experienced practical man, (33,) knowledge maintenance, repairs. A 166 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable, clean, competent, married man, (26,) experienced, city, private, with good family; moderate salary; steady position. Chauffeur, 950 6th Av.

CREDIT AND OFFICE MAN, especially well qualified; five years' commercial law experience. A 254 Times Downtown.

FINE SALESMAN desires position traveling and city trade; can furnish references. B 3 Times.

MAN of executive ability, large commercial and banking experience, extensively traveled, seeks change in position. Address, for 10 days, X 18 Times.

MASSEUSE and NURSE.—Graduate of Massage Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; good sewer; highest reference. Care of Mr. Waitt, Sharon, Conn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 22, five years' mercantile experience, full requirements; references unquestionable; colored. A 243 Times Downtown.

RECENT COLLEGE GRADUATE, hustler, wants position requiring brains and ability; best references; strong personality; convincing talker. B., 1,635 Creston Av., City.

SERVICES FOR SALE.—Young man with excellent education, 25 years of age, tactful and conscientious, wishes position as private secretary, or other position of a confidential character. A. F. M., 292 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, wishes position in any line of business; salary to start, $15. A 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper; 12 years' business training; qualified for position requiring initiative and ability to handle detail; exceptional references. A 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position; familiar with filing, billing, and general office work; salary $15. Willing, 231 Times Downtown.

STEWARD wants position, city or country; first-class caterer; long experience hotels, yachts; first-class references. Address A. Brunner, 111 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N.Y.

STENOGRAPHER, A-1, experienced, desires position with future; speaks Italian and English fluently. A 92 Times.

TEACHER.
ISAAC PITMAN STENOGRAPHY;
EVENINGS; LICENSED; EXPERIENCED.
PEPPER, 10 EAST 116TH ST.

WANTED—By a young man, a position as a traveling representative; has a large connection with the Far Eastern trade; fifteen years' experience as traveler in India, Burmah, Siam, Straits Settlements, China, and Japan, and can speak all the Oriental languages; can give the highest references. Apply to A 172 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, education and ability, seeks position in garage or automobile business; experienced salesman and licensed chauffeur; moderate salary to start. A 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good business education, conscientious, wishes position with opportunity for advancement. L. P., 1,126 41st St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, 24, capable and thoroughly experienced, seeks position of responsibility. F. R., 237 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, thorough business education; double entry bookkeeper. T 296 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22; excellent penman; office assistant or clerical work. A 157 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Exchange, Office Service Co. (Agency), 50 Pine St, Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119—Harlem.

COMPETENT colored help, all trades, supplied, Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK, general workers, day workers, porters, elevator man. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. 'Phone Harlem—6370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

20TH ST., 430 WEST.—Rooms, with board; double, $12; single, $6; opposite Chelsea Square.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; telephone; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms; table guests; first class; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (Near "L" and Subway.)—Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric light; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Large and single rooms; comfortably furnished; private baths; superior table; references.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Handsome second-front; private bath; lavatory; single rooms; excellent table; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 02 WEST.—First-class boarding house, newly decorated; private baths; steam; private telephones.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; parlor dining; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—First-class boarding house, newly decorated; private baths; steam; private telephones.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly, furnished, decorated; single and double rooms; private bath; hot water; parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Rooms, en suite or singly; parlor dining; table guests; references.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished, single rooms; excellent board; table guests; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH WEST, 108.—Lady having beautiful home will accommodate parties desiring refined atmosphere; excellent board, use handsome parlor and piano.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Very large; immense closets; one flight; private bath; telephone; unusual table.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Parlor floor; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED HOUSE, LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE; FOR GENTLEMEN OR COUPLE; BOARD OPTIONAL; BEST OF SERVICE; ALL CONVENIENCES.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class rooms and board; table guests.

82D, 50-52 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, with sleeping porch and private bath; open plumbing; electric light. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D, 54 WEST.—Second floor; sunny suite; private bath; single rooms; excellent table; references.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath adjoining; table guests; reference.

84TH, 41 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; refined atmosphere; adjacent Central Park; references.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate gentlemen or couple; exclusive, refined, newly furnished Jewish home; access surface, Subway, elevated; references exchanged.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; private, bath, every convenience; telephone; superior board.

92D, ST., 60 West.—Large room, southern exposure, furnished nicely; suitable for two; plenty of hot water; fine bath; splendid table.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Nice large front room, second floor, also other rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; pleasant surroundings; near Park and "L" station; table guests.

93D ST., 117 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; conveniences; good table; telephone; convenient Subway, "L."

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms, excellent table; convenient Subway and "L"; table guests.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park West.)—Location very desirable; house newly decorated and furnished; terms $8 to $12.

98TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; parlor dining room.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

101ST ST., 327 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, second floor; river view; dressing room; small family; steam; telephone; suitable couple, two gentlemen.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; baths; refined, private, modern home; excellent table; Subway express.

104TH ST., 81 WEST.
Attractively furnished large or single, light rooms or suite; house entirely redecorated; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Attractive rooms; home table; private family; elevator apartment; references. Hughes.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Two large rooms, southern exposure; suite or singly. Telephone Morningside—8136.

117TH ST., 435 WEST.—Suite with private bath; large and small rooms; southern exposure.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms; overlooking Morningside Park; glorious view; celebrated table; every convenience; room and board $12, $14; references.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms; suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

128D, 148 WEST.—Well furnished, large room; excellent table; reference; telephone 6280L Morningside.

144TH, 472 WEST.—Private residence, exceptional, homelike accommodations, wholesome; well served meals, table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Large, small room in refined house; superior table; references; table guests.

149TH ST., 544-546 WEST, (near Broadway Subway. The Audubon.)—Entire floor of 2 large, pleasant rooms and bath; also another large room with bath adjoining; first-class accommodations at very reasonable rates if permanent. Telephone 2757—Audubon.

157TH Subway; Washington Heights.—Pleasant outside room, overlooking Hudson; home cooking; telephone 203 Audubon.

CONVENT AV., 322, (143d St.)—Beautiful second salon suite, or separately; private bath; one medium room with board in handsome private home is offered refined adults; references exchanged.

A.—WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished one room with private bath, $16 per week with meals.

LENOX AV., 251.—Beautiful, large room; superior board; conveniences; telephone; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged.

LENOX AV., 210, (Near Subway.)—Hall room for gentleman; reference; $3.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, 120th St., 421 West.—Large single light room, newly decorated, elevator apartment; good home cooking; electricity. Tel. 5282 Morning. O'Kane.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 842.—Fine location, pleasant rooms; excellent board; home comforts; quiet; references.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Desirable large, small; view of Stuyvesant Park; references; telephone; board optional.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large and small rooms, steam heat, bath, excellent board; gentlemen; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Second large, connecting hall room, private bath; other rooms; references.

63D ST, 23 EAST: also 694-696 Madison Av.—Superior rooms, private bath; excellent table.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms; private bath; elevator; excellent table; transients accommodated.

83D ST., 151 EAST.—Opportunity for 2 or 3 friends; large room; Catholic family; private.

89TH ST., 1,245 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, small rooms, married couple, gentleman; parlor dining; telephone. Gross.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable for physician or light business.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

LEXINGTON AV., 125, (28th.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table and service; homelike surroundings; reasonable; telephone.

MADISON AV., 486.—Third floor alcove room, with large closet, for refined couple; references.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

THE TERRACE HOTEL—HEIGHTS.
Office 5 Montague Terrace; high-class private hotel; overlooking river; most accessible locality Greater N. Y.; Subway 5 minutes, Wall St.; beautiful, spacious apartments; bath; telephone; small rooms, $9 to $10 per week; connecting munsions; cuisine unique in quality and style. Telephone 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76 (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main

PARK SLOPE, 902 PRESIDENT ST.—Alcove and other rooms; superior table; telephone.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STUDENT wishes board in exchange for work; willing and handy. A 170 Times.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

COUNTRY BOARDERS WANTED.
Elegant three-story house situated on three-acre estate; beautiful lawn and shrubbery; absolutely first-class table; boating, bathing, and fishing; snipe and duck shooting; congenial class of people in the house; rates $10 and $12; garage. Address Pequa Villa, 51 Montgomery Av., Bayshore, L. I.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite or single; delightfully pleasant; electric lights; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Very desirable furnished rooms; also large unfurnished, suitable for studio.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; hot, cold water, large closets, telephone; single room, $8.

11TH ST., 50 WEST.—Private dwelling; superior accommodation; gentleman, with references.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Newly decorated, furnished rooms; every convenience; parlor floor, suitable physician, dentist.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable alcove room; large closets, bath, 'phone; private house; $8.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One large and small room; modern conveniences; army and navy guests accommodated; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—A large, airy room; newly decorated; quiet, refined home; references exchanged.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; private bath; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large and small; gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 60 WEST.—Two large rooms; quiet house; gentlemen; references; near L station.

49TH ST., 59 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms in private house.

50TH, 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; also hall rooms; steam heat, telephone.

52D ST., 238, West of Broadway.—Two large hall rooms; newly furnished; bath; light breakfast, $4.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—One furnished room; private bath; gentlemen only; references.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms; gentlemen; reference.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, large room with private bath; others, running water; also large hall room; reasonable; meals optional.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, en suite, with private baths; electric lights; board optional.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, small rooms; running water; select house; refined; reasonable.

64TH ST., 10 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; bath; one flight; reasonable to refined gentlemen. McArdle.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 64 WEST.—Desirable rooms with, without private bath; gentlemen; married couples; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, medium rooms, with, without bath; steam heat; electric light; 'phone.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—In private, beautifully furnished residence, room; gentlemen appreciating quiet, unusual accommodations; every modern convenience; service; references required.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Attractive furnished rooms, running water, 'phone; private house; gentlemen only.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

70TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large front room in private house for gentleman; references.

73D ST., 106 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, bath; delightful location; Subway and "L."

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful, large, light, single or connecting; telephone; references.

78D ST., 173 WEST.—Desirable rooms; first-class house.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Elegant newly furnished large, small rooms; all modern improvements; telephone.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms; single or en suite; telephone; references; reasonable.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 60 WEST.—Two large rooms; first-class apartment house; elevator; half block from park; convenient to Subway and "L;" private family; breakfast optional; terms moderate; references; telephone 7843 Schuyler. Apartment 4E.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Single room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—A few choice rooms in private house; electric lights, telephone; reference.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Large and small rooms; also suite with bath; suitable doctor or private party; first-class; every convenience; moderate.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large front room, all conveniences, suitable one, two gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH ST., 135 WEST.—Handsome second floor; immaculately clean; large closets; private bath; parquet floors; electricity; telephone; strictly private adult family. Owner.

79TH ST., 148 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room for one or two gentlemen; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; en suite or single; private residence; modern; refined; references.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Lady will rent beautiful rooms in private residence; telephone, Schuyler 7514.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, newly decorated; hot and cold water; private family.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Small room; newly decorated; southern exposure; gentleman only; references; elevated; Subway.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room bath, parquet floor, electric light, hot water; telephone.

82D ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive parlor and alcove; quiet, refined; other outside rooms; reference. Rollen.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite of two rooms; piano, telephone; gentlemen; reference.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Clean, comfortable, large, small, medium, parlor, basement; light housekeeping; $3 upward.

83D, 129 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, second story front room; light housekeeping; telephone.

84TH ST., 34 WEST.—One large second floor room in physician's house; gentleman only; reasonable to satisfactory applicant.

84TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large rooms; $6, $4,50; running water; smaller rooms, $2.50; private. Hoffmann.

84TH ST., 107 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom for party gentlemen; single rooms; call 5 o'clock. Snyder.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; select house; ideal location; every convenience.

85TH, 102 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, small, light rooms; reasonable; telephone. Gillan.

86TH ST., 126 WEST.—With private bath, electric lights, telephone; private family; references required.

87TH, 207 WEST.—Parlor suite suitable two or three; smaller rooms; all conveniences. Tobias.

89TH ST., 252 WEST.—In private house, handsomely furnished rooms; baths; terms moderate. Telephone 7996 Riverside.

90TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally clean, quiet room; running water; gentlemen; board optional. Meyer.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; clean, select house; all conveniences; "L," Subway; telephone.

91ST ST., 68 WEST.—Owner would rent beautiful suite; bath, piano; other desirable rooms; references.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; newly furnished; running water; all conveniences; private house.

95TH, 145 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; dressing room, with running water; private house.

97TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.—Select suite or single room; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780—Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

97TH ST., 115 WEST.—Elegant parlor floor, (3 rooms,) private bath; suitable physician, married couple.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished room, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman or business lady; every convenience; references.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

102d St., 254 WEST.—Private house; refined home environment; attractive room adjoining bath; telephone; moderate.

103D ST., 116 WEST.—Two exceptionally fine rooms, single or suite; private family; Subway, "L"; reasonable. Wilson.

103D ST., 216, Corner Broadway.—Choice outside, large room, suitable one, two; reasonable. Apartment 2.

104TH ST., 62 WEST.—Newly furnished, front and back parlor; single room; running water. Nieman.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—In high-class elevator apartment, large, bright outside room; attractively furnished; strictly private family; references; convenient to Subway and elevated. Apartment 35.

107TH ST., 230 West.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

108TH, 201 WEST.—Front room, southern exposure; elevator apartment; call after 2. Apt. 47.

110TH ST., Broadway, and Amsterdam Av.—Handsomely furnished, two connecting and one large room, suitable for one or two gentlemen; home comforts; breakfast optional; references exchanged. Address C. C., 2,843 Broadway.

112TH, 245 WEST.—Telephone 2911L Morningside; large outside room; running water; adjoining bath; private family; 3 adults; Apt. 15.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Room, newly decorated; one block Subway. Hoag.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Attractive rooms overlooking Morningside Park; conveniences; telephone; Broadway Subway; reasonable. Morse.

119TH ST., 414 WEST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway, trolley. Smith.

417 WEST 118TH STREET.
Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive rooms; sunny, airy; elevator; near Columbia; moderate rates; ladies. Teed.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Fine, comfortable room, southern; large closets; bath private; modern appointments; dining room; Subway; Morningside. Apt. 3b.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood; half block east Broadway; Bancroft Apartments, just completed; beautiful rooms, with or without kitchenette; furnished, unfurnished; single, suites; private baths, electric lights, elevators; most attractive dining room; references indispensable.

121ST ST., 119 WEST.—Large third floor room; well furnished and heated; hot and cold water; private family; gentlemen only.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Cool corner; four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Suites, private baths, showers; beautiful elevator apartment; single rooms; $3. Carter.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, spacious, attractively furnished rooms; private bath, kitchenette; single or en suite; in first-class home; convenient to "L" and Subway; $5 per room. 'Phone 654—Morning.

123D, 527 WEST.—Sitting room, bedroom, kitchen; linen, silver, gas, heat; $6.50. Cameron.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Nice large parlor; other room $2.50 and $3; running water. Reynolds.

136TH, 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath, shower; Subway; reasonable.

136TH, 208 WEST.—Large, beautiful room; dressing room adjoining; private house; telephone; bath; references.

143D ST., 518 WEST, (apartment 31.)—Two light rooms; bath; all night telephone and elevator service; two blocks from Subway.

MANHATTAN AV., 408.—Apt. 1, corner suite, separate rooms

BLOCK BIG SWINDLE BY POTTER'S ARREST

Englishmen Were Ready to Invest $500,000 in Salted Mine Fraud.

HAS LONG RECORD HERE

Four Indictments Standing in New York Against King of Confidence Men.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—The arrest of S. A. Potter, charged with being the head of a group of confidence men, is ordered to prevent a scheme now near maturity by which London men were to be swindled out of a half million dollars by a salted mine scheme.

Harold Alvers Ankley of Grafton Square, London, already is in America and was prepared to invest extensively in the scheme. His associates are now on the ocean on their way to New York to participate in the investment, according to James E. Stuart, Post Office Inspector here.

Edward A. Starkloff, said by Federal special agents to share with Potter in providing the brains of the swindles, and who narrowly escaped arrest here yesterday, is believed to be traveling either to New York or to Boston with the expectation of meeting the Englishmen on their arrival.

Fear that even now the deal might be consummated if Potter obtained his release was expressed by C. F. Dewoody, District Superintendent of the Department of Justice, as the reason why Potter's bonds should be placed so high as to be prohibitive.

POTTER'S LONG RECORD HERE.

He Lured Victims to This City and Robbed Them, Authorities Declare.

News of the arrest of S. A. Potter, alias George W. Post, the transatlantic swindler, in Chicago on Tuesday caused great satisfaction yesterday in the Post Office and the United States District Attorney's office in this city.

The statement in the Chicago dispatches that Potter is "king of confidence men" in this country is no exaggeration, Post Office authorities said. There are four indictments against him in this city alone, all in connection with a gold-brick scheme he worked on a wealthy Englishman about a year and a half ago.

Potter wrote from this city to his victim-to-be in England, and so alluring were his representations that the Englishman came to this country and gave Potter several thousand dollars for a brass brick; nicely gold plated, and a well-salted Western mine.

When the English victim discovered the facts he complained to Scotland Yard, and on the strength of the Potter letters four indictments charging him with using the mails to defraud were returned against him on May 27, 1910.

Potter and Emil A. Starkloff, a confederate, were discovered living quietly in elaborate suburban villas in Winnwood Park, near Philadelphia, a year ago last July. The New York indictments and more from other American cities were rushed to Philadelphia, but the Federal authorities there let the two out on $18,000 cash bail, and they fled. The fugitives, who are said to have made more than $1,000,000 in the last twenty-five years by nefarious ways, were lost to sight completely until Potter was located in a handsomely furnished apartment in Chicago.

"Potter and Starkloff, because of their intelligence, daring, and gentlemanly appearance, are two of the most remarkable swindlers in this country," said one Post Office employe yesterday. "Their photographs and descriptions are in most of the Post Offices in this country. Because of his high social connections Starkloff is a particularly interesting crook. He is the son of August von Starkloff, a wealthy St. Louis physician, a former American Consul at Cologne. The father, now more than 80 years old, is bent with the sorrow caused by his son, who is 55 years old, quite old enough, one would think, to have found an honest way of earning his living.

"Emil Starkloff himself, for whom police all over this country are looking, started life with brilliant prospects. His father's influence in Washington forty years ago caused him to be appointed to Annapolis, where he stayed from 1872 to 1875. He had a splendid physique, being over six feet in height and muscular, but was dropped from the Academy because he was lazy. 'Want of application,' says the record. He was let out before graduation, and almost immediately began a swindling career. For almost a generation the Federal authorities have been hearing of his exploits, but he has never been convicted. He was the associate of 'Red' Adams, who is now serving a ten-year term for gold-brick swindling at Atlanta, and a partner of Potter or Post, who is now in Chicago under arrest.

"He and Post worked three kinds of swindles. One, the 'cross-roads swindle,' has been practised by them in Ohio and Texas, an untold number of times. They would go to a farmer and agree to purchase his farm at his own figure. They would tell him that they would pay him all in cash, but that they would absolutely have to have the farm at a certain date, demanding that he put up $5,000 with his lawyer or any other reputable resident of a near-by town.

"When their victim started for town they would meet him at some lonely place on the way, and after making sure he had the money would snatch it from him with all the crude violence of reckless highwaymen. Then, mounting horses concealed near by, they would drive away. The story of how they did this to an Ohio farmer named Johnson may be found in the minutes of the trial of 'Red' Adams, who was convicted two years ago as their confederate.

"The two were also adepts at the green goods game, offering to sell farmers $10,000 in counterfeits for $1,000. The swindle which caused their indictment last year was worked often by them in England, where the amount of property which wealthy people leave when they die is published in the newspapers.

"Starkloff, under an assumed name, would write from New York to a deceased person's heirs saying he had been commissioned by a wealthy Colorado miner, whom the dead man had once befriended, to turn over to them a huge block of gold. This generally would bring their victim to this country to get the bullion. Starkloff would meet him and introduce him to Potter, who posed as a mine owner, from whom the man would be persuaded to buy a salted mine. When the man returned to England he would receive a letter from Starkloff or Potter telling him frankly that they had swindled him, and advising him to say nothing about it, because he would merely show himself up as a fool. The letter was meant to make the dupe keep silent, and, strange as it may seem, it had that effect in most cases.

"How Potter and Starkloff swindled a Philadelphian in a hotel in Belgium became known when they were indicted last year. Starkloff scraped up an acquaintance with the prospective dupe, and one day as they were chatting in the hotel lobby the swindler picked up a satchel which was standing nearby, saying that its owner had apparently either lost or forgotten it, and that they ought to keep it until his return. A few minutes later Potter rushed in and searched for the satchel, which he said contained valuable papers. On receiving it Potter was profuse in thanks, and the three had some drinks together. The Philadelphian was persuaded to cash his $1,200 letter of credit to furnish security for a business scheme, whereupon Starkloff snatched the money out of his hands and the two escaped."

Potter, who, it is said, served three years in Dannemora for swindling, is 60 years old, white-haired, and walks with a stoop. He has a high forehead and the intellectual features of a professional man. Starkloff is stout, good-natured, and looks like a prosperous business man. Both are more than six feet in height.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
6:30—615 8th Av.; J. Hagedon	$300
7:30—636 East 18th St.; J. Schapelski	Trifling
8:55—304 East 10th St.; Annie Schwartz	Trifling
P.M.	
12:01—10 East 111th St.; J. Kern	Trifling
12:30—668 Water St.; T. Foley estate	Trifling
2:10—139 Eldridge St.; M. Hinsberg	$200
2:45—212 East 110th St.; Jennie Wieberg	$100
4:55—150th St. and Riverside Drive; unknown	None
6:05—160 7th Av.; Max Strierman	$100
7:20—60 West 143d St.; A. Van Buren	Trifling
—613 East 11th St.; Harry Bluhm	$200

FORCED TO SIGN $500 NOTE.

Five Men Threatened Him with Violence if He Refused, Says J. H. Shroyer.

The East Orange police believe that James N. Carroll, held there yesterday for the Grand Jury on a charge of attempted extortion, was a member of a gang that tried to blackmail last Thursday night John H. Shroyer, a New York business man, who lives at 12 Whittlesey Avenue, East Orange. Carroll was arrested at midnight last night at Shroyer's home as he was trying to collect a note of $500 which Shroyer says he gave under coercion early Friday morning in a room in Twenty-seventh Street, New York, to three men.

Shroyer told his experience in court today. He left a Subway train at Twenty-third Street, he said, and was jostled by two men, who were profuse in their apologies. A third man took him in tow, and in confidence told him they were pickpockets, but he would look after him.

Shroyer admitted that he had had a few drinks, and said he was induced to accompany the stranger to his room in a house somewhere between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-seventh Streets. In a few minutes some one ordered them out, and they were met at the door by two "detectives," who said they would take them to the police station on serious charges.

All four went into another room, probably on Twenty-seventh Street, and there the demand for money was made. The blackmailers insisted that Shroyer give them a five hundred dollar note, payable next day. Shroyer, under compulsion, wrote it in pencil on the back of a receipt slip.

Carroll, it was afterward arranged, should see Shroyer on Tuesday night, and Chief of Police O'Neill set a trap for him. Entering Shroyer's house through a rear door, he heard a large part of the conversation between the two men. Part of it was to the effect that Carroll would accept $50 for the note. No money passed, but the man was arrested.

SEEKS SAFETY IN JAIL.

Fuhrman Worried Over Bigamy Charge and Feared Suicide.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 13.—Prompted by fear that worry over his predicament would drive him to suicide, W. H. Fuhrman, 40 years old, asked a policeman today to lock him up on a charge of bigamy.

Fuhrman says the police of Trenton, N. J., have been searching for him ever since his wife discovered he had married her without obtaining a divorce from a former wife, now residing in Portland, Ore.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 13.—The Trenton police to-night said they have no warrant for William P. Fuhrman, who gave himself up to the police of Denver, Col., to-day, declaring he was wanted here on the charge of bigamy. They know nothing officially about the case. Fuhrman was a restaurant manager here some years ago.

Mrs. Annie Fuhrman, wife of the alleged bigamist, when seen to-night, said she was married to Fuhrman about fifteen years ago. They separated about seven years ago. Since then she had received occasional letters from him saying he was in ill health and needed assistance.

Mrs. Fuhrman said that he represented to Miss Mattie Doyle of Portland, Ore., that he was a single man and married her recently. The two women corresponded. When the Oregon wife found she had been deceived, she had Fuhrman arrested in Portland for bigamy, but he escaped from jail and disappeared.

DIES DESPITE HEALERS.

Jerseyman, Ill with Typhoid, Pinned Faith of Cure on Christian Science.

Attended only by Christian Science healers throughout an attack of typhoid fever, Ernest H. Carlmark of Watson Avenue, West Orange, N. J., died yesterday. Two physicians saw him before he died, but they were not allowed to do more than diagnose the case. The patient himself was so sure that he was in safe hands with the healers that he would have no medical man prescribe for him.

Deputy County Physician M. Herbert Simmons was notified of the death but he decided that no action on his part was warranted.

A brother of Mr. Carlmark summoned Dr. Walter Dodge on Sunday, but the family forbade Dr. Dodge to prescribe, so the physician could only report the case to the Board of Health. Dr. J. Minor Maghee, the city health officer, visited the house, but he said the man was then beyond hope.

Carlmark was a member of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Orange, and believed in the power of his faith to cure him, though he was a nurse in Bellevue Hospital, New York, and was on a hospital ship during the Spanish-American war.

SOCIETY 'PHONE EXCHANGE.

Separate Service Provided for St. Louis's Exclusive Circle.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 13.—Those who are credited with social and financial standing in the St. Louis "Blue Book," the official social gazetteer, are to have a telephone exchange of their own. The Bell Telephone Company announced today a separate exchange for the section lying west of Calara Avenue and between the northern boundary of Forest Park and Greer Avenue, a total of about 13,000 numbers.

Recently the residents of that section, which shelters nearly all the city's socially elect, protested they invariably got a tradesman or some such person when they called one of their set. The complaints became so numerous, the company says, it "was forced to provide a measure of exclusiveness" for this particular class of patrons.

The Bell Company admits the innovation is the first in the history of the telephone.

DIX REAPPORTIONMENT PLAN.

Favors Bill to Change the Districts of Entire State, if Necessary.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 13.—Gov. Dix said today that he was in favor of a Congressional reapportionment bill which will change the districts of the entire State if necessary to have districts with a population as nearly as possible to the ratio of 212,000. If this plan is carried out in the up-State districts, breaking county lines, it will cause no little confusion among prominent leaders of both parties. If the unit of division is the Assembly district instead of the county, such counties as Albany, Rensselaer, Onondaga, and Oneida may be apportioned as two districts instead of one, as at present.

Such a division might not give the Democratic Party any more advantage in carrying districts, but it will greatly disturb the leaders in the control of the new districts. Many of the existing Congressional districts up-State are considerably below the ratio fixed in the Apportionment act recently passed by Congress.

SKIT ON ASTOR-FORCE MATCH

"The Fastor-Vorce Wedding" Causes a Sensation in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 13.—A play called "The Fastor-Vorce Wedding," a burlesque on the Astor-Force ceremony at Newport, was the sensational feature of a lawn party given by the John A. Andrew Home Association in Everett. Its production has caused considerable debate. Among those who protested against it was the Rev. Dr. Hamilton of the Universalist Church.

Miss Lucy E. Lehman, heavily veiled, was the bride, while Miss N. Celeste Thomas, wearing a monocle, a mustache, and a frock coat, represented the groom. Mrs. H. D. Davis, in a black mortarboard cap and gown, officiated as the clergyman. The mock ceremony was performed beneath a wedding bell of electric lights. Afterward there was a serious discussion concerning equal suffrage.

UNION BANK ONE WITH SECURITY CO.

Woman Secretary and Treasurer so Testifies; Also That She Signed Checks in Blank.

NEVER KNEW OF ELECTION

Prepared Set of Minutes of Board of Directors All at Once from Material Furnished Her.

Inside information as to the administration of the Joralemon Security Company was given yesterday by Mrs. Bertie G. Hulsart of 742 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, at the Union Bank inquiry before Deputy Bank Superintendent Edward Lane Dodge. It appears that this company was organized by David A. Sullivan, former President of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, and Gilbert Elliott to take charge of the mortgages held by the bank.

Mrs. Hulsart was a clerk in the bank before she married. Her name then was Miss Jones. Under that name she signed checks for the Joralemon Security Company as Secretary and Treasurer. She did not know she had been elected to that office. Many of the checks were signed by her in blank. She identified her signature on two notes, one for $10,000 and another for $25,000. The body of the notes, she said, was in the hand writing of Miss Louise Burkhardt, who was Sullivan's private secretary.

From Mrs. Hulsart's testimony Attorney James C. Cropsey, who made the cross-examination, learned that in December, 1907, shortly before the Mechanics and Traders' Bank was closed and passed into the hands of the State Banking Department, she was ordered to prepare a set of minutes which purported to record the operations and several meetings of the Joralemon Security Company. The material for these minutes was furnished to her by some one in the bank. The witness did not remember whether it was Miss Burkhardt, Sullivan's secretary, or James T. Ashley, the cashier.

This work, as well as her duties as Secretary and Treasurer of the company, was done by her in Gilbert Elliott's office, in the Temple Bar Building, on Court Street. The bank paid her for her services and not the security company. She said she knew that the bank and the company were one and the same concern. The witness was first employed by the bank in 1906.

Testifying about preparinig the minutes of the security company, Mrs. Hulsart said:

"I got up all the minutes at one time. I think it was Miss Louise Burkhardt or James T. Ashley who gave me the material for the minutes. Gilbert Elliott helped me put them together. He supplied the legal wording because I did not know anything about that."

"Were you ever a Director in this company?" asked Mr. Cropsey.

"No, sir."

Mr. Cropsey then read from the minutes a record of the formal election of B. G. Jones to succeed Joseph D. Hildreth as Director.

"Were you ever elected?" he asked the witness.

"No, Sir," she replied.

"I find another entry that B. G. Jones was elected Secretary and Treasurer. Was that done?" asked the inquisitor.

"I was told that I was to act in that position."

Mrs. Hulsart said she did not know that Horace Nichols had succeeded her as Secretary and Treasurer of the company. She said she did not know Nichols, and heard of him for the first time when his name was given to her to put on the minutes.

Gilbert Elliott took the witness stand.

"How about these minutes?" asked Mr. Cropsey.

"Miss Jones asked me to put her minutes into legal shape, and I did it."

"How about the by-laws which I find here in the minutes?"

"I may have suggested the by-laws," said the witness.

When pressed for information about Nichols the witness finally admitted that the man who had "succeeded" Miss Jones as Secretary and Treasurer of the Joralemon Security Company was formerly a boss longshoreman. Mr. Cropsey tried to find out from the witness where Nichols was at present.

"Why, he told me he was going on a vacation in New Jersey."

Mr. Cropsey showed the witness a note dated Oct. 1, 1908, for $120,919.87, made payable to order of the Camden Construction Company, and signed with Gilbert E. Smith's name as attorney. The note bore Nichols's name as an indorsement. This was one of several notes which Nichols, the witness said, signed as an accommodation, usually at Elliott's request.

Following the publicity given to the names of John F. Geis and Charles Ratner, two members of the September Grand Jury, because they were known as friends of two persons connected with the Union Bank case, Mr. Geis offered to resign as a member of the jury yesterday. Judge Dike relieved him of his duties only as foreman, but continued him as a member of the jury. Neither Mr. Geis nor Mr. Ratner will take part in the jury's deliberations when the bank case is reached.

The September Grand Jury began an investigation late yesterday afternoon into the Union Bank case. Deputy Bank Superintendent Edward Lane Dodge appeared before it, and other witnesses were also examined.

FOUR DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK.

Many Other Workmen Injured on Cleveland's Belt Line.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 13.—Four are reported dead and many injured in the wreck of a work train on the New Belt line, which occurred in the eastern part of the city to-night.

One body has been taken from the wreckage of the engine. Eleven injured have been taken to one hospital, and seven more are in the debris. All the injured are foreigners.

TRADE Emperor MARK

GOLD LABEL SHIRTS

THE man used to paying $1.00 for his shirts will find the EMPEROR Gold Label gives twice as much wear; the man who has never paid so little will discover in the EMPEROR Gold Label a reason for paying no more. It is the first American standard of value in dollar shirts—a credit alike to maker and wearer. Made of staunch tub and wear-proof fabrics in handsome new and exclusive Fall patterns.

Ask the man who wears one

RED LABEL EMPEROR SHIRTS $1.50 UP. Phillips-Jones Co. Makers, 502-504 B'way, N.Y.

CYCLE AND AUTO CRASH.

R. S. Reinhardt Likely to Die with Fractured Skull and Other Injuries.

Robert S. Reinhardt, a delicatessen dealer, with a shop at 698 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, riding a motor cycle east on Atlantic Avenue late last night, came into collision with an automobile, turning the corner of South Portland Avenue, and was thrown to the pavement. He was unconscious when picked up. At Seney Hospital, to which he was taken in an ambulance, it was found that his skull was fractured, and that he had received internal injuries. It was believed that he would die.

The number on the automobile, 30,749 New York, identified it as the property of James Donovan, a truckman, of 332 First Street, Brooklyn. Donovan was not in the car, which, he said later, was driven by his chauffeur, James Doherty. The police identified Reinhardt by a telephone bill made out to R. S. Reinhardt of 955 East Thirty-fourth Street, Flatbush. The victim's son, Robert, was sent for and came to his father's bedside. No arrest was made, as the police considered that the collision was accidental.

BATTERY GAMBLING RAID.

Police Break Bars and an "Ice-Box" Door, but Make No Arrests.

Inspector Cahalane and ten detectives, with all the patrolmen from posts near the Battery, made a raid on an alleged gambling house at 3 State Street at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, imprisoning 150 men in the place.

There is a restaurant on the first floor and the upper floors were said to be used for gambling purposes. With warrants from Magistrate Harris at the Tombs Court the Inspector and his men broke through barred windows, pushed into a room back of the restaurant, and battered down an "ice-box" door. This gave access to the two upper floors. Here 150 men were playing crap and faro.

Five men mentioned in the warrants were not among them and are supposed to have escaped through the skylights. The names and addresses of the men found in the rooms were taken and they were released.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
AROUND THE WORLD
SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Tel. 411 Col. Mat. To-day 50c. to $1.50.
Last 5 Times THE MUSICAL REVUE OF 1911
WITH ALL THE ORIGINAL STARS.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:10. Tel. 2626 Bryant. Mat. Sat.
TO-MORROW Night Positively—First Time
A play of social inquisition. THE RACK

William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2:30.
An Auto-Comedy. SPEED
"Speed' spurts along successfully at the Comedy." —Acton Davies, Eve. Sun.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
New Song-Play. WHEN SWEET SIXTEEN

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Last 4 Times
Augmented Star Revival of PINAFORE
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON AT 3
Juvenile "Pinafore" performance, aid of STAGE CHILDREN'S FUND
FAY TEMPLETON as "BUTTERCUP."
Children in All Other Roles.

Beginning New Viennese Operetta. MON., SEPT. 18 Seats on Sale Now.
THE KISS WALTZ

39th Street Thea. 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:15
JOHN MASON Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. In Augustus Thomas' greatest work. AS A MAN THINKS.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av.
Evenings 8:30. Henrietta CROSMAN Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. In THE REAL THING.

Lew Fields' Herald Square B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
BOTHWELL BROWNE 4 Times MISS JACK

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday 2:15.
LEW FIELDS in THE HEN PECKS

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Beg. THIS SAT. NIGHT. Seats Now.
CYRIL SCOTT in MODERN MARRIAGE.

LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
EVERYWOMAN
"This big allegorical spectacle is an unusual stage production on account of its mixture of symbolic form and modern dress and characterization."—Sun.

West End 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Next Week—WM. FAVERSHAM in THE FAUN
THE DEEP PURPLE

MANHATTAN Op. Ho. Mr. MANTELL
To-night, "Othello"; Fri., "King Lear."

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures of the Coronation. 25c. 50c.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyv.
Mat. TO-DAY. SEATS, 25c. Home of High-Class Burlesque. BELLES OF THE BOULEVARD. Amateur Night TO-NIGHT.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15.
QUEENS OF THE JARDIN DE PARIS.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
"LAUGHTER FROM START TO FINISH."—Mail.
FRANK McINTYRE IN SNOBS

THE HARRIS THEATRE, West 42d St. (Formerly The Hackett) Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL In Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St., B'way. THIS WEEK—ONLY THE CABARET SHOW
10 Sensational Acts
Restaurant (a la Carte.) From 11 P. M. to 1 A. M. Doors open 10:15.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Saturday, 2.
"The Siren Waltz Intoxicates."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN IN THE NEW MUSICAL PLAY. THE SIREN
Cast of 100, incl. JULIA SANDERSON, FRANK MOULAN, WILL WEST, Etc.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8.15
BEGINNING TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
PASSERS-BY The new 4-act comedy by C. Haddon Chambers.

LYCEUM B'way & 45.....at 8:20
The Merry Comedy, THY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
NEXT MONDAY. SEATS TO-DAY.
THE ARAB A play of the Orient by EDGAR SELWYN.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe
THE PINK LADY

LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
JULIAN ELTINGE
in the Musical Play in 3 acts
THE FASCINATING WIDOW

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Henry W. Savage offers the Laughter Carnival.
EXCUSE ME
"A LAUGHING FEVER YOU WILL BE GLAD TO CATCH."

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Sat. at 2:30.
OPENS TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Billie Reeves in "A Night in an English Music Hall," 9 others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. "Everywife" Chip & Marble, Chas. F. Semon, Barry & Wolford, others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. Victor Moore & Co., Paul Dickey & Co., McConnell & Simpson, others.

MINER'S BOWERY BRONX, BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY. MINER'S AMERICANS. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT THE DUCKLINGS. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.

MUSIC HALL. AMERICAN THEATRE. 42d, W. of Broadway
8:15 P. M., 25c. & 50c. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M.
All Seats Reserved. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c.
12 Big Vaudeville Acts. Continuous Vaudeville.
Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee.

MADISON SQ. GARDEN TO-MORROW NIGHT
CARL MORRIS vs. JIM FLYNN 10-ROUND BOXING CONTEST. ADM. $2. Box Office open. Phone 1630 Mad.

5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat 25 & 50c. Amelia Bingham, Frank Tinney, Bessie Leonard, Mack & Walker, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S. 42 St. E. of B'way. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Irving Berlin (author of Alexander's Band, 5 new songs), & 15 other acts.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day 15, 25, 50c. Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Smoking.

Leading Haberdashers are showing

TRADE E. & W. MFR

Shirts for Autumn wear in the staple black and white effects. Blends of color combinations not found in the Summer shirt.

EARL & WILSON.

CENTURY (Formerly NEW THEATRE.) 62d St. & 8th Av. Tel. 4300 Col.
OPENING TO-MORROW NIGHT.
Limited Engagement of Maeterlinck's
THE BLUE BIRD
Evs. 8:20. Wed. Mat. 2:30. Sat. Mat. 2:20.
PRICES 50c. TO $2.00.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
LAST 6 TIMES POMANDER WALK
Beginning MONDAY, SEPT. 18 (Seats To-day)
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15.
LAST 3 NIGHTS | 7 DAYS
*NEXT WED., (SEPT. 20.) Seats Now Selling.
WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED

BELASCO Theatre, 44th St., near Broadway. Ev. 8:30. First Mat. Sat. 2:30.
OPENING TO-NIGHT 8:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents for 4 weeks only The Concert

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Eve. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
NEXT TUESDAY EVE. (Seats To-day.)
DAVID BELASCO presents a new play by W. C. De Mille. THE WOMAN

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LAST 2 WEEKS GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD
MON., SEPT. 25. Seats next Thurs. GEO. M. COHAN in "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE."

STEEPLECHASE
Coney's Mardi Gras here, America's Playhouse—Eighty Acts.
Take Iron Steamboats direct to Steeplechase Park.

GRAND Opera House. 23 St., 8th Av. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat.
VALESKA SURATT THE RED ROSE
Next Mon.—7 DAYS, direct from the Astor.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14, 20 & 30c. THREE WEEKS

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY, 25c. SIDNEY DREW and LIONEL BARRYMORE. WM. COURTLEIGH & CO., CLIFF GORDON, others.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Go as Far as You Like

There's an old saying that any style is right if you can get away with it. But be sure you can, was the cop's advice to the burglar. Mr. Goodresser says he can go as far as he likes in hat styles at the Truly Warner shops and get away with it. Truly Warner, "Hatter to Mr. Goodresser," has some pace makers all right. Just drop in one of my stores and you'll be convinced.

You Can Get Warm

in a few minutes—night or day—with a "Miller" Smokeless Oil Heater.

It's economy to have one or more in your home—saves the cost of the heater before you light the furnace. *It's a comfort* to be able to have *heat* for a short or long time and just *where* you want it. *Insist* on having The "Miller" heater from your dealer—*if he will not supply, we will.*

☞Don't take a substitute.

Edward Miller & Co., 180 Warren St., New York.

☞Make Note of This Ad. for Reference.

Wallach Bros.

603 Broadway. 647 Eighth Ave. 1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St. 3rd Ave., Cor. 122d St. 246-248 W. 125th St.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Stetson Hats.

THE best Hat, best in Quality, in Style, in Value that you can buy at its price, is a Stetson.

We *know* Hats—because we make them ourselves.

So sure are we that Stetson Hats attain in every way to the Wallach Standard of Value that we guarantee them just as we do our own, to give *perfect satisfaction.*

We have more styles of Stetson Hats and a more complete stock than anyone in New York,—

So, buy your Stetson Hat of us.

Wallach Hats, $2. Stetson Hats, $3.50, $5 and $8.

Next Sunday's Times

FALL STAGE SEASON IN PICTURES:
The whole Pictorial Section will be given over to representations of the plays that open the season and the actors that appear in them.

STAGE CHILDREN OFF THEIR GUARD:
How the little ones of the theatre play when they get together between rehearsals.

A MOVEMENT TO ABOLISH FLATS:
Including the $20,000 kind as well as the tenement. It is nation-wide and it has already conquered several cities, and it operates by passing laws which abolish everything over three stories in height.

RUSSIA'S "MAD MONK":
The strange priest who has driven the Procurator of the Holy Synod to retire and is now acting the part of Savonarola in a strange march across the Empire.

GEORGE ADE'S MODERN FABLES:
The one next Sunday will be one of the most characteristic Ade has ever written—the 1911 Fable of "The Collision between Steve and Sumptuary Legislation."

THE MODERN WAR GAME:
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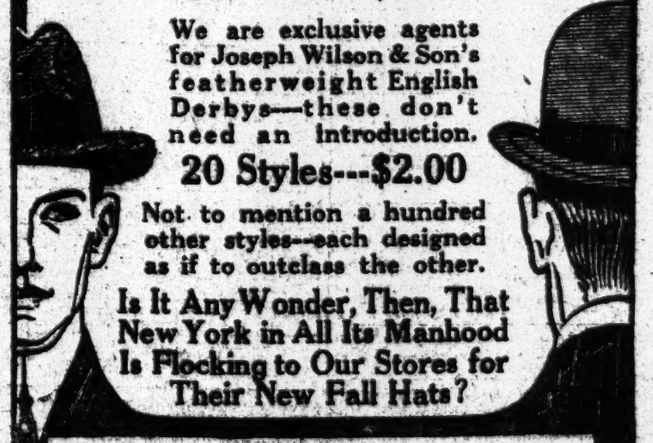

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